



**American Water Works
Association**

ANSI/AWWA C907-12
(Revision of ANSI/AWWA C907-04)

The Authoritative Resource on Safe Water®

AWWA Standard

**Injection-Molded Polyvinyl
Chloride (PVC) Pressure
Fittings, 4 In. Through 12 In.
(100 mm Through 300 mm),
for Water, Wastewater, and
Reclaimed Water Service**



Effective date: March 1, 2012.

First edition approved by AWWA Board of Directors June 23, 1991.

This edition approved Jan. 22, 2012.

Approved by American National Standards Institute Jan. 18, 2012.

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Contents

All AWWA standards follow the general format indicated subsequently. Some variations from this format may be found in a particular standard.

SEC.	PAGE	SEC.	PAGE
Foreword		4.6	Transient Surge Pressure..... 16
I	Introduction..... vii	5	Verification
I.A	Background..... vii	5.1	Test Methods 16
I.B	History..... vii	5.2	Inspection 20
I.C	Acceptance..... vii	6	Delivery
II	Special Issues..... ix	6.1	Marking..... 20
III	Use of This Standard..... ix	6.2	Shipping and Delivery..... 21
III.A	Purchaser Options and Alternatives ix	6.3	Affidavit of Compliance 21
III.B	Modification to Standard..... ix		Figures
IV	Major Revisions..... ix	1	Typical Bell Designs..... 7
V	Comments x	2	Tees and Reducing Tees..... 8
		3	11¼° Bends (B × B) 9
		4	22½° Bends (B × B)..... 9
Standard		5	45° Bends (B × B)..... 9
1	General	6	45° Bends (B × Sp)..... 9
1.1	Scope 1	7	90° Bends (B × B)..... 10
1.2	Purpose 2	8	Increaser/Reducer Coupling (B × Sp)..... 10
1.3	Application..... 2	9	Line Coupling (B × B)..... 10
2	References 2	10	Repair Coupling (B × B) 10
3	Definitions 3	11	Single-Tapped Coupling (B × B × AWWA) 11
4	Requirements	12	Single-Tapped Coupling (B × B × NPT)..... 11
4.1	Permeation 5	13	Double-Tapped Coupling (B × B × AWWA × AWWA)..... 12
4.2	Materials 5		
4.3	Fitting Requirements..... 6		
4.4	Pressure Class of Fittings..... 15		
4.5	Pressure Class Thermal Derating Factors..... 15		

14	Plug (Sp)	12	11	Single-Tapped Coupling (B × B × AWWA)	11
15	Tapped Plug (Sp × NPT).....	13	12	Single-Tapped Coupling (B × B × NPT).....	11
16	IPS × CI Adapter (B × Sp).....	13	13	Double-Tapped Coupling (B × B × AWWA × AWWA).....	12
17	Cap (B)	14	14	Plug (Sp)	12
18	Hydrant Tees.....	14	15	Tapped Plug (Sp × NPT).....	13

Tables

1	Wall Thicknesses, Bell Depths, and Inside Diameters of PVC Fittings	7	16	IPS × CI Adapter (B × Sp).....	13
2	Tees and Reducing Tees.....	8	17	Cap (B)	14
3	11¼° Bends (B × B)	9	18	Hydrant Tees.....	14
4	22½° Bends (B × B).....	9	19	Temperature Coefficients.....	16
5	45° Bends (B × B).....	9	20	Allowable Maximum Occasional Surge Pressure Capacity and Allowable Sudden Changes in Water Velocity for Pipe Operating at 73°F at Working Pressures Expressed as Percent of Nominal Pressure Class (PC)	17
6	45° Bends (B × Sp).....	9			
7	90° Bends (B × B).....	10			
8	Increaser/Reducer Coupling (B × Sp).....	10			
9	Line Coupling (B × B).....	10			
10	Repair Coupling (B × B)	10			

Foreword

*This foreword is for information only and is not a part of ANSI*AWWA C907.*

I. Introduction.

I.A. *Background.* Injection-molded, gasketed PVC fittings are suitable for use exclusively with PVC pipe for underground pressure applications.

