ASCE STANDARD

30-14

Guideline for Condition Assessment of the Building Envelope

This document uses both the International System of Units (SI) and customary units





ASCE/SEI 30-14

ASCE STANDARD

American Society of Civil Engineers

Guideline for Condition Assessment of the Building Envelope

This document uses both the International System of Units (SI) and customary units.





Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Guideline for condition assessment of the building envelope. pages cm – (ASCE standard ASCE/SEI; 30-14)

ISBN 978-0-7844-1325-8 (print : alk. paper) – ISBN 978-0-7844-7827-1 (ebook)

- 1. Exterior walls-Evaluation-Standards. 2. Building inspection-Standards.
- I. American Society of Civil Engineers. TH2235.G85 2014 690'.12-dc23

2013049279

Published by American Society of Civil Engineers 1801 Alexander Bell Drive Reston, Virginia, 20191-4382 www.asce.org/bookstore | ascelibrary.org

This standard was developed by a consensus standards development process that has been accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). Accreditation by ANSI, a voluntary accreditation body representing public and private sector standards development organizations in the United States and abroad, signifies that the standards development process used by ASCE has met the ANSI requirements for openness, balance, consensus, and due process.

While ASCE's process is designed to promote standards that reflect a fair and reasoned consensus among all interested participants, while preserving the public health, safety, and welfare that is paramount to its mission, ASCE has not made an independent assessment of and does not warrant the accuracy, completeness, suitability, or utility of any information, apparatus, product, or process discussed herein. ASCE does not intend, nor should anyone interpret, ASCE's standards to replace the sound judgment of a competent professional, having knowledge and experience in the appropriate field(s) of practice, nor to substitute for the standard of care required of such professionals in interpreting and applying the contents of this standard.

ASCE has no authority to enforce compliance with its standards and does not undertake to certify products for compliance or to render any professional services to any person or entity.

ASCE disclaims any and all liability for any personal injury, property damage, financial loss, or other damages of any nature whatsoever, including without limitation any direct, indirect, special, exemplary, or consequential damages, resulting from any person's use of, or reliance on, this standard. Any individual who relies on this standard assumes full responsibility for such use.

ASCE and American Society of Civil Engineers—Registered in U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Photocopies and permissions. Permission to photocopy or reproduce material from ASCE publications can be obtained by sending an e-mail to permissions@asce.org or by locating a title in ASCE's online database (http://cedb.asce.org) and using the "Permission to Reuse" link.

Errata: Errata, if any, can be found at http://dx.doi.org/10.1061/9780784413258.

Copyright © 2014 by the American Society of Civil Engineers. All Rights Reserved.
ISBN 978-0-7844-1325-8 (paper)
ISBN 978-0-7844-7827-1 (PDF)
Manufactured in the United States of America.

