GUIDELINES FOR HANDLING MOLTEN ALUMINUM



FOURTH EDITION MAY 2016



Guidelines for Handling Molten Aluminum Fourth Edition - 2016

Editor - Curt Wells, The Aluminum Association

Editorial Board

Brad Burridge – Novelis

Jim Brock – Alcoa

Vincent DiCerbo – Constellium

Mark Eliopulos – Kaiser Aluminum

Les Kirby – Aluminum Cast Shop Consultants, LLC

Jake Niedling – Consultant

Jack Patrick – Sapa

Ray Richter – Aluminum Cast Shop Consultants, LLC

Jeff Wiesner – Alcoa

John Zeh – Logan Aluminum

Mike Zoll – Novelis

The guidelines and recommendations in this book are based on information believed to be reliable and are offered in good faith but without guarantee. The precise causes of molten metal explosions, and the conditions under which problems arise, have been long studied but are still not fully understood. The operational conditions which exist in individual plants and facilities vary widely, and thus no definitive standards exist for handling molten aluminum. Accordingly, the Aluminum Association and its member companies assume no responsibility or liability for the completeness of the data or the general applicability of the guidelines and recommendations herein, which are based on state of the art knowledge but may not be appropriate in all situations. The photographs in this publication are illustrative only and are not intended to represent standard safety practices utilized in the industry. Users of these Guidelines should adapt the recommendations herein, as appropriate, to the precise conditions of the individual facility under consideration and should always exercise independent discretion in establishing plant or facility operating procedures. No warranty, express or implied, is made of this information by the Aluminum Association or by any of its member companies.

© Copyright 2016, The Aluminum Association, Inc. Unauthorized reproduction by photocopy or any other means is illegal

Foreword

The original *Guidelines* were first issued by the Aluminum Association in 1980, quickly followed by a first revision in 1982. In 1990, a second edition was published which presented information and practices available up to that time. In 2002, a third edition was released which was reflective of the ongoing evolution of molten metal safety management programs.

It is clear from the revision history noted above that practices and equipment for melting and casting aluminum are continually being modified and improved for a variety of reasons. In addition, information from industry reporting programs and research efforts spearheaded by the Aluminum Association and its member companies is continually being generated. Therefore, in order to capture and disseminate updated information in these areas, these guidelines undergo periodic review and revision toward the goal of making the aluminum industry workplace safer.

This fourth edition of the *Guidelines* was prepared with technical input and review by industry representatives with considerable expertise in all aspects of handling molten aluminum. Basic information has been retained, but considerable change has been made to the organization and presentation of the subject matter. New sections have been added and the existing sections have been significantly updated and expanded to incorporate the new information available since publication of the third edition. In particular, new information has been added on 1) the management of the hazards presented by combustible aluminum dust, 2) the unique hazards of managing aluminum-lithium alloys, and 3) mobile equipment safety in the casthouse.

Table of Contents

	Contributors	i
	Foreword	. ii
l.	INTRODUCTION	. 1
	Section 1: Introduction	. 3
	Section 2: Scope, Format, and Organization of the Guidelines	. 4
II.	SAFETY MANAGEMENT	. 5
	Section 3: Safety Programs and Training	. 7
III.	GENERAL INFORMATION AND DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS	. 9
	Section 4: Hazards in Handling Molten Aluminum — General	11
	Section 5: Physical and Chemical Properties of Molten Aluminum	11
	Section 6: Suggested Purchase Specifications for Charge Materials	12
	Section 7: Receiving, Inspection, Storage, and Drying of Scrap and all other Components of the Furnace Charge	12
	Section 8: Melting, Melt Treatment and Transfer, and Casting Processes	13
	Section 9: Considerations in Design of Equipment and Controls	18
	Section 10: Housekeeping2	25
IV.	PERSONAL PROTECTION	27
	Section 11: Personal Protective Clothing and Equipment	29
V.	MELTING, MELT TREATMENT, AND TRANSFER OPERATIONS	39
	Section 12: Receiving, Inspection, and Storage of Materials to be Melted	41
	Section 13: Pre-melting Precautions	42
	Section 14: Drying of Material Charged into the Furnace	46
	Section 15: Handling and Processing of Sow, T-Ingot and Billet	18
	Section 16: Melting Operations including Treatment of Metal in the Furnace	50
	Section 17: In-line Melt Treatment Operations	53
	Section 18: Melt Transfer Operations — General	54
	Section 19: Metal Transfer during Casting of Process Ingot	56
VI.	CASTING OPERATIONS	59
	Section 20: SOP's for Casting and Precasting Precautions	31
	Section 21: Casting of Process Ingot – General	33
	Section 22: Direct Chill (DC) Casting - Conventional	33

