Dimensions for Fabricated Steel Water Pipe Fittings

This edition approved June 11, 2017.
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DOI:http://dx.doi.org/10.12999/AWWA.C108.17

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Committee Personnel

The Steel Water Pipe Manufacturers Technical Advisory Committee (SWPMTAC) Task Group on C208, which reviewed and revised this standard, had the following personnel at the time:

John L. Luka, Chair

General Interest Members

R.J. Card, Manufacturing Consultant, Sugar Hill, Ga. (AWWA)
R.R. Collins, JCM Industries, Nash, Texas (AWWA)
K. Couture, American SpiralWeld Pipe Company, Birmingham, Ala. (AWWA)
D. Dechant, Manufacturing Consultant, Aurora, Colo. (AWWA)
B.D. Keil, Northwest Pipe Company, Draper, Utah (AWWA)
J.L. Luka, American SpiralWeld Pipe Company, Columbia, S.C. (AWWA)
R.N. Satyarthi, Baker Coupling Company Inc., Los Angeles, Calif. (AWWA)
D. Seals, JCM Industries, Nash, Texas (AWWA)
K.L. Shaddix, Smith-Blair Inc., Texarkana, Texas (AWWA)
B. Simpson, American SpiralWeld Pipe Company, Birmingham, Ala. (AWWA)

The Standards Committee on Steel Pipe, which reviewed and approved this standard, had the following personnel at the time of approval:

John H. Bambei Jr., Chair
Dennis Dechant, Vice-Chair
John L. Luka, Secretary

General Interest Members

J.H. Bambei Jr., Bambei Engineering Services, Arvada, Colo. (AWWA)
W.R. Brunzell, Brunzell Associates Ltd., Skokie, Ill. (AWWA)
R.L. Coffey, HDR Engineering Inc., Omaha, Neb. (AWWA)
S.N. Foellmi, Black & Veatch Corporation, Irvine, Calif. (AWWA)
R.L. Gibson, Freese and Nichols Inc., Fort Worth, Texas (AWWA)
M.D. Gossett,* HDR, Denver, Colo. (AWWA)

* Alternate
M.B. Horsley,* Horsley Engineering, Overland Park, Kan. (AWWA)
R. Issa,* AECOM, McKinney, Texas (AWWA)
R.A. Kufaas, Norske Corrosion & Inspection Services Ltd., Surrey, B.C., Canada (AWWA)
J.L. Mattson, Corrosion Control Technologies, Sandy, Utah (AWWA)
A. Murdock, CH2M, Salt Lake City, Utah (AWWA)
R. Ortega,* Consultant, Spring, Texas (AWWA)
E.S. Ralph,† Standards Engineer Liaison, AWWA, Denver, Colo. (AWWA)
A.E. Romer, AECOM, Orange, Calif. (AWWA)
J.R. Snow, MWH Americas Inc., Denver, Colo. (AWWA)
W.R. Whidden, Woolpert, Orlando, Fla. (AWWA)

Producer Members

D.W. Angell,† Standards Council Liaison, American Flow Control, Birmingham, Ala. (AWWA)
S.A. Arnaout, Forterra Pressure Pipe Inc., Dallas, Texas (AWWA)
H.H. Bardakjian, Consultant, Glendale, Calif. (AWWA)
D. Dechant, Dechant Infrastructure Service, Aurora, Colo. (AWWA)
V. DeGrande,* Ameron Water Transmission Group, Rancho Cucamonga, Calif. (AWWA)
W.B Geyer, Steel Plate Fabricators Association, Lake Zurich, Ill. (SPFA)
B.D. Keil, Northwest Pipe Company, Draper, Utah (AWWA)
J.L. Luka, American SpiralWeld Pipe Company, Columbia, S.C. (AWWA)
R.D. Mielke,* Northwest Pipe Company, Raleigh, N.C. (AWWA)
J. Olmos, Ameron Water Transmission Group, Rancho Cucamonga, Calif. (AWWA)
G.F. Ruchti,* Consultant, Punta Gorda, Fla. (SPFA)
B.P. Simpson,* American Cast Iron Pipe Company, Birmingham, Ala. (AWWA)
C.C. Sundberg, Victaulic, Issaquah, Wash. (AWWA)
D. Walker, Avid Protective Products Ltd./Tnemec Company Inc., Oakville, Ont., Canada (AWWA)
J.A. Wise, Canus International Sales Inc., Surrey, B.C., Canada (AWWA)