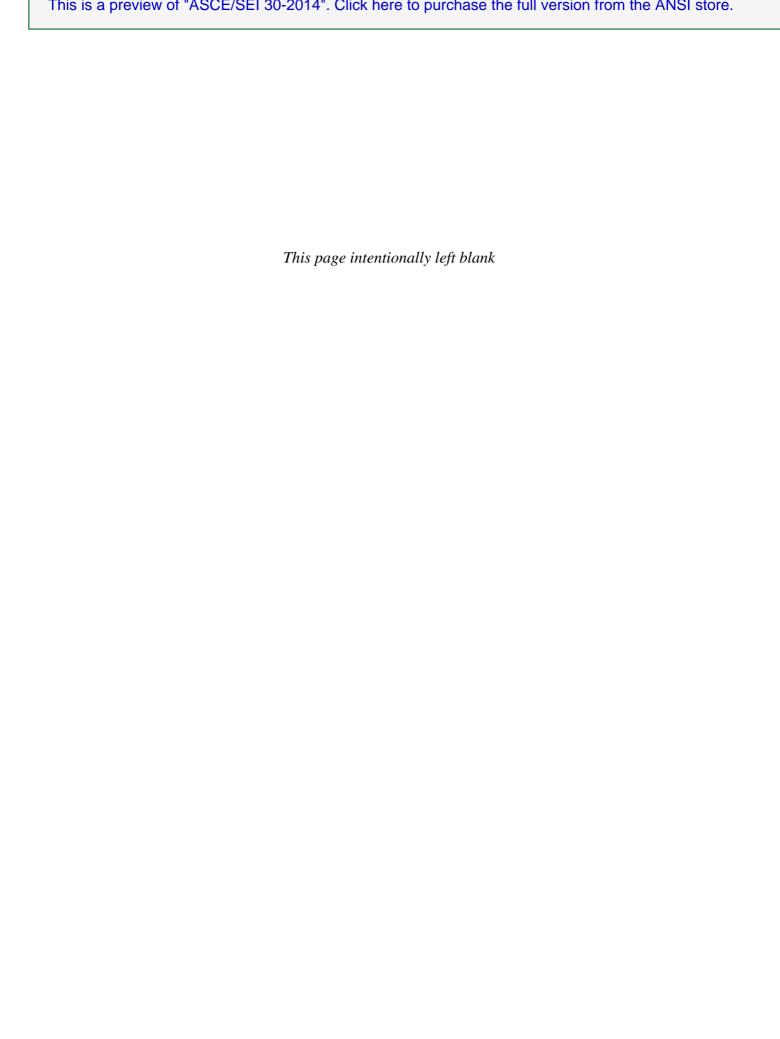
STANDARDS

In 2006, the Board of Direction approved the revision to the ASCE Rules for Standards Committees to govern the writing and maintenance of standards developed by the Society. All such standards are developed by a consensus standards process managed by the Society's Codes and Standards Committee (CSC). The consensus process includes balloting by a balanced standards committee made up of Society members and nonmembers, balloting by the membership of the Society as a whole, and balloting by the public. All standards are updated or reaffirmed by the same process at intervals not exceeding five years.

The following standards have been issued:

- ANSI/ASCE 1-82 N-725 Guideline for Design and Analysis of Nuclear Safety Related Earth Structures
- ASCE/EWRI 2-06 Measurement of Oxygen Transfer in Clean Water
- ANSI/ASCE 3-91 Standard for the Structural Design of Composite Slabs and ANSI/ASCE 9-91 Standard Practice for the Construction and Inspection of Composite Slabs
- ASCE 4-98 Seismic Analysis of Safety-Related Nuclear Structures
- Building Code Requirements for Masonry Structures (ACI 530-13/ASCE 5-13/TMS 402-13) and Specifications for Masonry Structures (ACI 530.1-13/ASCE 6-13/TMS 602-13)
- ASCE/SEI 7-10 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures
- SEI/ASCE 8-02 Standard Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Stainless Steel Structural Members
- ANSI/ASCE 9-91 listed with ASCE 3-91
- ASCE 10-97 Design of Latticed Steel Transmission Structures SEI/ASCE 11-99 Guideline for Structural Condition Assessment of Existing Buildings
- ASCE/EWRI 12-13 Standard Guidelines for the Design of Urban Subsurface Drainage
- ASCE/EWRI 13-13 Standard Guidelines for the Installation of Urban Subsurface Drainage
- ASCE/EWRI 14-13 Standard Guidelines for the Operation and Maintenance of Urban Subsurface Drainage
- ASCE 15-98 Standard Practice for Direct Design of Buried Precast Concrete Pipe Using Standard Installations (SIDD)
- ASCE 16-95 Standard for Load Resistance Factor Design (LRFD) of Engineered Wood Construction
- ASCE 17-96 Air-Supported Structures
- ASCE 18-96 Standard Guidelines for In-Process Oxygen Transfer Testing
- ASCE 19-10 Structural Applications of Steel Cables for Buildings
- ASCE 20-96 Standard Guidelines for the Design and Installation of Pile Foundations
- ANSI/ASCE/T&DI 21-13 Automated People Mover Standards SEI/ASCE 23-97 Specification for Structural Steel Beams with Web Openings
- ASCE/SEI 24-05 Flood Resistant Design and Construction ASCE/SEI 25-06 Earthquake-Actuated Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices
- ASCE 26-97 Standard Practice for Design of Buried Precast Concrete Box Sections
- ASCE 27-00 Standard Practice for Direct Design of Precast Concrete Pipe for Jacking in Trenchless Construction

