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# American National Standard

### ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-4:2010



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# Objectives and uses of AAMI standards and recommended practices

It is most important that the objectives and potential uses of an AAMI product standard or recommended practice are clearly understood. The objectives of AAMI's technical development program derive from AAMI's overall mission: the advancement of medical instrumentation. Essential to such advancement are (1) a continued increase in the safe and effective application of current technologies to patient care, and (2) the encouragement of new technologies. It is AAMI's view that standards and recommended practices can contribute significantly to the advancement of medical instrumentation, provided that they are drafted with attention to these objectives and provided that arbitrary and restrictive uses are avoided.

A voluntary standard for a medical device recommends to the manufacturer the information that should be provided with or on the product, basic safety and performance criteria that should be considered in qualifying the device for clinical use, and the measurement techniques that the as of a view made when a AAN high a very device conforms with the tarfed and the faith and or the has a standard or the has a standard the standard th compare the performance characteristics of different products king a relevant to the specific needs of the user. Some standards emphasize the information that should be provided Particular care should be taken in applying a product standard with the device, including performance characteristics, instructions for use, warnings and precautions, and other data housidered v of the safetice very proceedures and practices. While observed or important in ensuring the safe and effective use of the device in the clinical environment. Recommending the disclosure of performance characteristics often necessitates the development of WWW application of the state o specialized test methods to facilitate uniformity in reporting; reaching consensus on these tests can represent a considerable part of committee work. When a drafting committee determines that clinical concerns warrant the establishment of minimum safety and performance criteria, referee tests must be provided and the reasons for establishing the criteria must be documented in the rationale.

A recommended practice provides guidelines for the use, care, and/or processing of a medical device or system. A recommended practice does not address device performance per se, but rather procedures and practices that will help ensure that a device is used safely and effectively and that its performance will be maintained.

Although a device standard is primarily directed to the manufacturer, it may also be of value to the potential purchaser or user of the device as a frame of reference for device evaluation. Similarly, even though a recommended practice is usually oriented towards healthcare professionals, it may be useful to the manufacturer in better understanding the environment in which a medical device will be used. Also, some recommended practices, while not addressing device performance criteria, provide guidelines to industrial personnel on such subjects as sterilization processing, methods of collecting data to establish safety and efficacy, human engineering, and other processing or evaluation techniques; such guidelines may be useful to health care professionals in understanding industrial practices.

In determining whether an AAMI standard or recommended practice is relevant to the specific needs of a potential user of the document, several important concepts must be recognized:

All AAMI standards and recommended practices are voluntary (unless, of course, they are adopted by government regulatory or procurement authorities). The application of a standard or recommended practice is solely within the discretion and professional judgment of the user of the document.

Each AAMI standard or recommended practice reflects the collective expertise of a committee of health care professionals and industrial representatives, whose work has been reviewed nationally (and sometimes internationally). As such, the consensus recommendations embodied in a standard or recommended practice are intended to respond to clinical needs and, ultimately, to help ensure patient safety. A standard or recommended practice is limited, however, in the sense that it responds generally to perceived risks and conditions that may not always be relevant to specific situations. A standard or recommended practice is an important reference in responsible decision-making, but it should never *replace* responsible decision-making.

Despite periodic review and revision (at least once every five years), a standard or recommended practice is necessarily a static document applied to a dynamic technology. Therefore, a standards user must carefully review the reasons why the document was

to existing devices and equipment, and in applying a recommended potential risks with existing equipment typically form the basis for the safety and performance criteria defined in a standard, existing equipment. No single source of information will serve to identify a particular product as "unsafe". A voluntary standard can be used as one resource, but the ultimate decision as to product safety and efficacy must take into account the specifics of its utilization and, of course, cost-benefit considerations. Similarly, a recommended practice should be analyzed in the context of the specific needs and resources of the individual institution or firm. Again, the rationale accompanying each AAMI standard and recommended practice is an excellent guide to the reasoning and data underlying its provision.

In summary, a standard or recommended practice is truly useful only when it is used in conjunction with other sources of information and policy guidance and in the context of professional experience and judgment.

