

ASCE STANDARD

American Society of Civil Engineers

Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures

Revision of ANSI/ASCE 7-95

This document uses both Système International (SI) units and customary units.





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Published by the American Society of Civil Engineers 1801 Alexander Bell Drive Reston, Virginia 20191-4400

ABSTRACT

ASCE standard, Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures (ASCE 7-98 a revision of ANSI/ASCE 7-95), gives requirements for dead, live, soil, flood, wind, snow, rain, ice, and earthquake loads, and their combinations, that are suitable for inclusion in building codes and other documents. The major revision of this standard involves the section on wind loads. This section has been greatly expanded to in-clude the latest information in the field of wind load engineering. Requirements have been added for flood loads and ice loads. An appendix on serviceability requirements has also been added. The structural load requirements provided by this standard are intended for use by architects, structural engineers, and those engaged in preparing and administering local building codes.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Minimum design loads for buildings and other structures / American Society of Civil Engineers

p. cm. "ASCE 7-98"

"Revision of ANSI/ASCE 7-95." "Approved October 1999."

"Published January 2000."

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0-7844-0445-3

1. Structural engineering—United States. 2. Standards, Engineering—United States. 1. American Society of Civil Engineers. TH851.M56 1996

624.1'72-dc21

94-3854 CIP

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Third printing.

STANDARDS

In April 1980, the Board of Direction approved ASCE Rules for Standards Committees to govern the writing and maintenance of standards developed by the Society. All such standards are developed by a consensus standards process managed by the Management Group F (MGF), Codes and Standards. The consensus process includes balloting by the balanced standards committee made up of Society members and nonmembers, balloting by the membership of ASCE as a whole, and balloting by the public. All standards are updated or reaffirmed by the same process at intervals not exceeding 5 years.

The following Standards have been issued.

- ANSI/ASCE 1-82 N-725 Guideline for Design and Analysis of Nuclear Safety Related Earth Structures
- ANSI/ASCE 2-91 Measurement of Oxygen Transfer in Clean Water
- ANSI/ASCE 3-91 Standard for the Structural Design of Composite Slabs and ANSI/ASCE 9-91 Standard Practice for the Construction and Inspection of Composite Slabs
- ANSE 4-86 Seismic Analysis of Safety-Related Nuclear Structures
- Building Code Requirements for Masonry Structures (ACI530-99/ASCE5-99/TMS402-99) and Specifications for Masonry Structures (ACI530.1-99/ ASCE6-99/TMS602-99)
- ANSI/ASCE 7-98 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures
- ANSI/ASCE 8-90 Standard Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Stainless Steel Structural Members

ANSI/ASCE 9-91 listed with ASCE 3-91

- ANSI/ASCE 10-97 Design of Latticed Steel Transmission Structures
- ANSI/ASCE 11-90 Guideline for Structural Condition Assessment of Existing Buildings
- ANSI/ASCE 12-91 Guideline for the Design of Urban Subsurface Drainage
- ASCE 13-93 Standard Guidelines for Installation of Urban Subsurface Drainage
- ASCE 14-93 Standard Guidelines for Operation and Maintenance of Urban Subsurface Drainage
- ANSI/ASCE 15-93 Standard Practice for Direct Design of Buried Precast Concrete Pipe Using Standard Installations (SIDD)
- ASCE 16-95 Standard for Load and Resistance Factor Design (LRFD) of Engineered Wood Construction
- ASCE 17-96 Air-Supported Structures
- ASCE 18-96 Standard Guidelines for In-Process Oxygen Transfer Testing
- ASCE 19-96 Structural Applications of Steel Cables for Buildings
- ASCE 20-96 Standard Guidelines for the Design and Installation of Pile Foundations
- ASCE 21-96 Automated People Mover Standards— Part 1
- ASCE 21-98 Automated People Mover Standards— Part 2
- ASCE 22-97 Independent Project Peer Review
- ASCE 23-97 Specification for Structural Steel Beams with Web Openings
- ASCE 24-98 Flood Resistant Design and Construction
- ASCE 25-97 Earthquake-Actuated Automatic Gas Shut-Off Devices

This document has been carefully reviewed, edited, and proofread. However, to notify readers of any errata in the text, ASCE has set up the following web site: www.seinstitute.org/pdf/errata.pdf

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FOREWORD

The material presented in this publication has been prepared in accordance with recognized engineering principles. This Standard and Commentary should not be used without first securing competent advice with respect to their suitability for any given application. The publication of the material contained herein is not intended as a representation or warranty

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) acknowledges the work of the Minimum Design Loads on Buildings and Other Structures Standards Committee of the Codes and Standards Activities Division of the Structural Engineering Institute. This group comprises individuals from many backgrounds including: consulting engineering, research, construction industry, education, government, design and private practice.

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Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE

This standard provides minimum load requirements for the design of buildings and other structures that are subject to building code requirements. Loads and appropriate load combinations, which have been developed to be used together, are set forth for strength design and allowable stress design. For design strengths and allowable stress limits, design specifications for conventional structural materials used in buildings and modifications contained in this standard shall be followed.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply to the provisions of the entire standard.

Allowable stress design: A method of proportioning structural members such that elastically computed stresses produced in the members by nominal loads do not exceed specified allowable stresses (also called working stress design).

Authority having jurisdiction: The organization, political subdivision, office or individual charged with the responsibility of administering and enforcing the provisions of this standard.

Buildings: Structures, usually enclosed by walls and a roof, constructed to provide support or shelter for an intended occupancy.

Design strength: The product of the nominal strength and a resistance factor.

Essential facilities: Buildings and other structures that are intended to remain operational in the event of extreme environmental loading from wind, snow or earthquakes.

Factored load: The product of the nominal load and a load factor.

Limit state: A condition beyond which a structure or member becomes unfit for service and is judged either to be no longer useful for its intended function (serviceability limit state) or to be unsafe (strength limit state).

Load effects: Forces and deformations produced in structural members by the applied loads.

Load factor: A factor that accounts for deviations of the actual load from the nominal load, for uncertainties in the analysis that transforms the load into a load effect, and for the probability that more than one extreme load will occur simultaneously.

Loads: Forces or other actions that result from the weight of all building materials, occupants and their possessions, environmental effects, differential movement, and restrained dimensional changes. Permanent loads are those loads in which variations over time are rare or of small magnitude. All other loads are variable loads. (See also nominal loads.)

Nominal loads: The magnitudes of the loads specified in Sections 3 through 9 (dead, live, soil, wind, snow, rain, flood and earthquake) of this standard.

Nominal strength: The capacity of a structure or member to resist the effects of loads, as determined by computations using specified material strengths and dimensions and formulas derived from accepted principles of structural mechanics or by field tests or laboratory tests of scaled models, allowing for modeling effects and differences between laboratory and field conditions.

Occupancy: The purpose for which a building or other structure, or part thereof, is used or intended to be used.

Other structures: Structures, other than buildings, for which loads are specified in this standard.

P-delta effect: The second order effect on shears and moments of frame members induced by axial loads on a laterally displaced building frame.

Resistance factor: A factor that accounts for deviations of the actual strength from the nominal strength and the manner and consequences of failure (also called strength reduction factor).

Strength design: A method of proportioning structural members such that the computed forces produced in the members by the factored loads do not exceed the member design strength (also called load and resistance factor design).

Temporary facilities: Buildings or other structures that are to be in service for a limited time and have a limited exposure period for environmental loadings.

1.3 BASIC REQUIREMENTS

1.3.1 Strength

Buildings and other structures, and all parts thereof, shall be designed and constructed to support