

ANSI B11.6–2001

*American National Standard for Machine
Tools –*

Safety Requirements for Manual Turning Machines with or without Automatic Control

Secretariat and Accredited Standards Developer:

AMT – The Association For Manufacturing Technology
7901 Westpark Drive
McLean, VA 22102

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by the American National Standards Institute, Inc.



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Foreword(This Foreword is not a part of the requirements of American National Standard B11.6-2001)

The primary objective of this standard is to eliminate or control hazards to personnel associated with manual turning machines with or without automatic control by establishing requirements for the construction, operation and maintenance of these machines. To accomplish this objective, responsibilities have been assigned to the supplier (e.g., manufacturer, rebuilder, reconstructor, installer, integrator), the user and personnel in the working environment.

The words "safe" and "safety" are not absolutes. Safety begins with good design. While the goal of this standard is to eliminate injuries, it is recognized that risk factors cannot be practically reduced to zero in any human activity. This standard is not intended to replace good judgment and personal responsibility. Operator skill, attitude, training, job monotony, fatigue and experience are safety factors that must be considered by the user.

Manual turning machines and associated equipment technologies are continuously evolving. This standard reflects the most commonly used and time-tested state of the art at the time of its approval. The inclusion or omission of language relative to any evolving technology, either in the requirements or explanatory areas of this standard, in no way infers acceptance or rejection of such technologies.

Inquiries with respect to the application or the substantive requirements of this standard, and suggestions for its improvement, are welcomed and should be sent to the AMT – The Association For Manufacturing Technology, 7901 Westpark Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102-4269, Attention: B11 Secretariat.

This standard was prepared by the B11.6 Subcommittee, processed and submitted for ANSI approval by the B11 Accredited Standards Committee on Safety Standards for Machine Tools. Committee approval of this standard does not necessarily imply that all committee members voted for its approval. At the time this standard was approved as an American National Standard, the ANSI B11 Accredited Standards Committee was composed of the following member organizations:

John W. Russell, PE, CSP Chairman
Gary D. Kopps, Vice-Chairman
David A. Felinski, Secretary

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Name of Representative(s)

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Unified Abrasives Manufacturers' Association, Bonded Division	Charles S. Conant	
U.S. Department of the Navy (NAVSEA)	Various delegates depending on the Standard	

At the time this standard was approved, the ANSI B11 ASC **B11.6 Subcommittee** had the following members who participated in the development of this revision:

Name	Company	Title
Steve Miller	Bridgeport	Chairman
John F. Bloodgood, PE	JFB Enterprises	Secretary
Tony Bratkovich, PE	AMT	
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Kent Johnson	Deere & Co.	
William Riley	U.S. Navy	
Carl Sharak	Liberty Mutual	

Explanation of the format of the standard

This ANSI B11.6 – 2001 standard is divided into parts formerly referred to as sections or chapters and now referred to as clauses, consistent with the current ANSI style manual. Major divisions of clauses are referred to as subclauses and, when referenced by other text in the standard, are denoted by the subclause number (e.g., see 5.1).

The standard uses a two-column format to provide supporting information for requirements. The material in the left column is confined to “Standard Requirements” only, and is so captioned. The right column, captioned “Explanatory Information” contains information that the writing Subcommittee felt would clarify the standard. This column should not be construed as being a part of the requirements of this American National Standard.

Operating rules (safe practices) are not included in either column of this standard unless they are of such nature as to be vital safety requirements, equal in weight to other requirements, or guides to assist in compliance with the standard.

As in all American National Standards, the term “SHALL” denotes a requirement that is to be strictly followed in order to conform to this standard; no deviation is permitted. The term “SHOULD” denotes a recommendation, a practice or condition among several alternatives, or a preferred method or course of action.

Similarly, the term “CAN” denotes a possibility, ability or capability, whether physical or causal, and the term “MAY” denotes a permissible course of action within the limits of the standard.

By convention, the B11 standards do not use the term “and/or” but instead, the term “OR” is used as an inclusive disjunction, meaning *one or the other or both*.