I.B. *History.* This is the third edition of ANSI/AWWA C907. In 1966, AWWA appointed Committee 8350-D to study and report on the adaptability of plastic pipe for use within the water industry. The committee presented its report on June 7, 1967, at AWWA's annual conference. The report included a recommendation that a task group be appointed to prepare standards for the use of plastic materials. The AWWA Standards Committee on Thermoplastic Pressure Pipe was established in 1968. Following years of very productive work, the committee was dissolved in June 1988 and replaced by two committees on plastic products: one for polyolefin and one for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) products. The AWWA Committee on PVC Pressure Pipe and Fittings, which prepared this standard, was formed at that time. The first edition of ANSI/AWWA C907, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Fittings for Water—4 in. Through 8 in. (100 mm Through 200 mm), was approved by the AWWA Board of Directors on June 23, 1991. The second edition, Injection-Molded Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Fittings, 4 In. Through 12 In. (100 mm Through 300 mm), for Water Distribution, was approved on June 13, 2004. This third edition, Injection-Molded Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Fittings, 4 In. Through 12 In. (100 mm Through 300 mm), for Water, Wastewater, and Reclaimed Water Service, was approved on Jan. 22, 2012.

I.C. *Acceptance.* In May 1985, the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) entered into a cooperative agreement with a consortium led by NSF International (NSF) to develop voluntary third-party consensus standards and a certification program for direct and indirect drinking water additives. Other members of the original consortium included the Water Research Foundation, (formerly AwwaRF) and the Conference of State Health and Environmental Managers (COSHEM). The American Water Works Association (AWWA) and the Association of State Drinking Water Administrators (ASDWA) joined later.

* American National Standards Institute, 25 West 43rd Street, Fourth Floor, New York, NY 10036.

In the United States, authority to regulate products for use in, or in contact with, drinking water rests with individual states.* Local agencies may choose to impose requirements more stringent than those required by the state. To evaluate the health effects of products and drinking water additives from such products, state, provincial, and local agencies may use various references, including

1. An advisory program formerly administered by USEPA, Office of Drinking Water, discontinued on Apr. 7, 1990.
2. Specific policies of the state, provincial, or local agency.
3. Two standards developed under the direction of NSF, NSF/ANSI 60, Drinking Water Treatment Chemicals—Health Effects, and NSF/ANSI 61, Drinking Water System Components—Health Effects.
4. Other references, including AWWA standards, *Food Chemicals Codex*, *Water Chemicals Codex*†, and other standards considered appropriate by the state, provincial, or local agency.

Various certification organizations may be involved in certifying products in accordance with NSF/ANSI 61. Individual states or local agencies have authority to accept or accredit certification organizations within their jurisdiction. Accreditation of certification organizations may vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.

Annex A, “Toxicology Review and Evaluation Procedures,” to NSF/ANSI 61 does not stipulate a maximum allowable level (MAL) of a contaminant for substances not regulated by a USEPA final maximum contaminant level (MCL). The MALs of an unspecified list of “unregulated contaminants” are based on toxicity testing guidelines (noncarcinogens) and risk characterization methodology (carcinogens). Use of Annex A procedures may not always be identical, depending on the certifier.

ANSI/AWWA C907 does not address additives requirements. Users of this standard should consult the appropriate state, provincial, or local agency having jurisdiction in order to

1. Determine additives requirements, including applicable standards.
2. Determine the status of certifications by parties offering to certify products for contact with, or treatment of, drinking water.
3. Determine current information on product certification.

* Persons outside the United States should contact the appropriate authority having jurisdiction.

† Both publications available from National Academy of Sciences, 500 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 20001.

II. Special Issues. Attention should be called to the need for users of this standard to provide proper design consideration for

1. Trench support.
2. Thrust restraint at areas of unbalanced forces.
3. Long-term effect of any anticipated cyclic transient surge pressures.
4. Exact critical external or internal dimensions, which should be obtained from the manufacturer.

III. Use of This Standard. It is the responsibility of the user of an AWWA standard to determine that the products described in that standard are suitable for use in the particular application being considered.

Accordingly, each user of this standard is responsible for determining that the standard's provisions are suitable for, and compatible with, that user's intended application.

III.A. Purchaser Options and Alternatives. The following items should be provided by the purchaser.

