Standard Guidelines for the Design, Installation, and Operation and Maintenance of Urban Subsurface Drainage

This document uses both the International System of Units (SI) and customary units







ASCE STANDARD

ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 12-13 ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 13-13 ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 14-13

American Society of Civil Engineers

Standard Guidelines for the Design, Installation, and Operation and Maintenance of Urban Subsurface Drainage

Three Complete Standards

Standard Guidelines for the Design of Urban Subsurface Drainage
ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 12-13

Standard Guidelines for the Installation of Urban Subsurface Drainage
ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 13-13

Standard Guidelines for the Operation and Maintenance of Urban Subsurface Drainage

ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 14-13

This document uses both the International System of Units (SI) and customary units.







Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Standard guidelines for the design, installation, and operation and maintenance of urban subsurface drainage: three complete standards.

pages cm

At head of title: American Society of Civil Engineers.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 978-0-7844-1305-0 (print) - ISBN 978-0-7844-7793-9 (pdf)

1. Subsurface drainage—Standards—United States. 2. Sewerage—Standards—United States. 3. Storm sewers—Standards—United States. I. American Society of Civil Engineers. II. Title: American Society of Civil Engineers standard guidelines for the design, installation, operation, and maintenance of urban subsurface drainage.

TC970.S6828 2013 628'.2021873-dc23

2013026708

Published by American Society of Civil Engineers 1801 Alexander Bell Drive Reston, Virginia 20191 www.asce.org/pubs

This standard was developed by a consensus standards development process which has been accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). Accreditation by ANSI, a voluntary accreditation body representing public and private sector standards development organizations in the United States and abroad, signifies that the standards development process used by ASCE has met the ANSI requirements for openness, balance, consensus, and due process.

While ASCE's process is designed to promote standards that reflect a fair and reasoned consensus among all interested participants, while preserving the public health, safety, and welfare that is paramount to its mission, it has not made an independent assessment of and does not warrant the accuracy, completeness, suitability, or utility of any information, apparatus, product, or process discussed herein. ASCE does not intend, nor should anyone interpret, ASCE's standards to replace the sound judgment of a competent professional, having knowledge and experience in the appropriate field(s) of practice, nor to substitute for the standard of care required of such professionals in interpreting and applying the contents of this standard.

ASCE has no authority to enforce compliance with its standards and does not undertake to certify products for compliance or to render any professional services to any person or entity.

ASCE disclaims any and all liability for any personal injury, property damage, financial loss, or other damages of any nature whatsoever, including without limitation any direct, indirect, special, exemplary, or consequential damages, resulting from any person's use of, or reliance on, this standard. Any individual who relies on this standard assumes full responsibility for such use.

ASCE and American Society of Civil Engineers—Registered in U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Photocopies and permissions. Permission to photocopy or reproduce material from ASCE publications can be obtained by sending an e-mail to permissions@asce.org or by locating a title in ASCE's online database (http://cedb.asce.org) and using the "Permission to Reuse" link.

Copyright © 2013 by the American Society of Civil Engineers. All Rights Reserved. ISBN 978-0-7844-1305-0 (print) ISBN 978-0-7844-7793-9 (PDF) Manufactured in the United States of America.

