BS EN ISO 1797-3:2013



BSI Standards Publication

Dentistry — Shanks for rotary instruments —

Part 3: Shanks made of ceramics

NO COPYING WITHOUT BSI PERMISSION EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY COPYRIGHT LAW



This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 1797-3:2013.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted by Technical Committee CH/106, Dentistry, to Subcommittee CH/106/4, Dental Instruments and Equipment.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2013

Published by BSI Standards Limited 2013

ISBN 978 0 580 70434 5

ICS 11.060.20

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 30 April 2013.

Amendments issued since publication

Amd. No. Date Text affected

EN ICO 4707 2

This is a preview of "BS EN ISO 1797-3:201...". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

March 2013

ICS 11.060.20

English Version

Dentistry - Shanks for rotary instruments - Part 3: Shanks made of ceramics (ISO 1797-3:2013)

Médecine bucco-dentaire - Queues pour instruments rotatifs - Partie 3: Queues en céramique (ISO 1797-3:2013)

Zahnheilkunde - Schäfte für rotierende Instrumente - Teil 3: Schäfte aus Keramik (ISO 1797-3:2013)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 7 March 2013.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

EN ISO 1797-3:2013 (E)

This is a preview of "BS EN ISO 1797-3:201...". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

Contents	Page
Foreword	3

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 1797-3:2013) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106 "Dentistry" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 55 "Dentistry" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 1797-3:2013 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 1797-3:2013 without any modification.

Co	Contents Pag	
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms, definitions and symbols 3.1 Terms and definitions 3.2 Symbols and terms	
4	Classification	2
5	Requirements 5.1 Material 5.2 Dimensions 5.3 Shank cylindricity 5.4 Surface roughness 5.5 Vickers hardness 5.6 Marking	
6	Test methods 6.1 Shank diameter 6.2 Other dimensions 6.3 Shank cylindricity 6.4 Surface roughness 6.5 Vickers hardness	
7	Quality control7.1Types of shank7.2Defects	6
Ann	nex A (informative) Acceptable quality levels (AQL)	7
	aliography	ρ

Dentistry — **Shanks for rotary instruments** —

Part 3:

Shanks made of ceramics

1 Scope

This part of ISO 1797 specifies ceramic shanks of rotary instruments used in dentistry and gives measurement methods for the verification of the dimensions.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1942, Dentistry — Vocabulary

ISO 3274, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Nominal characteristics of contact (stylus) instruments

ISO 4288, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Rules and procedures for the assessment of surface texture

ISO 6507-1, Metallic materials — Vickers hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 8325, Dentistry — Test methods for rotary instruments

3 Terms, definitions and symbols

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 1942 and the following apply.

3.1.1

shank

part of the shaft of a rotary instrument used in dentistry which is designed to fit into the chuck of a straight or contra-angle dental handpiece, a technical handpiece or a dental turbine