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ANSI B11.13-1992

for Machine Tools – Single- and Multiple-Spindle Automatic Bar and Chucking Machines – Safety Requirements for Construction, Care, and Use



11 West 42nd Street New York, New York 10036

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ANSI [®] B11.13-1992 Revision of ANSI B11.13-1983

American National Standard for Machine Tools –

Single- and Multiple-Spindle Automatic Bar and Chucking Machines – Safety Requirements for Construction, Care, and Use

Secretariat

AMT – The Association for Manufacturing Technology

Approved June 2, 1992 American National Standards Institute, Inc.

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Foreword (This foreword is not part of American National Standard B11.13-1992.)

Recognizing the need for a safety standard for single-and multiple-spindle automatic screw/bar and chucking machines, American National Standards Committee B11 on Safety Standards for Machine Tools established Subcommittee B11.13 in 1972 to develop the safety requirements for these machines. ANSI B11.13-1975 was approved and released in 1975, and revised in 1983. It is now superseded by ANSI B11.13-1992, entitled *American National Standard for Machine tools – Single- and multiple-spindle automatic bar and chucking machines*, which has been changed to more appropriately reflect current industry practice.

To continue this objective, the Subcommittee revised this standard to cover all the different types of single- and multiple-spindle automatic bar and chucking machines, carefully considering the possible hazards to setup and operating personnel. It approached the problem by requiring a hazard control strategy that provides a degree of safety by:

- a) Eliminating by design any recognized hazards due to construction;
- b) Reducing exposure to hazards through appropriate safeguarding;

c) Heightening safety awareness through procedures, training, warning devices, and signs.

To implement these requirements, responsibilities have been assigned to the manufacturer, the rebuilder, the modifier, and the user.

To assist all persons concerned in complying with the requirements of this standard, explanatory information has been placed in the right-hand column, adjacent to the requirements to which it applies.

Recognizing the difficulty of updating machines immediately after the approval date of this standard, the Subcommittee has provided a 24-month period for compliance; this is specified in the applicable portions of this standard.

It is recognized that the words "safe" and "safety" are not absolutes. Safety is an attitude. This standard is not intended to replace good judgment. Operator skill, training, experience, job monotony, and fatigue are all safety factors that must be considered.

Suggestions for improvement of this standard will be welcome. They should be sent to AMT (Association for Manufacturing Technology), 7901 Westpark Drive, McLean, VA 22102 – Attention: B11 Secretariat.

This standard was processed and approved for submittal to ANSI by the Accredited Standards Committee on Safety Standards for Machine Tools, B11. Committee approval of this standard does not necessarily imply that all committee members voted for its approval. At the time it approved this standard, the B11 Committee had the following members:

Theodore M. Wire, Chairman Charles A. Carlsson, Secretary

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of America, Inc.	.Daniel J. Nauer
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Teoling and Manufacturing Association	Al Walker (Alt.)
rooming and manufacturing Association	Jeff Stollard (Alt.)
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Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)	Joseph J. Bode
	Pat J. Cattafesta (Alt.)
	Pat Clark (Alt.)
	Alvah O. Conley, Jr. (Alt.) Frank A. Smith (Alt.)

Subcommittee B11.13 on Safety Requirements for the Construction, Care, and Use of Single- and Multiple-Spindle Automatic Bar and Chucking Machines, which revised this standard, had the following members:

Fred W. Lewis, Chairman Richard D. Zahniser, Secretary	Kirt M. Babuder John Dogger Bill Dunsmore Russell L. Herlache Henry Hubli Val Parker Peter K. Rosenkrands Emmett Sindelar Harold D. Walker, Jr.
	Harold D. Walker, Jr.

In addition to the work performed by the subcommittee, extensive work in the development of this standard was preformed by the membership of the National Screw Machine Products Association.

Explanation of Standard Format

This standard uses a two-column format to provide supporting information for requirements. The material in the left column is confined to standards requirements only, and is so captioned.

The right column, captioned "Explanatory Information," contains information that the committee felt would clarify the standard. This column should not be construed as being a part of this American National Standard.

Illustrations 1 through 11 included with this standard are provided to aid in its understanding. As such, they are to be considered as examples and not as part of the requirements.

Operating rules (safe practices) are not included in either column of this standard unless they are of such nature as to be vital safety requirements, equal in weight to other requirements, or guides to assist in compliance with the standard.

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD

ANSI B11.13-1992

American National Standard for Machine Tools –

Single- and Multiple-Spindle – Automatic Bar and Chucking Machines – Safety Requirements for Construction, Care, and Use

STANDARD REQUIREMENTS

EXPLANATORY INFORMATION

(Not part of American National Standard for Machine tools – Single- and multiple-spindle automatic bar and chucking machines – Safety requirements for construction, care, and use, ANSI B11.13-1992)

1 Scope, purpose, and application

1.1 Scope

This standard applies to single- and multiple-spindle automatic bar and chucking machines in which all tool movement is controlled by the machine.

Specific machines shall include, but not be limited to:

a) Single-spindle automatic bar machines of the tool turret-indexing type;

E1.1 Scope

A machine of this type is automatic in the sense that it repeatedly performs all of the necessary operations, which may include ejecting the machined piece and presenting a new piece or length of stock to the tools. These machines run continuously until stopped by an operator or any sensing device. The control of these machines can be provided by, but is not limited to, any mechanical, pneumatic, hydraulic or electrical means, or combination thereof.

Historically some machines to which this standard applies were referred to as screw machines.

Specific automatic machines will be referred to as single- or multiple-spindle automatic bar and chucking machines.

a) Turret-indexing types. (See illustrations 1,2)

Turret-indexing types are those in which tools are mounted in an indexing turret and are advanced automatically to the work