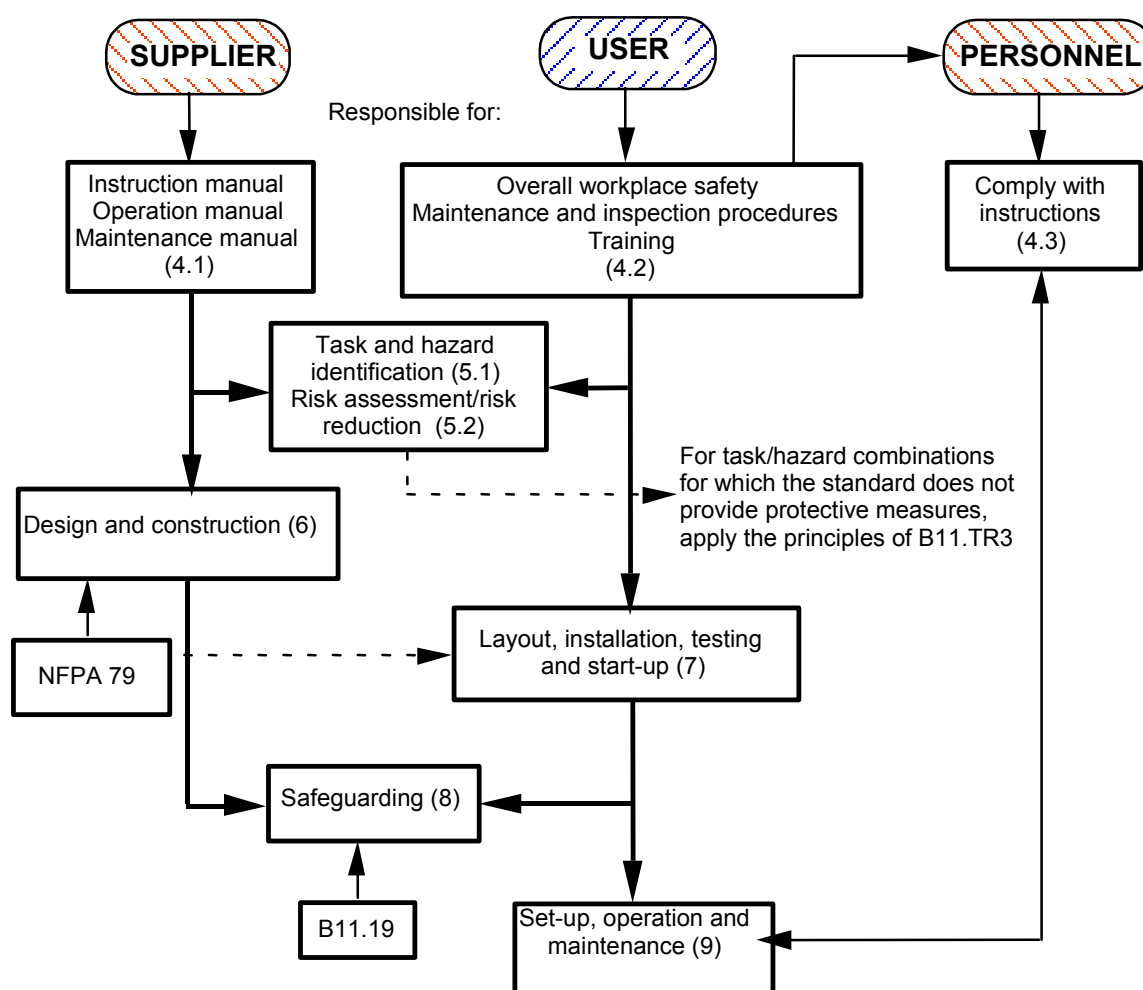
Suggestions for improvement of this standard will be welcome. They should be sent to AMT-The Association For Manufacturing Technology, 7901 Westpark Drive, McLean, VA 22102 - Attention: B11 Secretariat.

Introduction

The primary purpose of every machine tool is to process parts. This is accomplished by the machine imparting process energy onto the workpiece. Inadvertent interference with, or accidental misdirection of the released energy during production, maintenance, commissioning and de-commissioning may result in injury.

The purpose of the ANSI B11 series of machine tool safety standards is to devise and propose ways to minimize risks of the potential hazards. This can be accomplished by an appropriate machine design, by restricting personnel and other individuals' access to hazard areas, and by devising work procedures to minimize personnel exposure to hazardous situations. This is the essence of the ANSI B11 series of safety standards.

The responsibility for the alleviation of these risks is divided between the equipment supplier, its user and its operating personnel, as follows (numbers in parentheses refer to the clause numbers in these standards which address that responsibility):



*American National Standard for Machine Tools –
Safety Requirements for Manual Turning Machines with or
without Automatic Control*

STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS

1 Scope

This standard specifies safety requirements for the design, construction, operation and maintenance (including installation, dismantling, and transport) of the general class of manually controlled horizontal and vertical spindle turning machines. Machines covered by this standard are intended to work metals and other man-made materials. This standard also applies to devices that are integral to the machine.

These machines may have automatic capability but may not be equipped with automatic part handling or bar-feed mechanisms nor automatic tool changing systems. This standard does not apply to NC Turning Machines where manual control is used only to set the machine for automatic production.

1.1 Manual turning machine

Manual turning machines utilize manually initiated steps to produce a part by rotating the workpiece against a stationary tool(s) such that the cutting force is from the workpiece and not the tool.

NOTE – The terms machine and machining as used throughout this standard mean turning machine.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions that, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this American National Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All normative documents are subject to revision, and parties to agreements subject to this American National Standard should apply the most recent editions of the normative documents listed below.

EXPLANATORY INFORMATION

(Not part of the requirements of American National Standard for Machine Tools – Safety Requirements for Manual Turning Machines with or without Automatic Control - ANSI B11.6-2001)

E1

Generally, chucks are not considered to be part of the machine.

See ANSI B11.22 for the safety requirements for Turning Centers and Automatic NC Turning Machines, and ANSI B11.13 for the safety requirements for Single- and Multiple-Spindle Automatic Bar and Chucking Machines.

E2 Informative references

The corresponding European Standard for the Safety of Manually Controlled Turning Machines With or Without Automatic Control is prEN 12840.