	Section 23: Hot Top Casting / Level Pour Casting	. 66
	Section 24: Electromagnetic Casting (EMC)	. 69
	Section 25: Aluminum – Lithium Casting	. 72
	Section 26: Other Casting Systems	. 75
	Section 27: Cleanup of Metal Spills	. 75
VII.	PROTECTIVE COATINGS: CASTING PITS AND EQUIPMENT	. 77
	Section 28: Protective Coatings for Casting Pits and Equipment	. 79
VIII.	CASTHOUSE MOBILE EQUIPMENT	. 81
	Section 29: Casthouse Mobile Equipment	. 83
	Section 30: Pedestrian Interaction / Segregation	. 83
	Section 31: Equipment Specifications	. 84
	Section 32: Qualification, Training and Evaluation	. 86
	Section 33: Operating Guidelines	. 87
IX.	EXPLOSIONS INVOLVING MOLTEN ALUMINUM	. 89
	Section 34: Explosions Involving Molten Aluminum	. 91
	Section 35: Thermite Reactions	. 92
	Section 36: Research on Molten Aluminum-Water Explosions	. 93
	Section 37: Molten Metal Incident Reporting	. 97
Χ.	EXPLOSIONS INVOLVING COMBUSTIBLE DUST	. 99
	Section 38: Combustible Dust in the Casthouse	101
	Section 39: Hazards	101
	Section 40: Preventive Measures:	103
	Section 41: Dust Incident Response	103
XI.	REFERENCES AND TRAINING AIDS	105
	Section 42: References	107
	Section 43: Videos and Training Aids on Preventing Molten Aluminum-Water Explosions	109

Figures

1 Figure 1	Aerial view of a casthouse following a molten metal explosion	3
1 Figure 2	Ground level view of a casthouse following a molten metal explosion	4
8.1 Figure 1	Charging a Furnace from a Transfer Crucible	. 13
8.2 Figure 2	Typical Melting, Holding, Casting Process Flow Sheet	. 14
8.3.5 Figure 1	One Type of Continuous Strip Casting Machine	. 16
8.3.6 Figure 1	A Robotic Pig Ingot Casting Machine with Skimming and Metal Filling Control	. 17
8.3.6 Figure 2	A Modern Sow Casting Operation	. 17
9.3.4 Figure 1	Billet Base Plate with Starting Blocks	. 21
9.3.4 Figure 2	DC Casting Pit with Low Water Level in Pit	. 22
9.3.4 Figure 3	DC Casting Pit with High Water Level in Pit	. 22
11.2.2 Figure 1	Secondary Protective Clothing	.30
11.2.2 Figure 2	Aluminized Primary Protective Clothing	. 31
11.2.2 Figure 3	Zirpro Wool Primary Protective Clothing	. 31
11.2.2 Figure 4	Aluminized Primary PPE in Casthouse Use	. 31
11.2.4 Figure 1	Face shield that protected employee from eye damage and facial burns during a drain pan molten metal explosion	. 33
11.3 Figure 1	FR garments worn by employee exposed to molten metal from a drain pan explosion. Use of FR garments minimized the extent of burn injuries.	. 34
11.3 Figure 2	Graph of Casting Explosions by Casting Segment	. 34
11.3 Figure 3	Photo sequence showing an end of cast drain pan explosion in progress. Use of proper PPE prevented significant employee injury	. 35
13.1.1 Figure 1	Examples of cavities, cracks and double poured sows that can contain moisture	. 42
13.1.2 Figure 1	Examples of cavities and cracks that can contain moisture and a double poured sow.	. 43
13.1.3 Figure 1	Examples of oxidized copper and magnesium, magnesium shrinkage cavity	. 44
13.1.3 Figure 2	Example of a zinc ingot with a shrinkage cavity	. 44

13.2 Figure 1	Salt flux on top of and imbedded into RSI. The dark material identified by the arrow was found to be flux salt.	45
14.1 Figure 1	Example of a commercially available sow drying system. The system shown is a natural gas fired dryer with positive pressure and recirculation fans.	48
16 Figure 1	Melting explosions data	51
16 Figure 2	Force Level Explosions by Operation	51
16.4 Figure 1	Skimming Dross from a Furnace by Mechanical Skimmer	52
18.4.Figure 1	Force Level Explosions by Operation	55
18.4 Figure 2	Injuries by Operation	55
18.4 Figure 3	Transfer Explosions by Equipment Type Involved	56
20 Figure 1	DC/HDC/EMC Explosions by Cast Segment	61
22.1 Figure 1	Typical DC Casting Station Billet	64
22.1 Figure 2	Typical DC Casting Station Slab/Sheet Ingot	64
22.2 Figure 1	Schematic of Horizontal DC Casting Station	65
22.2 Figure 2	Section of Horizontal DC Casting Station and Water Basin	65
23.1 Figure 1	Schematic of a Hot Top DC Casting System	67
23.1 Figure 2	Schematic of Hot Top Mold with Air Injection	67
24.2 Figure 1	Typical Automated EM/DC Casting Sequence	70
24.3.2 Figure 1	Automated Safety Stops in EM/DC Casting	71
31.1 Figure 1	Charging Scrap into a Remelt Furnace Using a Shielded Fork Truck	85
31.1 Figure 2	Fork Truck Following a Furnace Explosion	85
31.1 Figure 3	Foundry Package Equipped Fork Truck in Use	85
34 Figure 1	Explosion Characterization	91
37 Figure 1	Molten Metal Incident Reporting Form	98
38 Figure 1	Aluminum Dust/Fines	101
39 Figure 1	The Fire Triangle	101
39 Figure 2	The Explosion Pentagon	102
40 Figure 1	Aluminum Dust Cloud	103

INTRODUCTION