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**American National Standard** 

ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-4:2010 (Revision of ANSI/AAMI DF80:2003/(R)2010)



This is a preview edition of an AAMI guidance document and is intended to allow potential purchasers to evaluate the content of the **Medical electrical equipment** in **Partic2-4: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential** For a complete copy of this AAMI document, coperformance of cardiac defibrillators

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Approved 14 October 2010 by Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation

Approved 18 November 2010 by American National Standards Institute, Inc.

**Abstract:** This standard concerns the basic safet y and essential performance of medica I electrical equipment intended to defibrillate the heart by an electrical pulse via electrodes applied either to the patient's skin (external electrodes) or to the exposed heart (internal electrodes). This standard does not apply to implantable defibrillators, remote control defibrillators, external transcutaneous pacemakers, or separate cardiac monitors. This standard amends and supplements IEC 60601-1 (third edition, 2005).

Keywords: cardiac defibrillators, automated external defibrillators, 60601-2-4

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#### **Glossary of equivalent standards**

International Standards adopted in the United States may include normative references to oth er International Standards. For each International Standard that has been adopted by AAMI (and ANSI), the table below gives the corresponding U.S. designation and level of equivalency to the International Standard. NOTE: Documents are sorted by international designation. The code in the US column, "(R)20xx" indicates the year the document was officially reaffirmed by AAMI. E.g., ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-4:2002/(R)2009 indicates that 10993-4, originally approved and published in 2002, was reaffirmed without change in 2009.

Other normatively referenced International Standards may be under consideration for U.S. a doption by AAMI; therefore, this list should not be considered exhaustive.

International designation	U.S. designation	Equivalency
IEC 60601-1:2005	ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005 and ANSI/AAMI	Major technical variations
Technical Corrigendum 1 and 2	ES60601-1:2005/A2:2010	,
	ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005/C1:2009 (amdt)	C1 Identical to Corrigendum 1 & 2
IEC 60601-1-2:2007	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-1-2:2007	Identical
IEC 60601-2-2:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-2:2009	Identical
IEC 60601-2-4:2010	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-4:2010	Identical
IEC 60601-2-16:2008	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-16:2008	Identical
IEC 60601-2-19:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-19:2009	Identical
IEC 60601-2-20:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-20:2009	Identical
	VANSIAAMAÉO 60601121292009 NCE docu	ngenticand is
IEC 60601-2-24-1998ded to allow	ANSI/AAMblD20:2004/(B)2009valuate the	Major technical variations
IEC 60601 2 47:2001	ANSI/AAMI EC38:2007	Major technical variations
IEC 60601-2-50:2001 docume	nANSI/AAMI/IEC 6060 12250:2009 sing decis	Identical
IEC 80001-1:2010	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 80001-1:2010	Identical
IEC 80601-2-30:2009 and Technical	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 806012-30/2009 and ANSI/AAMI/IEC 80601-2-30/2009/C1/2009	dentical (with inclusion)
Corrigendum 1	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 80601-2-30:2009/ C1:2009	C1 Identical to Corrigendum 1
(	(amidt) - Aconsolidated text) 249-8220	_
IEC 80601-2-58:2008	ANSI/AAMI/JEC 80601=2-58 2008	Identical
IEC/TR 60878:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC TIR60878:2003	Identical
IEC/TR 62296:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC TIR62296:2009	Identical
IEC 62304:2006	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 62304:2006	Identical
IEC/TR 62348:2006	ANSI/AAMI/IEC TIR62348:2006	Identical
IEC/TR 62354:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC TIR62354:2009	Identical
IEC 62366:2007	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 62377:2007	Identical
IEC/TR 80002-1:2009	ANSI/IEC/TR 80002-1:2009	Identical
ISO 5840:2005	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 5840:2005/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 7198:1998	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 7198:1998/2001/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 7199:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 7199:2009	Identical
ISO 8637:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 8637:2010	Identical
ISO 8638:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 8638:2010	Identical
ISO 10993-1:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-1:2009	Identical
ISO 10993-2:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-2:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 10993-3:2003	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-3:2003/(R)2009	Identical
ISO 10993-4:2002 and	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-4:2002/(R)2009 and	Identical
Amendment 1:2006	Amendment 1:2006/(R)2009	
ISO 10993-5:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-5:2009	Identical
ISO 10993-6:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-6:2007/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 10993-7:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-7:2008	Identical
ISO 10993-9:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-9:2009	Identical
ISO 10993-10:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-10:2010	Identical
ISO 10993-11:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-11:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 10993-12:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-12:2007	Identical
ISO 10993-13:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-13:2010	Identical
ISO 10993-14:2001	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-14:2001/(R)2006	Identical
ISO 10993-15:2000	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-15:2000/(R)2006	Identical
ISO 10993-16:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-16:2010	Identical
ISO 10993-17:2002	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-17:2002/(R)2008	Identical
ISO 10993-18:2005	ANSI/AAMI BE83:2006	Major technical variations
ISO/TS 10993-19:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR10993-19:2006	Identical
ISO/TS 10993-20:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR10993-20:2006	Identical
ISO 11135-1:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11135-1:2007	Identical