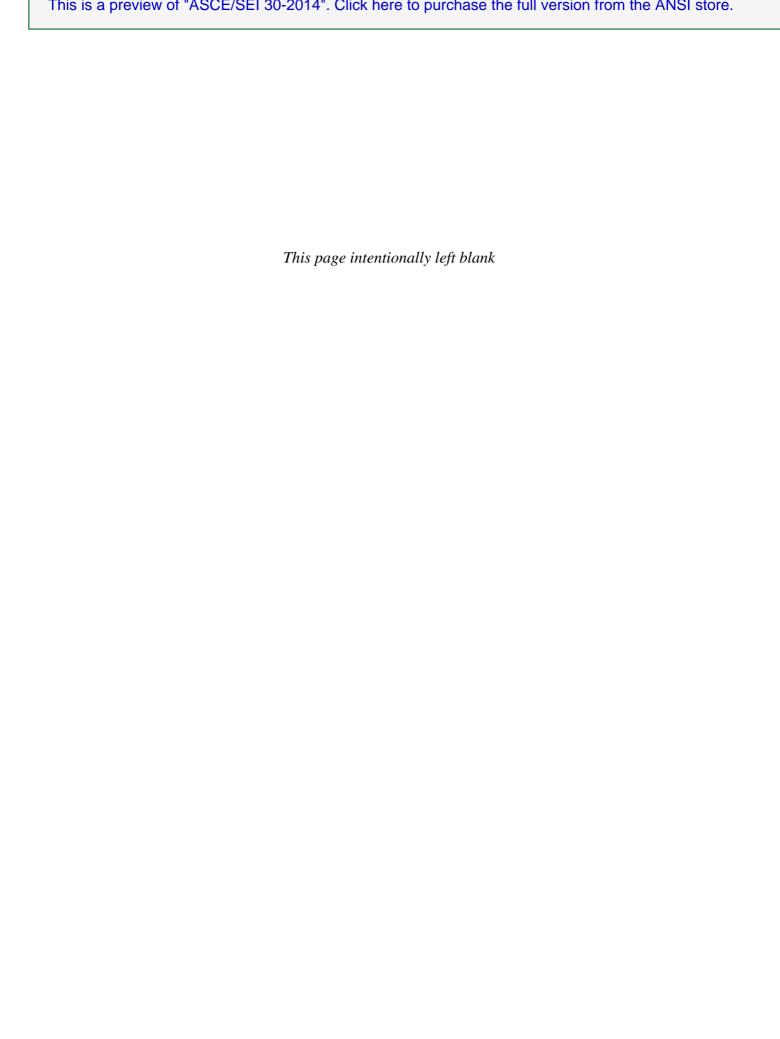
- ASCE 28-00 Standard Practice for Direct Design of Precast Concrete Box Sections for Jacking in Trenchless Construction ASCE/SEI/SFPE 29-05 Standard Calculation Methods for Structural Fire Protection
- SEI/ASCE 30-14 Guideline for Condition Assessment of the Building Envelope
- SEI/ASCE 31-03 Seismic Evaluation of Existing Buildings SEI/ASCE 32-01 Design and Construction of Frost-Protected Shallow Foundations
- EWRI/ASCE 33-09 Comprehensive Transboundary International Water Quality Management Agreement
- EWRI/ASCE 34-01 Standard Guidelines for Artificial Recharge of Ground Water
- EWRI/ASCE 35-01 Guidelines for Quality Assurance of Installed Fine-Pore Aeration Equipment
- CI/ASCE 36-01 Standard Construction Guidelines for Microtunneling
- SEI/ASCE 37-02 Design Loads on Structures during Construction
- CI/ASCE 38-02 Standard Guideline for the Collection and Depiction of Existing Subsurface Utility Data
- EWRI/ASCE 39-03 Standard Practice for the Design and Operation of Hail Suppression Projects
- ASCE/EWRI 40-03 Regulated Riparian Model Water Code ASCE/SEI 41-06 Seismic Rehabilitation of Existing Buildings
- ASCE/EWRI 42-04 Standard Practice for the Design and Operation of Precipitation Enhancement Projects
- ASCE/SEI 43-05 Seismic Design Criteria for Structures, Systems, and Components in Nuclear Facilities
- ASCE/EWRI 44-05 Standard Practice for the Design and Operation of Supercooled Fog Dispersal Projects
- ASCE/EWRI 45-05 Standard Guidelines for the Design of Urban Stormwater Systems
- ASCE/EWRI 46-05 Standard Guidelines for the Installation of Urban Stormwater Systems
- ASCE/EWRI 47-05 Standard Guidelines for the Operation and Maintenance of Urban Stormwater Systems
- ASCE/SEI 48-11 Design of Steel Transmission Pole Structures ASCE/SEI 49-12 Wind Tunnel Testing for Buildings and Other Structures
- ASCE/EWRI 50-08 Standard Guideline for Fitting Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity Using Probability Density Functions
- ASCE/EWRI 51-08 Standard Guideline for Calculating the Effective Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity
- ASCE/SEI 52-10 Design of Fiberglass-Reinforced Plastic (FRP) Stacks
- ASCE/G-I 53-10 Compaction Grouting Consensus Guide ASCE/EWRI 54-10 Standard Guideline for Geostatistical Estimation and Block-Averaging of Homogeneous and Isotropic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity
- ASCE/SEI 55-10 Tensile Membrane Structures
- ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 56-10 Guidelines for the Physical Security of Water Utilities
- ANSI/ASCE/EWRI 57-10 Guidelines for the Physical Security of Wastewater/Stormwater Utilities
- ASCE/T&DI/ICPI 58-10 Structural Design of Interlocking Concrete Pavement for Municipal Streets and Roadways
- ASCE/SEI 59-11 Blast Protection of Buildings
- ASCE/EWRI 60-12 Guidelines for Development of Effective Water Sharing Agreement