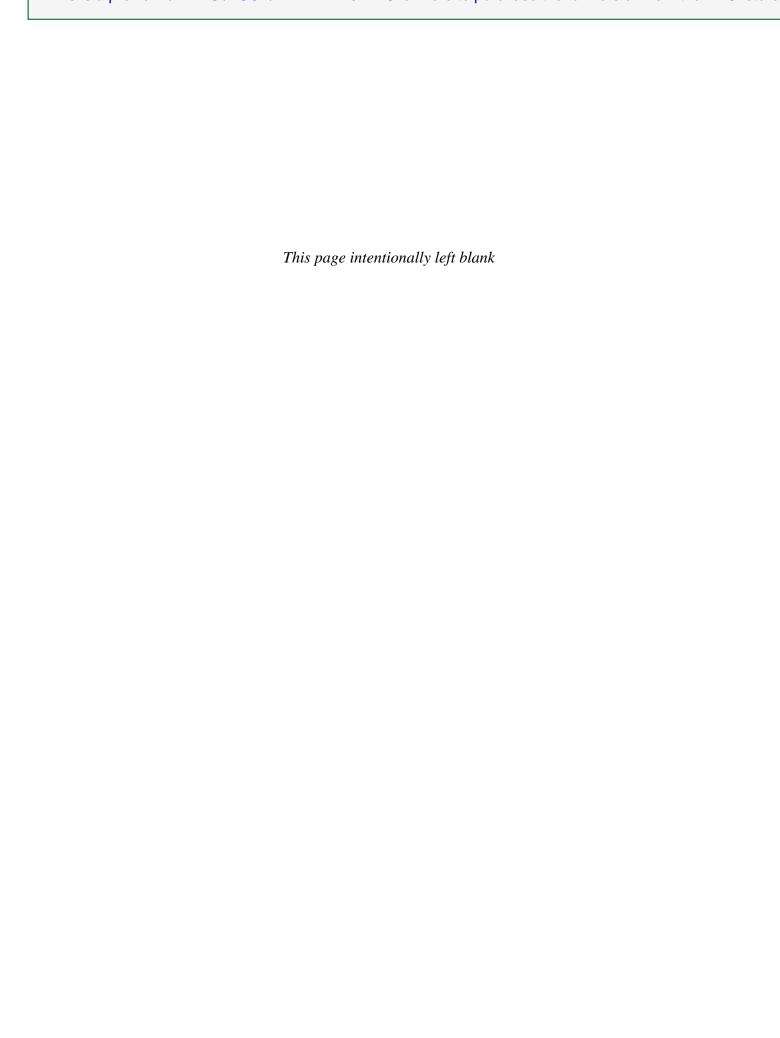
STANDARDS

In 2006, the Board of Direction approved the revision to the ASCE Rules for Standards Committees to govern the writing and maintenance of standards developed by the Society. All such standards are developed by a consensus standards process managed by the Society's Codes and Standards Committee (CSC). The consensus process includes balloting by a balanced standards committee made up of Society members and nonmembers, balloting by the membership of the Society as a whole, and balloting by the public. All standards are updated or reaffirmed by the same process at intervals not exceeding five years.

The following standards have been issued:

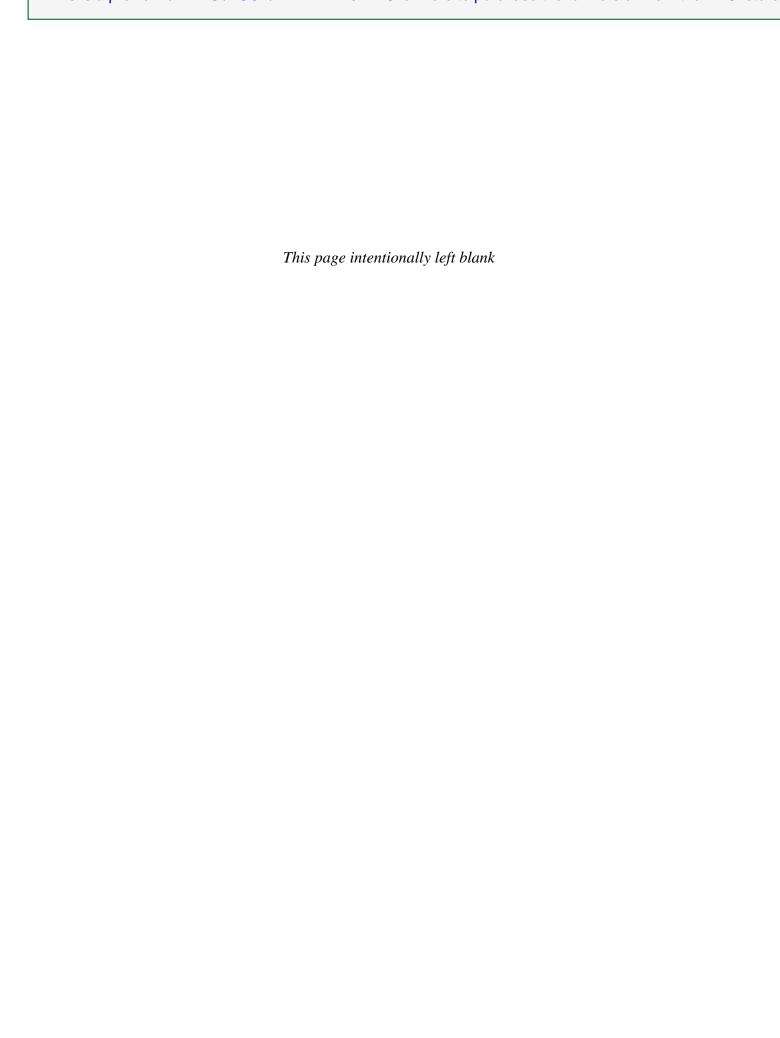
- ANSI/ASCE 1-82 N-725 Guideline for Design and Analysis of Nuclear Safety Related Earth Structures
- ASCE/EWRI 2-06 Measurement of Oxygen Transfer in Clean Water
- ANSI/ASCE 3-91 Standard for the Structural Design of Composite Slabs and ANSI/ASCE 9-91 Standard Practice for the Construction and Inspection of Composite Slabs
- ASCE 4-98 Seismic Analysis of Safety-Related Nuclear Structures
- Building Code Requirements for Masonry Structures (ACI 530-02/ASCE 5-02/TMS 402-02) and Specifications for Masonry Structures (ACI 530.1-02/ASCE 6-02/TMS 602-02)
- ASCE/SEI 7-10 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures
- SEI/ASCE 8-02 Standard Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Stainless Steel Structural Members
- ANSI/ASCE 9-91 listed with ASCE 3-91
- ASCE 10-97 Design of Latticed Steel Transmission Structures SEI/ASCE 11-99 Guideline for Structural Condition Assessment of Existing Buildings
- ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 12-13 Standard Guidelines for the Design of Urban Subsurface Drainage
- ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 13-13 Standard Guidelines for the Installation of Urban Subsurface Drainage
- ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 14-13 Standard Guidelines for the Operation and Maintenance of Urban Subsurface Drainage
- ASCE 15-98 Standard Practice for Direct Design of Buried Precast Concrete Pipe Using Standard Installations (SIDD)
- ASCE 16-95 Standard for Load Resistance Factor Design (LRFD) of Engineered Wood Construction
- ASCE 17-96 Air-Supported Structures
- ASCE 18-96 Standard Guidelines for In-Process Oxygen Transfer Testing
- ASCE 19-10 Structural Applications of Steel Cables for Buildings ASCE 20-96 Standard Guidelines for the Design and Installation of Pile Foundations
- ANSI/ASCE/T&DI 21-13 Automated People Mover Standards SEI/ASCE 23-97 Specification for Structural Steel Beams with Web Openings
- ASCE/SEI 24-05 Flood Resistant Design and Construction
- ASCE/SEI 25-06 Earthquake-Actuated Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices
- ASCE 26-97 Standard Practice for Design of Buried Precast Concrete Box Sections
- ASCE 27-00 Standard Practice for Direct Design of Precast Concrete Pipe for Jacking in Trenchless Construction

- ASCE 28-00 Standard Practice for Direct Design of Precast Concrete Box Sections for Jacking in Trenchless Construction ASCE/SEI/SFPE 29-05 Standard Calculation Methods for
- Structural Fire Protection SEI/ASCE 30-00 Guideline for Condition Assessment of the
- Building Envelope SEI/ASCE 31-03 Seismic Evaluation of Existing Buildings