International designation	U.S. designation	Equivalency
ISO/TS 11135-2:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR11135-2:2008	Identical
ISO 11137-1:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-1:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11137-2:2006 (2006-08-01 corrected version)	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-2:2006	Identical
ISO 11137-3:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-3:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-1: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-1:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-2: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-2:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-3: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-3:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-4: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-4:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-5: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-5:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO/TS 11139:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11139:2006	Identical
ISO 11140-1:2005	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11140-1:2005/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11140-3:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11140-3:2007	Identical
ISO 11140-4:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11140-4:2007	Identical
ISO 11140-5:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11140-5:2007	Identical
ISO 11607-1:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11607-1:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11607-2:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11607-2:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11663:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11633:2009	Identical
ISO 11737-1: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11737-12006	Identical
ISO 11737-2:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11737-2:2009	Identical
ISO/TS 12417:200X	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR12417:200X	Identical
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ISO 13408-5:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 13408-5:2006	Identical
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ISO 13408-6:2006 For a (	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 13485.2003/(R)2009	Identical
	CANSIZAAMI/150 24 (55:20) 1249-8226	Identical
ISO 14160:1998	ANSI/AAMILISQ 14160 1998/(R)2008	Identical
ISO 14161:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14161:2009	Identical
ISO 14708-3:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14708-3:2008	Identical
ISO 14708-4:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14708-4:2008	Identical
ISO 14708-5:2010	ANSI/AAMI /ISO 14708-5:2010	Identical
ISO 14937:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14937:2009	Identical
ISO/TR 14969:2004	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR14969:2004	Identical
ISO 14971:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14971:2007/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 15223-1:2007 and A1:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15223-1:2007 and A1:2008	Identical
ISO 15223-2:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15223-2:2010	Identical
ISO 15225:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15225:2010	Identical
ISO 15674:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15674:2009	Identical
ISO 15675:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15675:2009	Identical
ISO 15882:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15882:2008	Identical
ISO 15883-1:2006	ANSI/AAMI ST15883-1:2009	Major technical variations
ISO/TR 16142:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR16142:2005	Identical
ISO 17664:2004	ANSI/AAMI ST81:2004	Major technical variations
ISO 17665-1:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 17665-1:2006	Identical (with inclusions)
ISO/TS 17665-2:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR17665-2:2009	Identical
ISO 18472:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 18472:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO/TS 19218:2005	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 19218:2005	Identical
ISO 20857:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 20857:2010	Identical
ISO 22442-1:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 22442-1:2007	Identical
ISO 22442-2:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 22442-2:2007	Identical
ISO 22442-3:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 22442-3:2007	Identical
ISO 25539-1:2003 and A1:2005	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 25539-1:2003/(R)2009 and A1:2005/(R)2009	Identical
ISO 25539-2:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 25539-2:2008	Identical
ISO 27186:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 27186:2010	Identical
ISO 81060-1:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 81060-1:2007	Identical
ISO 81060-2:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 81060-2:2009	Identical

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In production

#### **Committee representation**

Cochairs

#### Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation

#### **Defibrillator Committee**

The adoption of IEC 60601-2-4 as a revision of ANSI/AAMI DF 80:2003/(R)2010 was initiated by the AAMI Defibrillator Committee. U.S. representatives played an active role in developing the IEC standard.