FOREWORD

The Board of Direction approved revisions to the ASCE Rules for Standards Committees to govern the writing and maintenance of standards developed by ASCE. All such standards are developed by a consensus standards process managed by the ASCE Codes and Standards Committee (CSC). The consensus process includes balloting by a balanced standards committee and reviewing during a public comment period. All standards are updated or reaffirmed by the same process at intervals of five years.

This standard has been prepared in accordance with recognized engineering principles and should not be used without the user's competent knowledge for a given application. The publication of this standard by ASCE is not intended to warrant that the information contained therein is suitable for any general or specific use, and ASCE takes no position respecting the validity of patent rights. The user is advised that the determination of patent rights or risk of infringement is entirely their own responsibility.



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) acknowledges the work of the Condition Assessment of the Building Envelope Committee of the Codes and Standards Activities Division of the Structural Engineering Institute. This group comprises individuals from many backgrounds, including consulting engineering, research, construction industry, education, government, design, and private practice.

This revision of the standard began in 2001 and incorporates information as described in the commentary.

This standard was prepared through the consensus standards process by balloting in compliance with procedures of ASCE's Codes and Standards Activities Committee. Those individuals who serve on the Standards Committee are the following:

William A. Andrews, P.E.
Tore O. Arnesen, P.E.
Carl A. Baumert, P.E., Former Chair
William Lee Coulbourne, P.E.
Jennifer B. Davis
David A. Deress, P.E., Former Chair
Dan Eschenasy, P.E.
Mary Williams Goodson, P.E., Secretary
Melvyn Green, P.E.
Neil B. Hall
Philip T. Hodge, P.E.
Camille A. Issa, Ph.D., P.E.
Nancy A. McNabb