User Members

L. Adams, US Bureau of Reclamation, Denver, Colo. (AWWA)
G.A. Andersen, New York City Bureau of Water Supply, Little Neck, N.Y. (AWWA)
B. Cheng, Metro Vancouver, Vancouver, B.C., Canada (AWWA)

* Alternate
† Liaison, nonvoting
M.E. Conner, San Diego County Water Authority, San Diego, Calif. (AWWA)
S. Hattan, Tarrant Regional Water District, Fort Worth, Texas (AWWA)
T.J. Jordan,* Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, LaVerne, Calif. (AWWA)
P.K. Karna, Tacoma Water, Tacoma, Wash. (AWWA)
M. McReynolds, Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, Los Angeles, Calif. (AWWA)
K.R. Parbhoo, Los Angeles Department of Water and Power, Los Angeles, Calif. (AWWA)
M. Turney,* Denver Water, Denver, Colo. (AWWA)

* Alternate
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Standard

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Table

A.1 Dimensions of Steel Water Pipe Fittings ................................. 17
Foreword

This foreword is for information only and is not a part of ANSI/AWWA C208.

I. Introduction.

I.A. Background. Steel pipe has been used for waterlines in the United States since the 1850s. With the development of the Bessemer process in 1855 and the open-hearth process in 1861, steel, the strongest and most versatile refinement of iron, became available for water pipe.

Available records disclose installations of steel water pipe as early as 1858. The pipe was first manufactured by rolling steel sheets or plates into shape and riveting the seams. This method of fabrication continued with improvements into the 1930s. In 1905, lock-bar pipe was introduced and, by 1930, had nearly supplanted riveted pipe. By the early 1930s, both riveted and lock-bar methods were gradually phased out and welding dominated the pipe-making process. As welding became more universal in pipeline construction and manufacturing, varying steel shapes able to accommodate pipeline hydraulics and locations became more prevalent. Over the years, rigid specifications have been developed and new product developments and improvements in manufacturing techniques and processes have been established to ensure the purchaser a product of high standards.

I.B. History. This standard was first proposed in 1955 to provide standard dimensions for steel water pipe fittings. It was approved as a “tentative” standard on July 14, 1955. Revisions in the text were approved on Dec. 31, 1957, and were incorporated in the fourth and later printings. The revisions consisted of the addition of an explanatory paragraph, changes in the table for fittings for service in transmission and distribution mains, and clarification of the figures detailing the various fittings. The standard was approved without further revision on Jan. 26, 1959.

Revisions to the text were approved on June 21, 1983, and incorporated in the sixth and later printings. These revisions include the following:

1. Addition of a foreword to provide the history of the standard and major revisions.
2. Revision of Table 1, deleting 4-in. pipe size and extending pipe sizes to 144 in.
3. Revision of Table 2.
4. Expansion of Figure 3 to include sizes to 144 in.
5. Deletion of Table 4.
6. Deletion of alternative Table 3.
7. Deletion of Table 5.
8. Addition of reducing tees and deletion of smooth 90° elbow category from Figure 1 and Table 1.
9. The information in Table 1 was changed from a tabular format to a formula format in order to ascertain dimensions for tees, crosses, wyes, laterals, and reducers. A factor, \( f \), was introduced in the new Table 1 to facilitate the use of formulas for computing fitting dimensions and provided formulas for elbow layout to facilitate the design of elbows not tabulated.