Committee approval of this document does not necessarily imply that all committee members voted for its approval.

At the time this document was published,	the		L Def	ibrillat	or C	ommittee had the following members
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Willis A. Tacker, Jr., MD PhD, Purdue University

	Robert J. Zito, Medtronic Inc. VIEVV COPY
Members	Tiologen Basta, Spacelabs Medical Inc. Joseph Basta, Spacelabs Medical Inc. inteoscar Tovar Calderon, FDA/CURPasers to evaluate the content of the
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	Hatim Mcloatim, Antibosho Heannadareg a purchasing decision.
	Regis DeSilva, MD, Harvard Medical School Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center
	Wallace R Elliott, CCE, University of Vermont Peter D. Gadsby, Covidien
	Nicole Hurley, PhD, MLCGote & Associates Ad-9-8226
	Janice M. Jenkins, PhD University of Michigan College of Engineering
	Gideon Kantor, PhD
	Leo Keightley, Philips Electronics North America
	Richard Kerber, MD, University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics Don Lin, PhD
	Carl A. Pantiskas, Draeger Medical Systems Inc.
	Bokang C. Rapoo, MS, New York Presbyterian Hospital
	Richard Richardson, GE Healthcare
	Willis A. Tacker, Jr., MD PhD, Purdue University
	Kok-Swang Tan, PhD, Health Canada Medical Devices Bureau
	Robert J. Zito, Medtronic Inc.
Alternates	Fred W. Chapman, PhD, Medtronic Inc.
	Stacy Earl Gehman, BS, Philips Electronics North America Richard Gray, FDA/CDRH

NOTE--Participation by federal agency representatives in the development of this document does not constitute endorsement by the federal government or any of its agencies.

#### Background of ANSI/AAMI adoption of IEC 60601-2-4:2010

As indicated in the fore word to the main body of this document (page ix), the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees. The United States is one of the IEC members that took an active role in the development of this standard, which was developed by the IEC T echnical Subcommittee 62D, Electromedical equipment, maintenance team (MT) 19 on Defibrillators.

U.S. participation in IEC/SC 62D is org anized through the U.S. Technical Advisory Group for IEC/SC 62D, administered by the Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI) on behalf of the U.S. National Committee of the American National Standards Institute. The U.S. made a considerable contribution to this International Standard.

AAMI encourages its committees to harmonize their work with International Standards to the extent possible. Upon review of the final draft International Standard of IEC 6 0601-2-4:2010, the AAMI De fibrillator Committee, which serves as the U.S. Technical Advisory sub-Group (sub-TAG) to MT 19 decided to adopt it verbatim as a revision of ANSI/AAMI DF80:2003/(R)2010. The ANSI/AAMI DF80:2003 was an adoption of the previous version of IEC 60601-2-4 with some U.S. deviations. However, with the current version of IEC 60601-2-4, all previous U.S. deviations have been incorporated into the IEC standard and therefore, no U.S. deviations were deemed necessary.

AAMI and ANSI procedures require that standards be reviewed every five years and if necessary revised to reflect technological advances that may have occurred since publication. Intended to allow potential purchasers to evaluate the content of the AAMI (and ANSI) have adopted other IEC and ISO standards. See the Glossary of Equivalent Standards for a list of IEC and ISO stand ards adopted by AAMI, which gives the corresponding U.S. designation and the level of equivalency with the IEC and ISO standard.

The concepts incorporated in this standard should not be considered inflexible or static. This standard, like any other, must be revie wed and updated periodically to assimilate progressive technological developments. To remain relevant, it must be modified as technological advances are made and as new data comes to light.

This standard reflects the conscientious efforts of concerned health care professionals and medical device manufacturers to develop a standard for those performance levels that can be reasonably achieved at this time.

Suggestions for improving this standard are invited. Comments and suggested revisions should be sent to Standards Department, AAMI, 4301 N. Fairfax Drive, Suite 301, Arlington, VA 22203-1633.