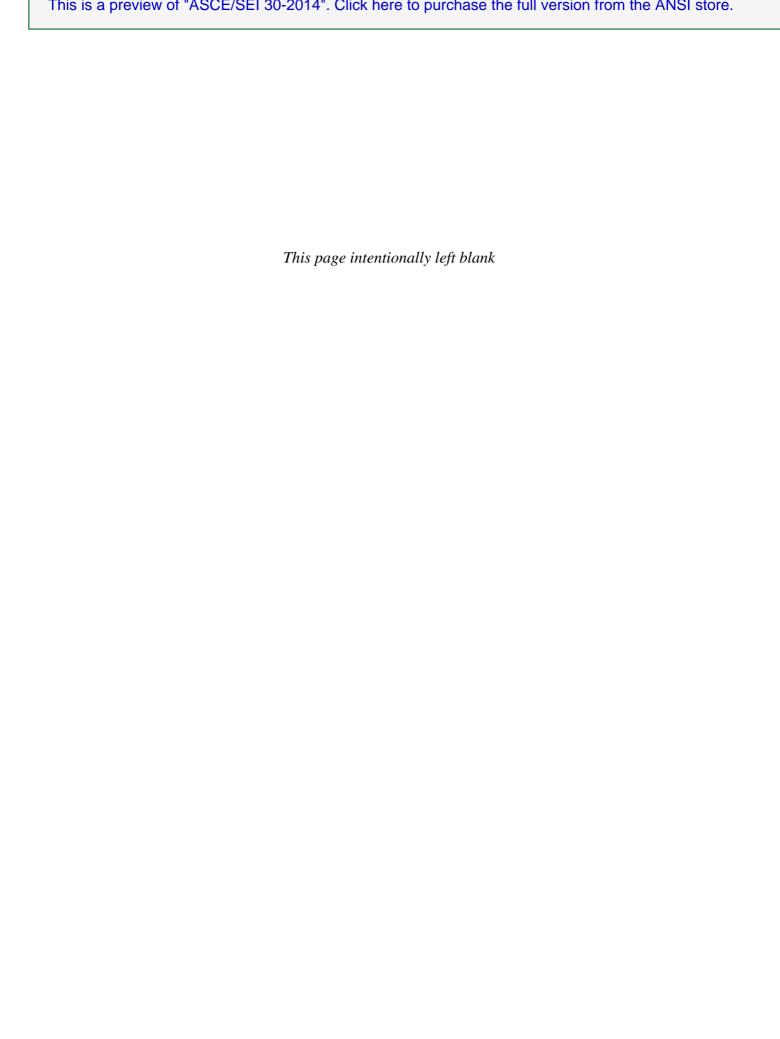
Paul L. Millman, P.E.
George R. Mulholland, P.E., Chair
Antonio Nanni, Ph.D., P.E.
William R. Nash, P.E.
Joseph F. Neussendorfer
Dai H. Oh, P.E.
Lance Parker
Gregory P. Parsons, P.E.
James Pielert, P.E.
Robert T. Ratay, Ph.D., P.E.
David Roebuck, P.E.
Demetrios G. Stathopoulos, P.E.
Jeffrey A. Travis, P.E.

Brian E. Trimble, P.E. Gary I. Udall, R.A.

Core Group

George R. Mulholland, P.E., Chair Mary Williams Goodson, P.E., Secretary David A. Deress, P.E., Former Chair Tore O. Arnesen, P.E. Jeffrey A. Travis, P.E.

Special thanks to Julia Benjamin and Sue Sellers for all their help with this document.