- SEI/ASCE 32-01 Design and Construction of Frost-Protected Shallow Foundations
- EWRI/ASCE 33-09 Comprehensive Transboundary International Water Quality Management Agreement
- EWRI/ASCE 34-01 Standard Guidelines for Artificial Recharge of Ground Water
- EWRI/ASCE 35-01 Guidelines for Quality Assurance of Installed Fine-Pore Aeration Equipment
- CI/ASCE 36-01 Standard Construction Guidelines for Microtunneling
- SEI/ASCE 37-02 Design Loads on Structures during Construction CI/ASCE 38-02 Standard Guideline for the Collection and Depiction of Existing Subsurface Utility Data
- EWRI/ASCE 39-03 Standard Practice for the Design and Operation of Hail Suppression Projects
- ASCE/EWRI 40-03 Regulated Riparian Model Water Code
- ASCE/SEI 41-06 Seismic Rehabilitation of Existing Buildings ASCE/EWRI 42-04 Standard Practice for the Design and Operation of Precipitation Enhancement Projects
- ASCE/SEI 43-05 Seismic Design Criteria for Structures, Systems, and Components in Nuclear Facilities
- ASCE/EWRI 44-05 Standard Practice for the Design and Operation of Supercooled Fog Dispersal Projects
- ASCE/EWRI 45-05 Standard Guidelines for the Design of Urban Stormwater Systems
- ASCE/EWRI 46-05 Standard Guidelines for the Installation of Urban Stormwater Systems
- ASCE/EWRI 47-05 Standard Guidelines for the Operation and Maintenance of Urban Stormwater Systems
- ASCE/SEI 48-11 Design of Steel Transmission Pole Structures ASCE/SEI 49-07 Wind Tunnel Testing for Buildings and Other Structures
- ASCE/EWRI 50-08 Standard Guideline for Fitting Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity Using Probability Density Functions
- ASCE/EWRI 51-08 Standard Guideline for Calculating the Effective Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity
- ASCE/SEI 52-10 Design of Fiberglass-Reinforced Plastic (FRP) Stacks
- ASCE/G-I 53-10 Compaction Grouting Consensus Guide
- ASCE/EWRI 54-10 Standard Guideline for Geostatistical Estimation and Block-Averaging of Homogeneous and Isotropic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity
- ASCE/SEI 55-10 Tensile Membrane Structures
- ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 56-10 Guidelines for the Physical Security of Water Utilities
- ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 57-10 Guidelines for the Physical Security of Wastewater/Stormwater Utilities
- ASCE/T&DI/ICPI 58-10 Structural Design of Interlocking Concrete Pavement for Municipal Streets and Roadways
- ASCE/SEI 59-11 Blast Protection of Buildings
- ASCE/EWRI 60-12 Guidelines for Development of Effective Water Sharing Agreement



