

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD

ANSI/ASSE A10.27 – 1998 (R2011) Safety Requirements for Hot Mix Asphalt Facilities

American National Standard for Construction and Demolition Operations



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American National Standard Construction and Demolition Operations

Safety Requirements for Hot Mix Asphalt Facilities

Secretariat

American Society of Safety Engineers 1800 East Oakton Street Des Plaines, Illinois 60018-2187

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American National Standards Institute, Inc.

American National Standard

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Foreword (This Foreword is not a part of American National Standard A10.27-1998 (R2011).)

This standard is one of a series of safety standards that have been formulated by the Accredited Standards Committee on Safety in Construction and Demolition Operations, A10. It is expected that the standards in the A10 series will find a major application in industry, serving as a guide to contractors, labor, and equipment manufacturers. For the convenience of users, a list of existing and proposed standards in the A10 series for Safety Requirements in Construction and Demolition Operations follows.

- A10.1 Pre-Project/Pre-Task Safety & Health Planning (under development)
- A10.2 Safety, Health, and Environmental Training (under development)
- A10.3 Powder-Actuated Fastening Systems
- A10.4 Personnel Hoists and Employee Elevators
- A10.5 Material Hoists
- A10.6 Demolition Operations
- A10.7 Transportation, Storage, Handling, and Use of Commercial Explosives and Blasting Agents
- A10.8 Scaffolding
- A10.9 Concrete and Masonry Construction
- A10.10 Temporary and Portable Space Heating Devices
- A10.11 Personnel and Debris Nets
- A10.12 Excavation
- A10.13 Steel Erection
- A10.15 Dredging
- A10.16 Tunnels, Shafts, and Caissons
- A10.17 Safe Operating Practices for Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Construction
- A10.18 Temporary Roof and Floor Holes, Wall Openings, Stairways, and Other Unprotected Edges
- A10.19 Pile Installation and Extraction Operations
- A10.20 Ceramic Tile, Terrazzo, and Marble Work
- A10.21 Safe Construction and Demolition of Wind Generation/Turbine Facilities (under development)
- A10.22 Rope-Guided and Non-Guided Workers' Hoists
- A10.23 Safety Requirements for the Installation of Drilled Shafts (under development)
- A10.24 Roofing Safety Requirements for Low-Sloped Roofs
- A10.25 Sanitation in Construction
- A10.26 Emergency Procedures for Construction Sites (under development)
- A10.27 Hot Mix Asphalt Facilities
- A10.28 Work Platforms Suspended from Cranes or Derricks
- A10.29 Aerial Platforms in Construction (under development)
- A10.31 Digger-Derricks
- A10.32 Personal Fall Protection Used in Construction and Demolition Operations
- A10.33 Safety and Health Program Requirements for Multi-Employer Projects
- A10.34 Public Protection
- A10.37 Debris Nets
- A10.38 Basic Elements of a Program to Provide a Safe and Healthful Work Environment
- A10.39 Construction Safety and Health Audit Program
- A10.40 Reduction of Musculoskeletal Problems in Construction
- A10.41 Equipment Operator and Supervisor Qualifications and Responsibilities (under development)
- A10.42 Rigging Qualifications and Responsibilities in the Construction Industry
- A10.43 Confined Spaces in Construction (under development)
- A10.44 Lockout/Tagout in Construction
- A10.46 Hearing Loss Prevention

- A10.47 Highway Construction Safety
- A10.48 Communication Tower Erection (under development)
- A10.49 Control of Health Hazards (under development)

One purpose of these standards is to serve as guides to governmental authorities having jurisdiction over subjects within the scope of the A10 Committee standards. If these standards are adopted for governmental use, the reference of other national codes or standards in individual volumes may be changed to refer to the corresponding regulations.

Revisions: The A10 Committee welcomes proposals for revisions to this standard. Revisions are made to the standard periodically (usually five years from the date of the standard) to incorporate changes that appear necessary or desirable, as demonstrated by experience gained from the application of the standard. Proposals should be as specific as possible, citing the relevant paragraph number(s), the proposed wording, and the reason for the proposal. Pertinent documentation would enable the A10 Committee to process the changes in a more timely manner.

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No one but the A10 Committee (through the A10 Secretariat) is authorized to provide any interpretation of this standard.

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Committee Meetings: The A10 Committee meets twice a year. Persons wishing to attend a meeting should contact the Secretariat for information.