CONTENTS

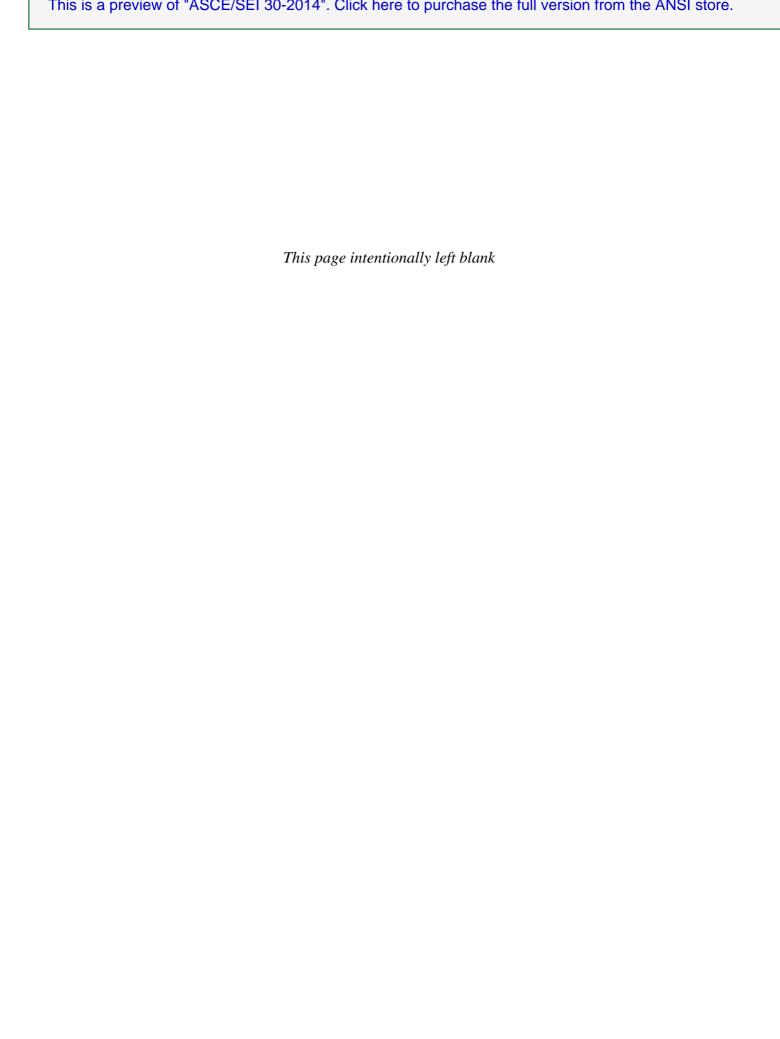
ST	STANDARDS											
FOREWORD												
A	CKNO	WLEDGMENTS	vii									
1	Gene	al	1									
1	1.1	Scope and Intent	1									
	1.2	Purpose of Assessment	1									
	1.3	Types of Assessment	1									
		1.3.1 Cursory Assessment	1									
		1.3.3 Detailed Assessment	1									
	1.4	Safety	1									
	1.5	Qualifications and Equipment.	1									
		1.5.1 Personnel Qualifications	1									
		1.5.2 Equipment	1									
	1.6	Agreements	1									
		1.6.1 Services	1									
		1.6.2 Compensation	2									
		1.6.3 Authority and Accessibility	2									
		1.6.4 Liability	2									
		1.6.5 Agreements or Contracts	2									
	1.7	1.6.6 Legal Obligations	2									
	1.7	Definitions	2									
2	Build 2.1 2.2 2.3	ng Envelope Systems, Component Features, and Materials	5 5 5									
	2.0	2.3.1 Low Slope Systems	5									
		2.3.2 Steep Slope Systems	6									
	2.4	Wall Systems	7									
		2.4.1 Unreinforced Concrete	8									
		2.4.2 Reinforced Concrete	8									
		2.4.3 Precast Concrete	8									
		2.4.4 Unreinforced Masonry	9									
		2.4.5 Reinforced Masonry	9									
		2.4.6 Unreinforced Masonry Cavity Wall	9									
		2.4.7 Reinforced Masonry Cavity Wall	9									
		2.4.8 Masonry Veneer with Wood or Steel Stud Backup	10									
		2.4.9 Siding Systems with Wood or Steel Stud Backup	10									
		2.4.10 Architectural Precast Concrete	10									
		2.4.11 Glass Fiber Reinforced Concrete Panel	10									
		2.4.12 Aluminum Frame Curtain Wall	10									
		2.4.13 Interlocking Metal Panel Wall	10									
		2.4.14 Thin Stone Veneer Panel	10 10									
	2.5	2.4.15 Prefabricated Masonry Panels Fenestration Systems	11									
	2.6	Building Appendages	11									
	2.0	Building Appendiges	11									