NOTE—This background does not contain provisions of the Americ an National Standard, Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-4: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of cardiac defibrillators (ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-4:2010), but it does provide important information about the development and intended use of the document.

NOTE—Beginning with the foreword on page ix, this American National Standard is identical to IEC 60601-2-4:2010.

#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### **MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT –**

# Part 2-4: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of cardiac defibrillators

#### FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international cooperation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees, any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions defendine to by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions of agreements of HEG op taching an attension and the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committee DE DEFORE MAKING a purchasing decision.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reactable efforts take made/to chosure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user. Contact AAMI at (877) 249-8226
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, TEC National committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
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- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International standard IEC 60601-2-4 has been prepared by IEC subcommittee 62D: Electromedical equipment, of IEC technical committee 62: Electrical equipment in medical practice.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2002. This edition constitutes a technical revision, revised to structurally align it with IEC 60601-1:2005 and to implement the decision of IEC SC 62A that the clause numbering structure of particular standards written to IEC 60601-1:2005 would adhere to the form specified in ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2:2004. The aim of this third edition is to bring this particular standard up to date with reference to the third edition of the general standard through reformatting and technical changes.

The principle technical changes are as follows:

- 201.8.8.3, test 4: added additional test options;
- Figure 201.105: provided example of stainless steel plates. Added note for 10 Hz generator or shockable rhythm generator;
- Figure 201.101: Changed orientation of the lower diode at the oscilloscope connection;
- 202.6.1, .2, .4: "Additions" and "Replacements" corrected to be as originally intended;
- 201.101.1: Clarified preconditioning of a non-rechargeable battery;
- 201.3.207: Clarified definition of DUMMY COMPONENT;
- 201.15.4.101: In paragraph b), added reduced flex requirements for sterilizable internal paddles with specified limit on sterilization cycles;
- 201.15.4.3.103: Added an option for devices having non-changeable pre-programmed energy-setting sequences;
- 201.102.3.1, 2: Changed from specified defibrillation cycles to use of pre-programmed defibrillation sequence;
   PREVIEW COPY
- 202.6.2.2.1: Changed ESD discharge sequence to match IEC 60601-1-2, third edition.

The text of this particulapistandare distbased on the following documents nent and is

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Full information on the voting for the approval (of this particular standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table www.aami.org.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this standard, the following print types are used:

- Requirements and definitions: roman type.
- Test specifications: italic type.
- Informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type.
   Normative text of tables is also in a smaller type.
- TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 OF THE GENERAL STANDARD, IN THIS PARTICULAR STANDARD OR AS NOTED: SMALL CAPITALS.

In referring to the structure of this standard, the term

- "clause" means one of the seventeen numbered divisions within the table of contents, inclusive of all subdivisions (e.g. Clause 7 includes subclauses 7.1, 7.2, etc.);
- "subclause" means a numbered subdivision of a clause (e.g. 7.1, 7.2 and 7.2.1 are all subclauses of Clause 7).

References to clauses within this standard are preceded by the term "Clause" followed by the clause number. References to subclauses within this particular standard are by number only.

In this standard, the conjunctive "or" is used as an "inclusive or" so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

The verbal forms used in this standard conform to usage described in Annex H of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. For the purposes of this standard, the auxiliary verb:

- "shall" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "should" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "may" is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

An asterisk (\*) as the first character of a title or at the beginning of a paragraph or table title indicates that there is guidance or rationale related to that item in Annex AA.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60601 series, published under the general title *Medical electrical equipment*, can be found on the IEC website.

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The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this watelithe publication will be ance document and is

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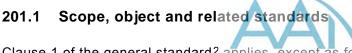
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#### American National Standard

#### ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-4:2010

#### MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT -

# Part 2-4: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of cardiac defibrillators



Clause 1 of the general standard<sup>2</sup> applies, except as follows:

#### 201.1.1 \* Scope

*Replacement:* This is a preview edition of an AAMI guidance document and is intended to allow potential purchasers to evaluate the content of the

This International Standard applies to the Basic Safety and Essentiative Performance of Cardiac DEFIBRILLATORS, hereafter referred to as ME EQUIPMENT.