CONTENTS

Standard Guidelines for the Design of Urban Subsurface Drainage, ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 12-13	1
Standard Guidelines for the Installation of Urban Subsurface Drainage, ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 13-13	55
Standard Guidelines for the Operation and Maintenance of Urban Subsurface Drainage, ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 14-13	79
Index	99



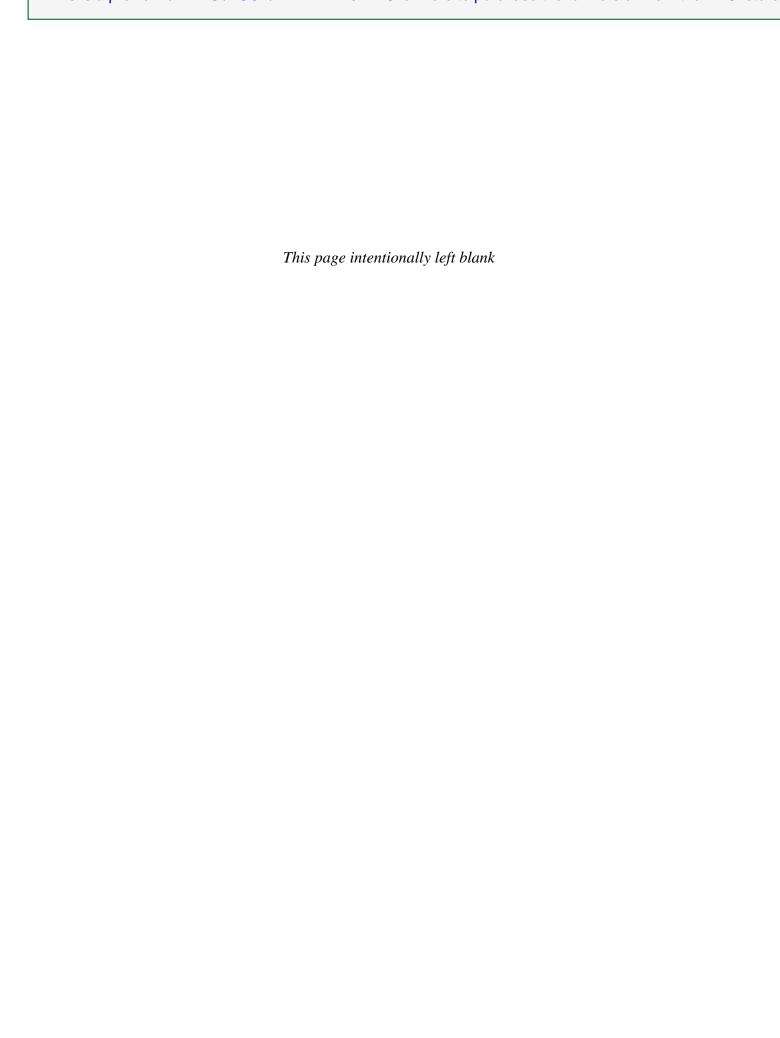
ASCE STANDARD

ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 12-13

American Society of Civil Engineers

Standard Guidelines for

the Design of Urban Subsurface Drainage



CONTENTS

FOR	REWORD				. 6							
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS												
1	Scope 1.1			s								
2	Definitions	8			. 13							
	2.1	General			. 13							
	2.2	Terms			. 13							
3	Site Analy	sis			. 15							
	3.1	General										
	3.2											
		3.2.1										
		3.2.2		hy								
		3.2.3	0 1	ly								
		3.2.4 3.2.5		ble								
		3.2.5		urce								
		3.2.7		racteristics								
		3.2.7	3.2.7.1	General								
			3.2.7.2	Soil Classification								
			3.2.7.3	Strata and Layers								
			3.2.7.4	Hydraulic Conductivity and Permeability								
			3.2.7.5	Soil-Water Chemistry								
			3.2.7.6	Temperature								
			3.2.7.7	Vegetation								
		3.2.8	Environm	nental Factors	. 16							
			3.2.8.1	General	. 16							
			3.2.8.2	Water Quality								
			3.2.8.3	Flooding								
			3.2.8.4	Wetlands								
			3.2.8.5	Principal or Primary Aquifers								
			3.2.8.6	Hydrology								
		3.2.9	Physical (Constraints	. 17							
4	System Co	nfiguration			. 19							
7												
	4.2	Collection	System Ty	ypes								
		4.2.1										
		4.2.2		posites and Geonets								
		4.2.3		branes								
		4.2.4	Geotextile	es	. 19							
		4.2.5	Aggregate	es	. 19							
		4.2.6		iins								
	4.3	•		s and Outlets								
	4.4											
		4.4.1		on Drains								
		4.4.2		ailroads, and Airports								
			4.4.2.1	Longitudinal Drainage System								
			4.4.2.2	Transverse Drainage System								
			4.4.2.3	Base Drainage System								
			4424	Permeable Pavements	20							

		4.4.3	Parking and Other Paved Areas
			4.4.3.1 Pervious Facilities
			4.4.3.2 Impervious Facilities
		4.4.4	Recreational and Turf Areas
		4.4.5	Landscaped Areas
	4.5	* *	ances
		4.5.1	Pumping and Lift Stations
		4.5.2	Vaults
		4.5.3	Manholes
		4.5.4	Cleanouts
5	Drain Env	elopes	
	5.1		
	5.2		ation of Need
	5.3		f Envelopes
		5.3.1	Pipe Holes, Slots, and Joints
		5.3.2	Bedding Envelopes
		5.3.3	Hydraulic Envelopes
	5.4		Materials
	5.1	5.4.1	Natural Materials
		5.1.1	5.4.1.3 Slags
		5.4.2	Artificial Materials
		3.4.2	Authoral Manchais
5	Hydraulic	s and Hydr	ology
	6.1	General I	nformation
	6.2	Water Sou	arces
		6.2.1	Subsurface Water Sources
		6.2.2	Surface Water Sources
	6.3	Establishi	ng the Need for Subsurface Drainage
		6.3.1	General
		6.3.2	Removal Criteria for Different Environments and Climates
		6.3.3	Special Requirements for Paved Surfaces
	6.4		osurface Drainage Theory
	0	6.4.1	Controlled Water Table Elevation
		6.4.2	Drainable Versus Nondrainable Groundwater
		6.4.3	Drainage Formulas and Recommended Practices
		0	6.4.3.1 Steady State
			6.4.3.2 Transient State
	6.5	Subsurfac	te Drain Applications
	0.0	6.5.1	Soil Consolidation Using Wick Drains
		6.5.2	Groundwater Removal with Relief Drains
		6.5.3	Seepage Control with Interceptor Drains
		6.5.4	Water Control of Pavement Structural Sections
	6.6		atflow Continuity
	6.7		Collectors
	0.7	6.7.1	Relief Drains
		6.7.2	Wick Drains and Chimney Drains
		6.7.3	Interceptor Drains
		6.7.4	Perimeter Drains and Edge Drains
	6.8		s of Subsurface Drains
	0.8	6.8.1	Outflow of Collected Water
		6.8.2	
		6.8.3	January II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
		6.8.4	
			Hydraulics of Aggregate Drains
		6.8.5	Hydraulics of Geotextile Drains
		6.8.6	Hydraulics of Geonets and Geocomposite Drains
		6.8.7	Hydraulics of Soil Layer Consolidation Drains
7	Structural	Considerat	ions
	7.1		
		7.1.1	General
		7.1.2	Dead Loads and Live Loads
		7.1.3	Construction Loads