Addendum C208-84 was approved on June 4, 1984. The addendum added a note of caution to Tables 2A through 2D concerning hoop tension concentration in elbows with a radius of less than 2.5D. ANSI/AWWA C208-83, including ANSI/AWWA Addendum C208-84, was reaffirmed without revision on June 18, 1989. ANSI/AWWA C208-96 was approved by the Board of Directors on June 23, 1996. The major revision was to clarify that the standard is a dimensional guide only and that design of fittings should be in accordance with applicable sections of AWWA Manual M11, *Steel Pipe: A Guide for Design and Installation*. Table 2 was deleted from the standard. ANSI/AWWA C208-01 was approved on June 17, 2001. ANSI/AWWA C208-07 was approved on June 24, 2007. ANSI/AWWA C208-12 was approved on June 10, 2012. This edition of ANSI/AWWA C208 was approved on June 11, 2017.

I.C. Acceptance. This standard has no applicable information for this section.

II. Special Issues. This standard has no applicable information for this section.

III. Use of This Standard. It is the responsibility of the user of an AWWA standard to determine that the products described in that standard are suitable for use in the particular application being considered.

III.A. Purchaser Options and Alternatives. The following information should be provided by the purchaser.

1. Standard used—that is, ANSI/AWWA C208, Dimensions for Fabricated Steel Water Pipe Fittings, of latest revision.
2. Type of fitting required (such as elbow, tee, reducer, wye, lateral, etc.).
3. Radius of elbows (such as 1D, 1.5D, 2.5D, or other).
4. Number of pieces or segments for elbows.
5. Design pressure and specifications for pipe to which the steel fitting will connect (i.e., ANSI/AWWA C200, AWWA Manual M11).
6. Type of end connection required (such as plain end, beveled end for field butt-joint welding, bell or spigot for field lap welding, bell or spigot O-ring, flanged, grooved or shouldered coupling, or mechanical coupling).

7. Submittal of shop detail and assembly drawings.

8. Special handling, inspection, or testing requirements.

9. Lining and coating required.

III.B. **Modification to Standard.** Any modification of the provisions, definitions, or terminology in this standard must be provided by the purchaser.

IV. **Major Revisions.** Major changes made to the standard in this edition include the following:

1. A few sections of the standard were rearranged to present the information in a more linear flow.

2. A revision was made to Sec. 4.1.1, Fittings, General, to clarify the minimum dimensions stated in the standard.

3. Sec. 4.1.12.2, Welded Butt Joint, was modified to clarify that miter cutting pipe ends to provide deflections at such joints is acceptable, subject to the same deflections limitations of a one-cut elbow.

4. Sec. 4.1.13.2, Wrought Steel, was modified to expand the low-end diameter from 6 in. to 4 in., since 4 in. is a very common size for the application of wrought fittings in water pipe.

5. Table A.1, Dimensions of Steel Water Pipe Fittings, in appendix A was modified to reflect dimensions for 4-in. nominal fittings in support of the changes to Sec. 4.1.13.2.

V. **Comments.** If you have any comments or questions about this standard, please call AWWA Engineering and Technical Services at 303.794.7711, FAX at 303.795.7603; write to the department at 6666 West Quincy Avenue, Denver, CO 80235-3098; or email at standards@awwa.org.
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Dimensions for Fabricated Steel Water Pipe Fittings

SECTION 1: GENERAL

Sec. 1.1 Scope

This standard provides formulas to calculate overall dimensions of fittings for steel water transmission and distribution facilities.

Many configurations of fittings are possible, and alternatives to this standard may be agreed on between the purchaser and manufacturer. The fitting dimensions shown in Figures 1 through 5 are the minimum dimensions for fittings with plain ends. In practice, fittings are seldom provided as individual pieces as shown but are shop fabricated into full lengths or special lengths of pipe or fabricated into assemblies combining a number of fittings.

1.1.1 Conditions not covered in this standard. This standard is intended to serve as a dimensional guide only. It is not a design standard for wall thickness, pressure ratings, structural design, or hydraulic design. Reinforcement of fittings, which may include increased wall thickness, collars, wrapper plates, or crotch plates, is not described in this standard. The design of fittings should be performed in accordance with the applicable section(s) in AWWA Manual M11, Steel Pipe: A Guide for Design and Installation.