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If a clause or subclause is specifically intrinded to be applicable to ME EQUIPMENT only, or to ME SYSTEMS only, the title and content of that clause or subclause will say so. If that is not the case, the clause or subclause applies both to ME EQUIPMENT and to ME SYSTEMS, as relevant.

HAZARDS inherent in the intended physiological function of ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEMS within the scope of this standard are not covered by specific requirements in this standard except in 7.2.13 and 8.4.1 of the general standard.

NOTE See also 4.2 of the general standard.

This particular standard does not apply to implantable defibrillators, remote control DEFIBRILLATORS, external transcutaneous pacemakers, or separate stand-alone cardiac monitors (which are standardized by IEC 60601-2-27 [2]<sup>3</sup>). Cardiac monitors which use separate ECG monitoring electrodes are not within the scope of this standard unless they are used as the sole basis for AED rhythm recognition detection or beat detection for synchronized cardioversion.

Defibrillation waveform technology is evolving rapidly. Published studies indicate that the effectiveness of waveforms varies. The choice of a particular waveform including waveshape, delivered energy, efficacy, and safety has been specifically excluded from the scope of this standard.

However, due to the critical importance of the therapeutic waveform, comments have been added to the rationale which addresses considerations in waveform selection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The general standard is IEC 60601-1:2005, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Numbers in square brackets refer to the bibliography.

#### 201.1.2 Object

Replacement:

The object of this particular standard is to establish particular BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements for cardiac defibrillators as defined in 201.3.202.

#### 201.1.3 Collateral standards

Addition:

This particular standard refers to those applicable collateral standards that are listed in Clause 2 of the general standard and Clause 201.2 of this particular standard.

IEC 60601-1-2 applies as modified in Clause 202. All other published collateral standards in the IEC 60601-1 series apply as published. EVIEW COPY

#### 201.1.4 Particular standards

This is a preview edition of an AAMI guidance document and is *Replacement* tended to allow potential purchasers to evaluate the content of the

document before making a purchasing decision. In the IEC 60601 series, particular standards may modify, replace or delete requirements contained in the general standard and collateral standards as appropriate for the particular ME EQUIPMENT under consideration, et and P may that A other CBASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements. Contact AAMI at (877) 249-8226

#### or visit www.aami.org.

A requirement of a particular standard takes priority over the general standard.

For brevity, IEC 60601-1 is referred to in this particular standard as the general standard. Collateral standards are referred to by their document number.

The numbering of clauses and subclauses of this particular standard corresponds to that of the general standard with the prefix "201" (e.g. 201.1 in this standard addresses the content of Clause 1 of the general standard) or applicable collateral standard with the prefix "20x" where x is the final digit(s) of the collateral standard document number (e.g. 202.4 in this particular standard addresses the content of Clause 4 of the IEC 60601-1-2 collateral standard, 203.4 in this particular standard addresses the content of Clause 4 of the IEC 60601-1-3 collateral standard, etc.). The changes to the text of the general standard are specified by the use of the following words:

"Replacement" means that the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard is replaced completely by the text of this particular standard.

"Addition" means that the text of this particular standard is additional to the requirements of the general standard or applicable collateral standard.

"Amendment" means that the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard is amended as indicated by the text of this particular standard.

Subclauses, figures or tables which are additional to those of the general standard are numbered starting from 201.101. However, due to the fact that definitions in the general standard are

numbered 3.1 through 3.139, additional definitions in this standard are numbered beginning from 201.3.201. Additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc., and additional items aa), bb), etc.

Subclauses, figures or tables which are additional to those of a collateral standard are numbered starting from 20x, where "x" is the number of the collateral standard, e.g. 202 for IEC 60601-1-2, 203 for IEC 60601-1-3, etc.

The term "this standard" is used to make reference to the general standard, any applicable collateral standards and this particular standard taken together.

Where there is no corresponding clause or subclause in this particular standard, the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly not relevant, applies without modification; where it is intended that any part of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly relevant, is not to be applied, a statement to that effect is given in this particular standard.

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