	7.2 7.3	Embedment														41				
	1.3																			41
		7.3.1		d Metal Pi																41
		7.3.2	Thermopla																	41
		7.3.3	Precast Co																	42
		7.3.4	Clay Pipe																	42
	7.4	Other Syst	tems										• •		• •				•	42
8	Materials .																			45
	8.1	Pipe																		45
		8.1.1	Concrete I	Pipe																45
			Gravity Fl																	45
			Pressure F																	45
		8.1.2	Thermopla																	46
		0.1.2	8.1.2.1	Acryloni																46
			0.1.2.1	Gravity 1																46
			8.1.2.2	Polyethy																46
			0.1.2.2	Gravity 1																46
																				46
			8.1.2.3	Pressure	1 Chlor	ida Din	uons .										• •		•	46
			6.1.2.3	Polyviny																
				Gravity 1																46
		0.1.2	1.6 . 1.D.	Pressure																47
		8.1.3	Metal Pipe																	47
			Gravity Fl																	47
		8.1.4	Vitrified C	Clay Pipe.															•	47
			Gravity Fl																	47
	8.2		d Wall Stori																	47
	8.3	Other Mat	erials And	Products.									• •						•	48
9	Codes and	Permits																		49
	9.1																			49
	9.2		 																	49
	9.3		 																	49
	7.3	Termits						• • •					• •		• •	• •		• •	•	77
10	References	3																		51
	10.1		erences																	51
	10.2		eferences .																	52

FOREWORD

The Board of Direction approved revisions to the ASCE Rules for Standards Committees to govern the writing and maintenance of standards developed by ASCE. All such standards are developed by a consensus standards process managed by the ASCE Codes and Standards Committee (CSC). The consensus process includes balloting by a balanced standards committee and reviewing during a public comment period. All standards are updated or reaffirmed by the same process at intervals between five and 10 years. Requests for formal interpretations shall be processed in accordance with Section 7 of ASCE Rules for Standards Committees, which are available at www.asce.org. Errata, addenda, supplements, and interpretations, if any, for these standard guidelines can also be found at www.asce.org.

The Standard Guidelines for the Design of Urban Subsurface Drainage is a companion to the Standard Guidelines for the Installation of Urban Subsurface Drainage and Standard Guidelines for the Operation and Maintenance of Urban Subsurface Drainage. These standard guidelines were developed by the Urban Drainage Standards Committee, which is responsible to the Environmental and Water Resources Institute of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

The provisions of this document are written in permissive language and, as such, offer the user a series of options or instructions but do not prescribe a specific course of action. Significant judgment is left to the user of this document.

These standard guidelines may involve hazardous materials, operations, and equipment. These standard guidelines do not purport to address the safety problems associated with its application. It is the responsibility of whoever uses these standard guidelines to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to determine the applicability of regulatory and nonregulatory limitations.

These standard guidelines have been prepared in accordance with recognized engineering principles and should not be used without the user's competent knowledge for a specific application. The publication of these standard guidelines by ASCE is not intended to warrant that the information contained therein is suitable for any general or specific use, and ASCE takes no position respecting the validity of patent rights. The user is advised that the determination of patent rights or risk of infringement is entirely his or her own responsibility.

6 Standard 12-13

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) acknowledges the work of the Urban Drainage Standards Committee of the Environmental and Water Resources Institute of ASCE (EWRI of ASCE).