2.7	Foundati	on Wall Systems								
	2.7.1	Cast-in-Place Concrete								
	2.7.2	Masonry								
	2.7.3	Wood								
	2.7.4	Waterproofing Systems								
	2.7.5 Drainage Systems									
2.8	Deck Wa	aterproofing Systems								
	2.8.1	Exposed Membrane Systems								
	2.8.2	Protected Membrane Systems								
2.9	Undergr	ound Structures								
2.10		tructures								
2.11		ions and Terminations								
2.12		Component Features								
2.12	2.12.1	Acoustical Resistance								
	2.12.1	Aesthetic Treatment								
	2.12.2	Air Infiltration								
	2.12.3									
	2.12.5	Durability								
	2.12.6	Fire Resistance								
	2.12.7	Historic Significance								
	2.12.8	Interface Compatibility								
	2.12.9	Movement Control								
	2.12.10	Natural Light and Ventilation								
	2.12.11	Security								
	2.12.12	Serviceability								
	2.12.13	Solar Heat Gain								
	2.12.14	Strength								
	2.12.15	Thermal Resistance								
	2.12.16	Water Infiltration								
	2.12.17	Wildlife, Insect, and Organism Resistance.								
	2.12.17	whether, insect, and organism resistance.								
Cond	ition Acce	ssment Procedure								
3.1		Approach								
3.2		Condition Assessment								
3.3										
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
3.4		ary Condition Assessment								
	3.4.1	Document Review								
	3.4.2	General Observations								
	3.4.3	Interviews with Involved Parties								
	3.4.4	Identification of Typical Problem Areas								
3.5	Prelimin	ary Report								
	3.5.1	Preliminary Findings								
	3.5.2	Identification of Legal and/or Code Compliance Issues								
	3.5.3	Preliminary Conclusions								
	3.5.4	Preliminary Recommendations								
3.6		ent of Scope for the Detailed Assessment								
3.7		Condition Assessment								
3.7	3.7.1	Component Classification								
	3.7.2	Use and Coordination of Consultants								
3.8		nt Review								
3.0	3.8.1									
		Original Design and Construction Documents								
	3.8.2	Design Basis								
	3.8.3	Records of Previous Alterations and Repairs								
2.0	3.8.4	Documentation of Problems								
3.9	Field Investigation for Detailed Condition Assessment									
	3.9.1 Test Method and Area Selection									
	3.9.2	Method for Recording Observations								
	3.9.3	Detailed Interior Observations								
	3.9.4	Detailed Exterior Observations								
	3.9.5	Disassembly of Selected Building Elements								
	3.9.6	Field Testing								
		3.9.6.1 Structural Testing								
		3.9.6.2 Corrosion-Related Testing								
		3.9.6.3 Water Leakage Testing								

3

x Contents

		3.9.7	3.9.6.5 3.9.6.6	Air Infiltration Testing	22 22 22 22
4	Evalu 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8	General Methods Acceptar Performa Objective Analysis Forensics	nce Criter ance Attrib es	ia	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23
5	Repor 5.1 5.2	Executiv	e Summa tion Purpose Scope of 5.2.2.1 5.2.2.2 5.2.2.3 5.2.2.4 Methods 5.2.3.1	Assessment ry of Assessment f Investigation Cursory Condition Assessment Preliminary Condition Assessment Detailed Condition Assessment Testing and Techniques Data Collection and Documentation Testing	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2
	5.3	5.3.1 5.3.2 5.3.3 5.3.4 5.3.5	Meeting ion of Bui General Dates of History Input fro Collecte	s	25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26
	5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 5.12	5.4.1 5.4.2 5.4.3 Building Testing F Analysis Discussio Summary Conclusi Recomm	on of Fiel Overvier Survey. Observa Code Re Program. on y of Study ons	d Investigation w tions and Their Significance view	26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26
Aj	ppendix	A Repo	ort of the	Condition Assessment	27
Aj	ppendix	k B Buile	ding Exte	riors Performance References	29
IN	IDEX .				33



