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Approved American National Standards

## ANSI B11.3

American National Standard for Machine Tools -

## Safety Requirements for <br> Power Press Brakes

Secretariat and Accredited Standards Developer:
The Association For Manufacturing Technology
Attn.: Safety Department
7901 Westpark Drive
McLean, VA 22102

Approved: FEBRUARY 14, 2002
by the American National Standards Institute, Inc.

# American National Standard 

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Foreword (This Foreword is not part of the requirements of American National Standard B11.3-2002)
The primary objective of this standard is to eliminate or control hazards to individuals associated with press brakes by establishing requirements for the design, construction, operation and maintenance of these machines. To accomplish this objective, responsibilities have been assigned to the supplier (e.g., manufacturer, rebuilder, reconstructor, installer, integrator), the user, and individuals in the working environment.

The words "safe" and "safety" are not absolutes. Safety begins with good design. While the goal of this standard is to eliminate injuries, this standard recognizes that risk factors cannot be practically reduced to zero in any human activity. This standard is not intended to replace good judgment and personal responsibility. Operator skill, attitude, training, job monotony, fatigue and experience are safety factors that must be considered by the user.

Press brakes and associated equipment technologies are continuously evolving. This standard is reflective of the most commonly used and time-tested state of the art at the time of its approval. The inclusion or omission of language relative to any evolving technology, either in the requirements or explanatory area of this standard, in no way infers acceptance or rejection of such technologies.

Inquiries with respect to the application or the substantive requirements of this standard, and suggestions for its improvement, are welcomed and should be sent to the AMT - The Association For Manufacturing Technology, 7901 Westpark Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102-4269, Attention: B11 Secretariat.

This standard was processed and submitted for ANSI approval by the B11 Accredited Standards Committee on Safety Standards for Machine Tools. Committee approval of this standard does not necessarily imply that all committee members voted for its approval. At the time this standard was approved as an American National Standard, the ANSI B11 Accredited Standards Committee was composed of the following member organizations:

John W. Russell, PE, CSP Chairman
Gary D. Kopps, Vice-Chairman
David A. Felinski, Secretary

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Alliance of American Insurers
Aluminum Extruders Council
American Institute of Steel Construction
American Society of Safety Engineers
Association For Manufacturing Technology
Can Manufacturers Institute
Deere and Company
Forging Industry Association
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| Unified Abrasives Manufacturers' Association, Bonded Division | Charles S. Conant |  |
| U.S. Department of the Navy (NAVSEA) | William Hanna | William Thacker |

At the time this standard was approved, the ANSI B11 ASC B11.3 Subcommittee had the following members who participated in the development of this revision:

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# Explanation of the format of the standard 

This ANSI B11.3 - 2002 standard is divided into parts formerly referred to as sections or chapters and now referred to as clauses in line with the new ANSI style manual. Major divisions of clauses are referred to as subclauses and, when referenced by other text in the standard, are denoted by the subclause number (e.g., see 5.1).

The standard uses a two-column format to provide supporting information for requirements. The material in the left column is confined to "Standards Requirements" only, and is so captioned. The right column, captioned "Explanatory Information" contains information that the writing Subcommittee felt would clarify the standard. This column should not be construed as being a part of the requirements of this American National Standard.

Operating rules (safe practices) are not included in either column of this standard unless they are of such nature as to be vital safety requirements, equal in weight to other requirements, or guides to assist in compliance with the standard.

As in all American National Standards, the term "SHALL" denotes a requirement that is to be strictly followed in order to conform to this standard; no deviation is permitted. The term "SHOULD" denotes a recommendation, a practice or condition among several alternatives, or a preferred method or course of action.

Similarly, the term "CAN" denotes a possibility, ability or capability, whether physical or casual, and the term "MAY" denotes a permissible course of action within the limits of the standard.

By convention, the B11 standards do not use the term "and/or" but instead, the term "OR" is used as an inclusive disjunction, meaning one or the other or both.

Suggestions for improvement of this standard will be welcome. They should be sent to AMT-The Association For Manufacturing Technology, 7901 Westpark Drive, McLean, VA 22102 - Attention: B11 Secretariat

## Introduction

The primary purpose of every machine tool is to process parts. This is accomplished by the machine imparting process energy onto the workpiece. Inadvertent interference with, or accidental misdirection of the released energy during production, maintenance, commissioning and de-commissioning may result in injury.

The primary purpose of the ANSI B11 series of machine tool safety standards is to devise and propose ways to minimize risks of the potential hazards. This can be accomplished either by an appropriate machine design, by restricting personnel or other individuals' access to hazard areas, and by devising work procedures to minimize personnel exposure to hazardous situations. This is the essence of the ANSI B11 series of safety standards.

The responsibility for the alleviation of these risks is divided between the equipment supplier, its user and its operating personnel, as follows (numbers in parentheses refer to the clause numbers in these standards which address that responsibility):


## Standard Requirements

## Explanatory Information

## American National Standard for Machine Tools-

## Safety Requirements for Power Press Brakes

## 1 Scope

### 1.1 General

The requirements of this standard apply to those machine tools classified as power press brakes (hereinafter referred to simply as "press brakes"), which are designed and constructed for the specific purpose of bending material.

The requirements of this standard also apply to powered folding machines.

NOTE - Where used in this standard, the terms machine or system refer to the press brake or press brake production system.

### 1.2 Exclusions

Excluded from the requirements of this standard are: mechanical power presses; hydraulic power presses; hand brakes; tangent benders; apron brakes; and other similar types of metal-bending machines.

## 2 Normative References

The following normative documents contain provisions that, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this American National Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All normative documents are subject to revision, and parties to agreements subject to this American National Standard should apply the most recent editions of the normative documents listed below.

29 CFR 1910.147: Control of hazardous energy (lockout/tagout) (For more information, www.osha.gov)

29 CFR 1910.333: Selection and Use of Electrical Work Practices (For more information, www.osha.gov )

## E1.1

To achieve this purpose, the press brake is provided with a plate-type ram and a plate-type bed with standard provisions for attaching standardized press brake tooling.

This machine is sometimes referred to as a "bending brake" or a "brake press."

Where used in this standard, the terms "press brake" or "press brake production system" are intended to include powered folding machines.

## E2 Informative References

ANSI / ASME B5.56M-1994, Specification and Performance Standard, Power Shears

ANSI B11.TR1-1993. Ergonomic Guidelines for the Design, Installation and Use of Machine Tools.