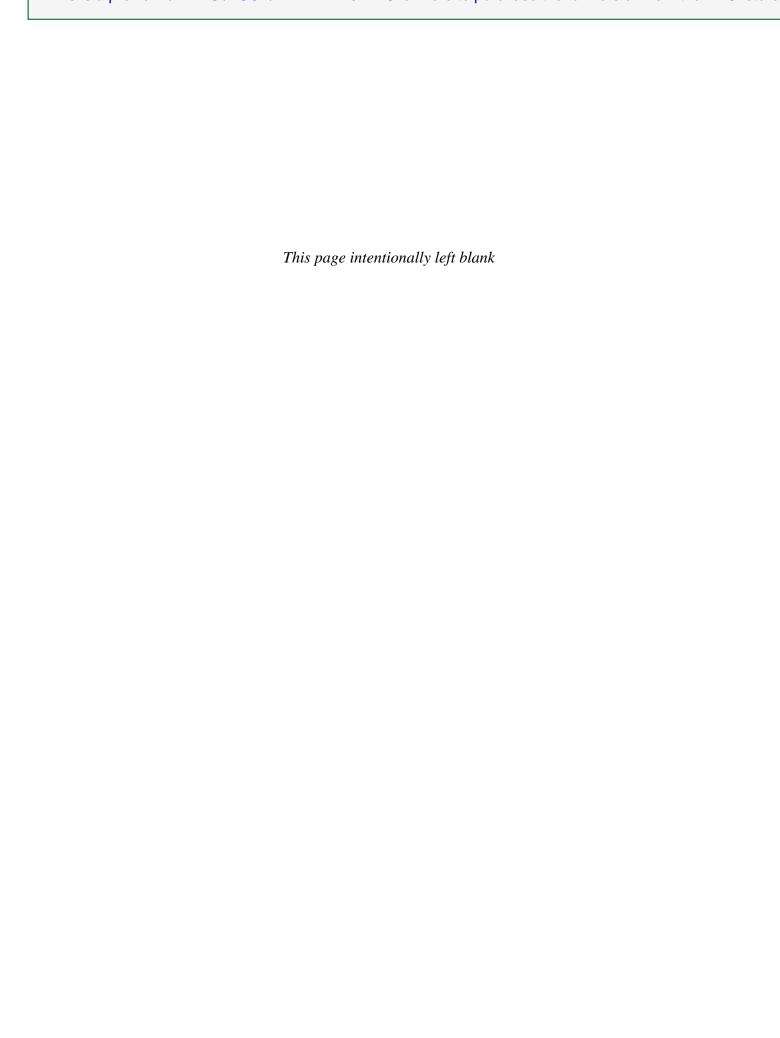
This group comprises individuals from many backgrounds, including consulting engineering, research, the construction industry, education, and government. The individuals who serve on the Urban Drainage Standards Committee are

William Curtis Archdeacon, P.E., R.L.S., Past Chair Kathlie Jeng-Bulloch, Ph.D., P.E., D.WRE, M.ASCE, Chair Christopher B. Burke, Ph.D., P.E., D.WRE, F.ASCE Jeffrey S. Glenn, P.E., D.WRE, CFM, F.ASCE Robert S. Giurato

S. David Graber, P.E., F.ASCE, Vice Chair and Corresponding Editor

Jay M. Herskowitz, P.E., M.ASCE
Conrad G. Keyes, Jr., Ph.D., P.E., L.S., D.WRE,
Dist.M.ASCE
James H. Lenhart, Jr., P.E., D.WRE, M.ASCE
Lawrence M. Magura, P.E., M.ASCE, Secretary
Garvin J. Pederson, P.E., M.ASCE
Anthony N. Tafuri, P.E., D.WRE, M.ASCE
Kenneth E. Waite, P.E., M.ASCE
William J. Weaver, P.E., M.ASCE
Donald E. Woodward, P.E., M.ASCE
Bin Zhang, P.E.

The corresponding editor recognizes the following committee members who were particularly helpful in updating the standard guidelines: Jeffrey S. Glenn, Jay M. Herskowitz, Conrad G. Keyes, Jr., James H. Lenhart, and William J. Weaver.



CHAPTER 1 SCOPE

The intent of these standard guidelines is to present state-of-theart design guidance for urban subsurface drainage in a logical order. It updates ASCE/EWRI 12-05 Standard Guidelines for the Design of Urban Subsurface Drainage with material developed within the past five years. The collection and conveyance of subsurface drainage waters are within the purview of these standard guidelines for applications such as airports; roads; other transportation systems; and industrial, commercial, residential, and recreational areas. Incidental surface water is considered.

These standard guidelines do not address agricultural drainage, landfills, recharge systems, detention ponds, conventional storm sewer design, or the use of injection systems.

Customary units and standard international (SI) units are used throughout this document.