CHAPTER 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE AND INTENT

The intent of this standard is to provide a guideline and methodology for assessing the condition and performance of existing building envelope systems and components and identifying problematic and dysfunctional elements. It applies equally to a building's envelope or portion whose primary purpose may be to serve as the supporting structural system of the building. The reader may also wish to refer to ASCE Standard 11—Guideline for Structural Condition Assessment of Existing Buildings. This standard may be a source of comprehensive information for clients such as building owners, prospective purchasers, tenants, regulatory officials, and others.

This standard is primarily directed toward a consultant-client relationship; modifications may be made to the content for condition assessments performed by staff personnel of public agencies and multibuilding owners for management of facilities.

This standard establishes an assessment procedure including investigation, testing methods, and a form for the report of the condition assessment. It assists the investigator in developing a logical approach to the assessment of the building envelope to focus on fundamental defects rather than outward symptoms. The possibility of encountering hazardous materials, such as lead-based paint and asbestos-containing materials, should be considered.

Because any evaluation involves "professional judgment" and contains factors that cannot be readily defined and standardized, a section providing guidance is also included. This section must be used by the design professional as part of the evaluation.

1.2 PURPOSE OF ASSESSMENT

Condition assessment of an existing building envelope may be undertaken for a number of purposes. These purposes may include developing a performance report, establishing building serviceability, planning for maintenance or repair, code compliance, life safety, durability, historic preservation, or a number of special purposes based on the specific building and its current or proposed occupancy or function.

1.3 TYPES OF ASSESSMENT

- **1.3.1 Cursory Assessment.** This is a visual overview of the general condition of the building envelope. It is often used for screening multiple buildings to establish priorities for maintenance and repair or further study.
- **1.3.2 Preliminary Assessment.** A preliminary condition assessment is usually limited in scope. It consists of a site visit for familiarization and to identify problem areas, a review of available documents, an interview of involved parties, and a preliminary report of findings and recommendations.

1.3.3 Detailed Assessment. This is an expansion of the preliminary assessment. It includes a review of documentation, component classification, field investigation, testing, analysis, and report.

1.4 SAFETY

Numerous types of circumstances present a potential hazard to the safety of the personnel involved. Considerations regarding the fieldwork must also allow for the safety of the building occupants and the general public. The responsibility for safety falls upon those involved in the assessment. Structures being assessed may be dangerous and must be made stable to at least an extent to allow inspection access before conducting the assessment in accordance with OSHA and state and local requirements.

1.5 QUALIFICATIONS AND EQUIPMENT

- **1.5.1 Personnel Qualifications.** All personnel involved in the assessment shall possess the technical qualifications, including practical experience, education, and professional judgment required to perform the individual technical tasks assigned. Interpretation of results and conclusions shall be performed by a design professional qualified in the appropriate discipline.
- **1.5.2 Equipment.** Equipment shall be obtained as appropriate to accomplish or perform the various tests and inspection methods specified in the standard. Whenever necessary, equipment shall include items needed to provide a safe work environment for all those involved, building occupants, and the general public. All equipment shall be in good working order. For equipment that should be calibrated for proper use in the given application, reports of calibration shall be available and the results provided if requested.

1.6 AGREEMENTS

1.6.1 Services. The scope of services for the condition assessment, including any limitations, shall be defined by the design professional, and all conditions, applicable codes and standards, and services shall be mutually agreed upon by the client and design professional. Services may include one or more of the identified purposes of the assessment and may involve one or more specific building envelope components or systems covered in the subsections of this standard. A complete and thorough quantifiable understanding of the attributes of some building assemblies or components may not be possible during the assessment. The scope should be established and a written agreement obtained before commencing the condition assessment or