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ASSE Standard #1048-2009

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American Society of Sanitary Engineering

Performance Requirements for

Double Check Detector Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assemblies

An American National Standard

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Foreword

This foreword shall not be considered a part of the standard, however, it is offered to provide background information.

ASSE Standards are developed in the interest of consumer safety.

The recognition of probable sources or causes of contamination of a potable water supply system and the application of essential devices, or means, to prevent the entrance of contaminants to the potable water system causing it to become unfit for human consumption, is vital to the maintenance of its continued potability.

This standard focuses on those devices known as Double Check Detector Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assemblies (RPDF), which will fulfill this protective need. The standard was retitled in the 1999 revision to add "fire protection" to better describe the device's primary use.

Typically installed but not limited to fire protection systems, the devices described are primarily designed for two functions. The protection of the public water supply from contaminants found in fire sprinkler systems is a primary function for a backflow preventer. These assemblies are also designed to detect low rates of flow up to 2.0 GPM (0.126 L/s) within the sprinkler system caused by leakage or unauthorized use. This standard also allows provisions for alarm signaling devices to be included in the assembly.

Although many of the material specifications are detailed within Section 1.4 of this Standard, it is the responsibility of the manufacturer to comply with the requirements of the Safe Drinking Water Act, United States Public Law 93-523.

The working group, which developed this standard revision, was set up within the framework of the Standards Committee of the American Society of Sanitary Engineering.

Recognition is made of the time volunteered by members of this working group and of the support of the manufacturers who also participated in the meetings for this standard.

This standard does not imply ASSE's endorsement of a product which conforms to these requirements.

Compliance with this standard does not imply acceptance by any code body.

It is recommended that these devices be installed consistent with local codes by qualified and trained professionals.

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This standard was promulgated in accordance with procedures developed by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI).

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Table of Contents

Section I		′
1.0	General	1
1.1	Application	′
1.2	Scope	′
	Table 1	2
1.3	Limitations on Design	2
1.4	Reference Standards	3
Section I	l	
2.0	Test Specimens	
2.1	Samples Submitted for Test	
2.2	Samples Tested	
2.3	Drawings	
2.4	Rejection	
2.5	Manifold Assembly	
	•	
	II	
3.0	Performance Requirements and Compliance Testing	
3.1	Independence of Components	
3.2	Hydrostatic Test of Complete Assembly	
3.3	Seat Leakage Test for Shut-off Valves	
3.4	Hydrostatic Backpressure Test of Bypass Check (DCDA-II Only)	
3.5	Hydrostatic Backpressure Test of Checks	
3.6	Allowable Pressure Loss at Rated Flow	
	Figure 1	
	Figure 1A	
3.7	Bypass Flow Detection	
3.8	Drip Tightness of First Check	
3.9	Drip Tightness of Second Check	
3.10	Drip Tightness of Bypass Check (for DCDA-II Assemblies)	
3.11	Deterioration at Manufacturers Extremes of Temperature and Pressure Ranges	
	Table 2	
	Cycle Test - Field Test	
	Body Strength Test	
	Seat Adhesion Test	
	High Velocity Test	
3.16	Field Evaluation Test for DCDA and DCDA-II Devices (Optional) - When Required by the Authori	
	Having Jurisdiction	. 13
Section I	V	14
4.0	Detailed Requirements	14
4.1	Materials	14
4.2	Marking Instructions	
4.3	Installation and Maintenance Instructions	
4.4	Maintenance	
4.5	Field Testing	
Section \	/	4-
5.0	Definitions	
5.0	Delililions	1 /

This is a preview of "ANSI/ASSE 1048-2009". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

Appendix	x A - Installation Guidelines	18
A1.0	Recommended Installation Guidelines	18
A1.1	General	18
A1.2	Orientation	18
A1.3	Side Clearances	18

Double Check Detector Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assemblies

Section I

1.0 General

1.1 Application

The purpose of a Double Check Detector Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assembly (herein referred to as the "assembly") is to keep polluted water from fire protection systems from flowing into a potable water distribution system when some abnormality in the system causes the pressure to be temporarily higher in the polluted part of the system than in the potable water supply piping. These assemblies are also designed to detect low rates of flow up to 2.0 GPM (7.6 L/m) caused by leakage or unauthorized use.

1.2 Scope

1.2.1 Description

This standard applies to two (2) types of assemblies identified as:

- (a) Double Check Detector Assembly (DCDA).
- (b) Double Check Detector Assembly Type II (DCDA-II).

The DCDA and DCDA-II assemblies consist of two (2) independently-acting check valves, internally force loaded to a normally closed position. These assemblies are designed to operate under continuous pressure conditions. The assembly shall include two (2) properly located, tightly closing shut-off valves per Section 1.3.2.6; and properly located test cocks per Section 1.3.2.4. The assemblies also include a bypass line which provides a visual or audible indication of system leakage or unauthorized use of water.

This standard also applies to Manifold Double Check Detector Assemblies consisting of two or more complete DCDA or DCDA-II assemblies in parallel. The assemblies do not need to be of the same pipe size. The manifold size shall be identified by the single inlet and outlet of the manifold DCDA or DCDA-II assembly. Manifold Double Check Backflow Prevention Assemblies shall include line-sized shut-off valves on each inlet and outlet of the assemblies making up the manifold.

1.2.2 Size Range

Connection pipe sizes shall be in accordance with Table 1.