ANSI S3.40-2002 ISO 10819:1996

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD

Mechanical vibration and shock—Hand-arm vibration—Method for the measurement and evaluation of the vibration transmissibility of gloves at the palm of the hand

(A Nationally Adopted International Standard)

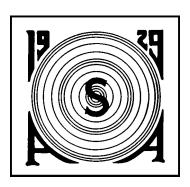
NAIS STANDARD ANSI S3.40-2002 ISO 10819:1996

Accredited Standards Committee S3, Bioacoustics

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Mechanical vibration and shock—Hand-arm vibration—Method for the measurement and evaluation of the vibration transmissibility of gloves at the palm of the hand

A Nationally Adopted International Standard

Secretariat

Acoustical Society of America (ASA)

Approved April 26, 2002

American National Standards Institute, Inc. (ANSI)

Abstract

This Nationally Adopted International Standard specifies a method for the laboratory measurement, the data analysis and reporting of the vibration transmissibility of gloves in terms of vibration transmission from a handle to the palm of the hand in the frequency range from 31.5 Hz to 1250 Hz.

The standard is intended to define a screening test for the vibration transmission through gloves. It is recognized that many factors influence the transmission of vibration through gloves. Therefore the transmissibility value according to this standard is not sufficient to assess the health risk due to vibration.

The transmissibility of vibration is measured and reported for two input spectra, which are representative of the vibration of some tools, and may be reported as a function of frequency.

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Foreword

[This foreword is not part of the Nationally Adopted International Standard (NAIS), Mechanical vibration and shock – Evaluation of human exposure to whole body vibration – Part 1: General requirements, ANSI S3.18-2002, ISO 2631-1:1997.]

This Nationally Adopted International Standard (NAIS) comprises a part of a group of definitions, standards, and specifications for use in acoustical work. It has been adopted by the American National Standards Institute utilizing the Accredited Standards Committee Procedures, under the Secretariat of the Acoustical Society of America.

Accredited Standards Committee S3, Bioacoustics, under whose jurisdiction this NAIS Standard was adopted, has the following scope:

Standards, specifications, methods of measurement and test, and terminology in the fields of psychological and physiological acoustics, including aspects of general acoustics, shock, and vibration which pertain to biological safety, tolerance and comfort.

This Standard is identical to International Standard ISO 2631-1:1997, Mechanical vibration and shock – Evaluation of human exposure to whole body vibration, which was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 108, Mechanical vibration and shock, Subcommittee SC 4, Human exposure to Mechanical vibration and shock.

At the time this NAIS Standard was submitted to Accredited Standards Committee S3, Bioacoustics, for final approval, the membership was as follows:

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Individual Experts of Accredited Standards Committee S3, Bioacoustics, were:

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R. Benson	R. McKinley	H. E. von Gierke
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R. S. Gales	,	R. W. Young
D. Johnson	L. H. Royster	

Working Group S3-39, Human Exposure to Mechanical Vibration and Shock, which assisted Accredited Standards Committee S3, Bioacoustics, in the preparation of this Standard, had the following membership:

D.D. Reynolds -Chair

N. Alem	D. Roley
M. Cherniack	S. D. Smith
R. Dong	E. D. Sussman
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Suggestions for improvement of this Standard will be welcomed. They should be made in writing to Accredited Standards Committee S3, Bioacoustics, in care of the Standards Secretariat, Acoustical Society of America, 35 Pinelawn Road, Suite 114E, Melville, New York 11747-3177.

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1 Scope

This European Standard specifies a method for the laboratory measurement, the data analysis and reporting of the vibration transmissibility of gloves in terms of vibration transmission from a handle to the palm of the hand in the frequency range from 31,5 Hz to 1250 Hz.

The standard is intended to define a screening test for the vibration transmission through gloves. It is recognised that many factors influence the transmission of vibration through gloves. Therefore the transmissibility value according to this standard is not sufficient to assess the health risk due to vibration.

The transmissibility of vibration is measured and reported for two input spectra, which are representative of the vibration of some tools, and may be reported as a function of frequency.

2 Normative References

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references, the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

EN 420	General requirements for gloves
ENV 25349	Mechanical vibration – Guidelines for the measurement and the assessment of human exposure to hand-transmitted vibration (ISO 5349:1986)
ENV 28041	Human response to vibration - Measuring instrumentation (ISO 8041:1990)
EN 61260	Electroacoustics - Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters (IEC 1260:1995)
ISO 2041	Vibration and shock - Vocabulary
ISO 5805	Mechanical vibration and shock affecting man - Vocabulary