Standard Approval: This standard was processed and approved for submittal to ANSI by the American National Standards Committee on Safety in Construction and Demolition Operations, A10. Approval of the standard does not necessarily imply (nor is it required) that all Committee members voted for its approval. At the time this standard was published, the A10 Committee had the following members:

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Contents	SECTIONPA	٩GE
	1. General 1.1 Scope	11 11
	2. Purpose 2.1 Exceptions	11 11
	3. Definitions	11
	 4. General Safety 4.1 Manuals, Instructions and Training 4.2 Hazard Identification 4.3 Occupational Health and Communication 4.4 Personal Protective Equipment 4.5 Administrative or Engineering Controls 4.6 Lockout/Tagout 4.7 Confined Space Entry 4.8 Fire Prevention and Protection 4.9 Electrical 4.10 Pneumatics and Hydraulics 4.11 Pneumatic Dust Conveying System Precautions 4.12 Rail Cars 4.13 Hand and Power Tools 4.14 Welding, Cutting and Brazing 4.15 Use of Gases and Related Equipment 4.16 Use of Arc Welders for Welding or Cutting 4.17 Flammable and Combustible Liquids 4.18 Storage Tanks 4.19 Supports, Foundations and Anchorages 4.21 Traffic Control 4.23 Machinery Hazard Protection 	13 14 19 20 23 26 29 30 31 31 33 33 33 39 39
	 5. Operations 5.1 Raw Materials Handling and Storage 5.2 Burner 5.3 Dryer/Drum 5.4 Exhaust System 5.5 Hot Aggregate Handling System 5.6 HMA Handling and Storage (Silos) 5.7 Hot Liquid Storage 5.8 Tank Openings Other Than Vents 5.9 Supports, Foundations and Anchorage 5.10 Tank Vehicle and Tank Car Loading and Unloading 5.11 Liquefied Petroleum Gases 5.12 Indirect Fired Tank 5.13 Direct Fired Tank 	47 55 57 63 64 68 70 71 71 71 72 72

6.	Refe	erences	73
	6.1	References to American National Standards	73
	6.2	References to Standards Other than American	
		National Standards	73
	6.3	Underwriters Laboratories	73
	6.4	American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM)	73
	6.5	American Petroleum Institute	73
7.	Acro	onym List	73

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD A10.27-1998 (R2011)

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD A10.27 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR HOT MIX ASPHALT FACILITIES

1. GENERAL

1.1 Scope. This standard provides recommendations concerning the design, manufacture, operating processes and equipment associated with the production of hot asphalt (HMA) mixing facilities. Included are raw material handling and storage, equipment operation to produce asphalt mixtures and the delivery of mixes into vehicles for transport to users. Routine maintenance, housekeeping and allied functions are included.

2. PURPOSE

The purpose of this standard is to provide operational/design safety and health guidelines to protect the HMA facility operators, employees and other persons from injury.

2.1 Exceptions. In cases of practical difficulty or undue hardship, the responsible authority may grant exceptions to the literal requirements of this standard or permit the use of other devices or methods, but only when it is clearly evident that personnel and equipment protection is assured.

3. DEFINITIONS

3.1 Asphalt, Cold Mix. A mixture of unheated mineral aggregate and emulsified asphalt.

3.2 Asphalt, Hot Mix (HMA). A blend of heated and dried aggregate, heated asphalt cement and, in some cases, other liquid or solid additives.

3.3 Asphalt Burns. Injury to flesh caused by direct contact of flesh with hot asphalt. The nature of asphalt causes it to adhere to flesh, and the resulting continued contact can greatly increase the severity of injury.

3.3.1 Asphalt Burns, Non-Serious. Injury to only very small areas of flesh on relatively non-sensitive areas of the body by small quantities of asphalt. If the injured person shows any evidence of nausea or faintness, the burn should be considered serious.

3.3.2 Asphalt Burns, Serious. Injury to significant areas of flesh especially to the head, face or extremities and/or when large amounts of asphalt are involved.

3.4 Asphalt Fumes. The cloud of small particles created by condensation for the gaseous state after volatilization of asphalt.

3.5 Combustible Hazards. Presence of combustible material, which creates a high risk of fire by its nature and/or the proximity of a potential ignition source.

3.6 Combustible Material. Any substance that may be ignited by normally available means and that will sustain combustion when the source of ignition is removed.

3.7 Confined Space. A space that is large enough and so configured that an employee can bodily enter and perform assigned work; has a limited or restricted means of entry or exit (for example, tanks, vessels, silos, storage bins, hoppers, vaults or pits that may have limited means of entry); and is not designed for continuous employee occupancy.

3.8 Cut Back. Asphalt cement that has been diluted or liquefied by adding or blending petroleum solvents.

3.9 Direct Fired Tank. A tank that uses an LP #2 or natural gas flame as its heating medium.