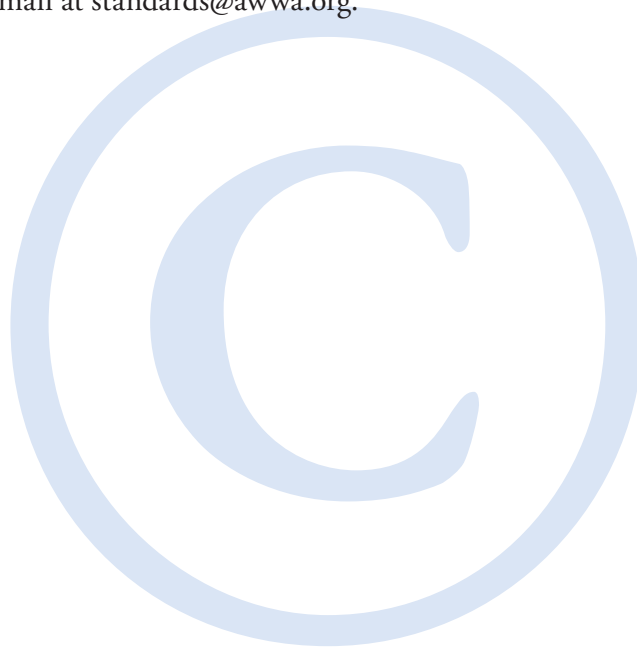
1. Standard to be used—that is, ANSI/AWWA C907, Injection-Molded Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Fittings, 4 in. Through 12 in. (100 mm Through 300 mm), for Water, Wastewater, and Reclaimed Water Service, of latest revision.
2. Whether compliance with NSF/ANSI 61, Drinking Water System Components—Health Effects, is required.
3. Details of other federal, state or provincial, and local requirements (Sec. 4.2).
4. Fittings.
 - a. Nominal size, for example, 6 in. (150 mm); or, for tees, 6 in. × 6 in. × 4 in. (150 mm × 150 mm × 100 mm) where naming sequence is body size × body size × leg size.
 - b. Configuration (for example, tee).
 - c. Quantity of each size and configuration to be provided.
5. Request for change in testing temperature. (Sec. 5.1.1.1)
6. Requested selection of fittings for testing (Sec. 5.1.1.2)
7. Request for test records (Sec. 5.1.4.2)
8. Request for notification of time and date for in-plant inspection (Sec. 5.2).
9. Request for an Affidavit of Compliance (Sec. 6.3).

III.B. Modification to Standard. Any modification of the provisions, definitions, or terminology in this standard must be provided by the purchaser.

IV. Major Revisions. Major changes made to the standard in this revision include the following:

1. The factor of safety was revised from 2.5 to 2.0 to bring ANSI/AWWA C907 in line with industry practices and other PVC pipe standards.
2. The built-in surge allowance was eliminated.
3. The pressure classes were revised from 150 psi (1035 kPa) to 235 psi (1,620 kPa).
4. Treatment of surge pressures was expanded to include occasional (emergency) surge and recurring (cyclic) surge.

V. Comments. If you have any comments or questions about this standard, please call AWWA Engineering and Technical Services at 303.794.7711, FAX at 303.795.7603, write to the department at 6666 West Quincy Avenue, Denver, CO 80235-3098, or e-mail at standards@awwa.org.





**American Water Works
Association**

AWWA Standard

**Injection-Molded Polyvinyl Chloride
(PVC) Pressure Fittings, 4 In.
Through 12 In. (100 mm Through
300 mm), for Water, Wastewater, and
Reclaimed Water Service**

SECTION 1: GENERAL

Sec. 1.1 Scope

This standard describes Pressure Class 235 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) injection-molded fittings with push-on, rubber-gasketed joints in nominal sizes 4 in. through 12 in. (100 mm through 300 mm).^{*} The fittings are for use with PVC and Molecularly Oriented Polyvinyl Chloride (PVCO) pressure-pipe having an outside diameter conforming to the dimensions of cast-iron pipe and with dimension ratios (DR) of 18 (Pressure Class 235) or 25 (Pressure Class 165), as described in ANSI/AWWA C900, Standard for Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe and Fabricated Fittings, 4 In. Through 12 In. (100 mm Through 300 mm), for Water Transmission and Distribution, and

^{*} Throughout the body of this standard, metric equivalents (rounded) are set in parentheses next to the US customary units.