1.1 APPLICABLE STANDARDS

The following standards are available from the offices of the cited organization: American Association of State Highway Officials (AASHTO) in Washington DC; American National Standards Institute/American Water Works Association documents from AWWA in Denver, Colorado; American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) in Reston, Virginia; and ASTM International (ASTM) in West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania. The standards are mentioned in these guidelines in the sections where they are applicable.

The ASTM standard and comparable AASHTO standard for a product are frequently identical; however, there may be some differences, especially when AASHTO standards lag behind ASTM standard revisions. If a separate metric edition of a standard exists, its designation includes the letter M (e.g., C444M).

- AASHTO, Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges, HB-17, 17th Ed., 2002.
- AASHTO, Standard Specification for Fine Aggregate for Hydraulic Cement Concrete, M6, 2008.
- AASHTO, Standard Specification for Classification of Soils and Soil-Aggregate Mixtures for Highway Construction Purposes, M145-91, 2004.
- AASHTO, Standard Specification for Bituminous Coated Corrugated Metal Culvert Pipe and Pipe, M190-04, 2004.
- AASHTO, Standard Practice for Corrugated Polyethylene Drainage Pipe, M252-09, 2009.
- AASHTO, Standard Specification for Precast Reinforced Concrete Box Sections for Culverts, Storm Drains, and Sewers, M259/M259M-00, 2004.
- AASHTO, Standard Specification for Precast Reinforced Concrete Box Sections for Culverts, Storm Drains, and Sewers with Less Than 2 Feet (0.6m) of Cover Subjected to Highway Loading, M273/M273M-00, 2004.

- AASHTO, Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Aluminum Coated (Type 2), for Corrugated Steel Pipe, M274-87, 2004.
- AASHTO, Standard Practice for Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe 300- to 1500-mm (12- to 60-in.), M294-10, 2010.
- AASHTO, Standard Specification for Steel-Reinforced Polyethylene (PE) Ribbed Pipe, 300- to 900-mm (12- to 36-in.) Diameter, MP 20-10, 2010.
- American National Standards Institute/American Water Works Association (ANSI/AWWA) C300-04: *Reinforced Concrete Pressure Pipe, Steel Cylinder Type*, 2004.
- ANSI/AWWA C301-07: Prestressed Concrete Pressure Pipe, Steel Cylinder Type for Water and Other Liquids, 2007.
- ANSI/AWWA C302-04: Reinforced Concrete Pressure Pipe, Noncylinder Type, 2004.
- ANSI/AWWA C303-08: Concrete Pressure Pipe, Bar-Wrapped, Steel-Cylinder Type, 2009.
- ANSI/AWWA C900-07: Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe and Fabricated Fittings, 4 in. Through 12 in. (100-mm Through 300-mm), for Water Transmission and Distribution, 2007.
- ANSI/AWWA C905-10: Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe and Fabricated Fittings, 14 in. Through 48 in. (350mm Through 1200-mm), for Water Transmission and Distribution, 2010.
- ASCE, Standard Practice for Direct Design of Buried Precast Concrete Pipe Using Standard Installations, Standard 15-98, 1998.
- ASCE, Standard Practice for Direct Design of Buried Precast Concrete Box Sections, Standard 26-97, 1997.
- ASCE, Standard Practice for Direct Design of Precast Concrete Pipe for Jacking in Trenchless Construction, Standard 27-00, 2000.
- ASCE, Standard Practice for Direct Design of Precast Concrete Box Sections for Jacking in Trenchless Construction, Standard 28-00, 2000.
- ASCE, Comprehensive Transboundary Water Quality Management Agreement, Standard 33-09, 2009.
- ASTM, Standard Practice for Structural Design of Corrugated Steel Pipe, Pipe-Arches, and Arches for Storm and Sanitary Sewers and Other Buried Appurtenances, A796/A796M-10, 2010.
- ASTM, Standard Specification for Post-Applied Coatings, Pavings, and Linings for Corrugated Steel Sewer and Drainage Pipe, A849-10, 2010.
- ASTM, Standard Specification for Clay Drain Tile and Perforated Clay Drain Tile, C4-04, 2009.
- ASTM, Standard Specification for Installing Vitrified Clay Pipe Lines, C12-09, 2009.
- ASTM, Standard Specification for Nonreinforced Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe, C14-07/C14M-07, 2007.