

Technical Information Report

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AAMI TIR29: 2012

Guide for process
characterization and
control in radiation
sterilization of medical
devices



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AAMI Technical Information Report

AAMI TIR29:2012
(Revision of AAMI TIR29:2002)



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**Guide for process characterization and control in
radiation sterilization of medical devices**

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Approved 31 December 2012
Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation

Abstract: This technical information report provides additional guidance for characterizing the irradiation process and for establishing requisite process controls to ensure the irradiation system remains in a validated state. This document is intended to complement qualification and routine control activities as defined in ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137 for gamma, X-ray, and electron beam sterilization.

Keywords: installation qualification, operational qualification, performance qualification, dose mapping, routine monitoring and control, irradiator validation, process effectiveness, gamma, electron beam, X-ray, e-beam

AAMI Technical Information Report

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Comments on this technical information report are invited and should be sent to AAMI, Attn: Standards Department, 4301 N. Fairfax Drive, Suite 301, Arlington, VA 22203-1633

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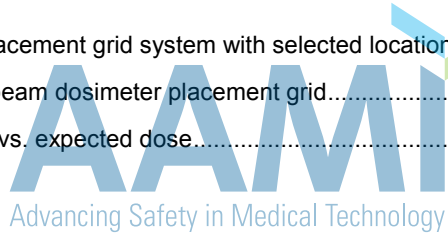
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International Standards adopted in the United States may include normative references to other International Standards. AAMI maintains a current list of each International Standard that has been adopted by AAMI (and ANSI). Available on the AAMI website at the address below, this list gives the corresponding U.S. designation and level of equivalency to the International Standard.

www.aami.org/standards/glossary.pdf



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Committee representation

Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation

AAMI Sterilization Standards Committee

This technical information report was developed by the AAMI Radiation Sterilization Working Group under the auspices of the AAMI Sterilization Standards Committee. Committee approval of the TIR does not necessarily imply that all committee members and working group members voted for its approval.

At the time this document was published, the **AAMI Sterilization Standards Committee** had the following members:

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NOTE—Participation by federal agency representatives in the development of this technical information report does not constitute endorsement by the federal government or any of its agencies.

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Foreword

This document is the second edition of AAMI TIR29. It is now more closely aligned with the general format/section headings of ISO 11137-1 and eliminates redundancies of ISO 11137-3. This second edition is expanded to encompass process characterization and process control, address X-ray sterilization, and provide more guidance regarding additional dose mapping studies, mapping, and processing families. It also incorporates information regarding process equivalency in cobalt-60 radiation sterilization facilities.

This TIR addresses process characterization and relevant controls in gamma, electron beam, and X-ray irradiators to ensure the radiation sterilization process for medical devices is maintained in a validated state. A critical element in the radiation sterilization process is the dose delivered to product. How the dose is delivered to the product first requires a clear understanding of the conditions under which the irradiator will be routinely operated and what studies are necessary to characterize the capabilities of the irradiator relative to the conditions of use. Once the characterization is completed and the process is validated, controls pertaining to the product and process (including equipment and instrumentation) should be established to ensure that the radiation dose is delivered in a reliable, accurate, and reproducible manner.

The reliability and consistency of the dose delivery process are ensured by controlling and monitoring critical product and process parameters. Critical product parameters will always include product density, orientation, case dimensions, loading configurations, and if applicable, orientation. Critical process parameters may be different from one radiation modality to another. For gamma sterilization, critical process parameters include, but are not limited to, the radionuclide source activity and decay rate, conveyor timer settings, source-to-product positioning, irradiator pathway, and changes in intervening products between the source and irradiation containers. For electron beam sterilization, critical process parameters include, but are not limited to, the beam characteristics (e.g., beam energy, average beam current and, if applicable, scan width and scan uniformity, pulse rate), conveyor speed, and presentation of product to the beam (e.g., single-sided, double-sided, multiple sides). For X-ray sterilization, critical process parameters are the same as those for electron beam, with the addition of the X-ray converter target characteristics (due to angular divergence of X-ray beam, converter-to-product distance may be important).

Once these parameters are established, products processed using the specified parameters will receive the specified doses. Data for determining required processing parameters for gamma, electron beam, and X-ray sterilization are obtained from tests performed during validation.

Once validated, both product and process parameters must be controlled and routinely monitored to ensure consistency and continued effectiveness of the sterilization process. Data from routine dosimetry may be analyzed using standard statistical process control techniques, and the results may be used to monitor and maintain control of the process. A properly administered program for process control helps ensure that dose is consistently and accurately delivered to products, which allows for dosimetric release and offers the possibility for parametric release of product.

As used within the context of this document, “should” indicates that among several possibilities, one is recommended as particularly suitable, without mentioning or excluding others, or that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily required, or that (in the negative form) a certain possibility or course of action should be avoided but is not prohibited. “May” is used to indicate that a course of action is permissible within the limits of the recommended practice. “Can” is used as a statement of possibility and capability. Finally, “must” is used only to describe “unavoidable” situations, including those mandated by government regulation.

Suggestions for improving this TIR are invited. Comments and suggested revisions should be sent to Technical Programs, AAMI, 4301 N. Fairfax Drive, Suite 301, Arlington, VA 22203-1633.

NOTE—This foreword does not contain provisions of AAMI TIR29:2012, *Guide for process characterization and control in radiation sterilization*, but it does provide important information about the development and intended use of the document.



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Guide for process characterization and control in radiation sterilization of medical devices

1 Scope

This technical information report (TIR) provides additional guidance for establishing and meeting the irradiator Operational Qualification (OQ), Performance Qualification (PQ), and routine control requirements for radiation sterilization as defined in ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-1 for gamma, electron beam, and X-ray sterilization.

NOTE—This TIR is intended to be used in conjunction with ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-1, *Sterilization of health care products—Radiation – Part 1: Requirements for development, validation, and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices*. Because a TIR is considered “informative” and is not subject to the same formal approval process as a standard, the process steps are described in the TIR as “should” rather than “shall.” Readers are reminded that many of this TIR’s “shoulds” are “shalls” in ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-1.

2 Normative reference

The following normative document contains provisions that, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this TIR. Subsequent amendments to or revisions of this publication do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this TIR are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition. The Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation maintains a register of currently valid International Standards.

ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-1:2006 Sterilization of healthcare products – Radiation – Part 1: Requirements for development, validation, and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices

ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-2:2006 Sterilization of healthcare products – Radiation – Part 2: Establishing the sterilization dose

ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-3:2006 Sterilization of healthcare products – Radiation – Part 3: Guidance on dosimetric aspects