BS EN 295-7:2013



BSI Standards Publication

Vitrified clay pipe systems for drains and sewers

Part 7: Requirements for pipes and joints for pipe jacking

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BS EN 295-7:2013 BRITISH STANDARD

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This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 295-7:2013. It supersedes BS EN 295-7:1996 and, together with BS EN 295-1:2013, BS EN 295-2:2013, BS EN 295-4:2013, BS EN 295-5:2013, and BS EN 295-6:2013, it supersedes BS EN 295-10:2005, which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee B/505, Wastewater engineering.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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ISBN 978 0 580 70652 3

ICS 23.040.50; 91.140.80; 93.030

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This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 28 February 2013.

Amendments issued since publication

Date Text affected

EN 205 7

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EUROPÄISCHE NORM

February 2013

ICS 93.030

Supersedes EN 295-10:2005, EN 295-7:1995

English Version

Vitrified clay pipe systems for drains and sewers - Part 7: Requirements for pipes and joints for pipe jacking

Systèmes de tuyaux et accessoires en grès pour les réseaux de branchement et d'assainissement - Partie 7: Exigences pour les tuyaux et leurs assemblages destinés au fonçage

Steinzeugrohrsysteme für Abwasserleitungen und -känale -Teil 7: Anforderungen an Rohre und Verbindungen für Rohrvortrieb

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1 December 2012.

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Foreword

This document (EN 295-7:2013) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 165 "Wastewater engineering", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 295-7:1995 and together with EN 295-1:2013, EN 295-2:2013, EN 295-4:2013. EN 295-5:2013 and EN 295-6:2013 it supersedes EN 295-10:2005.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

The main changes with respect to the previous edition are listed below:

nominal sizes DN 900, DN 1 200 and DN 1 400 added;

- requirements for the determination of jacking strength changed;
 requirements for the resistance to high pressure water jetting added;
 requirements for water absorption added;
- requirements for water absorption adde
- reaction to fire added;
- Annex ZA added;
- editorially revised.

The standard series EN 295 "Vitrified clay pipe systems for drains and sewers" consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: Requirements for pipes, fittings and joints
- Part 2: Evaluation of conformity and sampling
- Part 3: Test methods
- Part 4: Requirements for adaptors, connectors and flexible couplings
- Part 5: Requirements for perforated pipes and fittings
- Part 6: Requirements for components of manholes and inspection chambers
- Part 7: Requirements for pipes and joints for pipe jacking (the present document)

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece,

Hungary, iceiano, ireiano, italy, Latvia, Litnuania, Luxembourg, ivialta, ivetnerianos, ivorway, Polano, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies requirements for vitrified clay pipes and joints for pipe jacking for buried drain and sewer systems for the conveyance of wastewater (including domestic wastewater, surface water and rainwater) under gravity and periodic hydraulic surcharge or under continuous low head of pressure. Pipe jacking techniques include micro-tunnelling, pipe-eating, pipe bursting and where appropriate lining with discrete pipes.

This standard also specifies requirements for rubber, polyurethane, polypropylene, stainless steel and other materials used for joints for pipe jacking.

NOTE Corresponding provisions for the evaluation of conformity (ITT and FPC) and sampling and those for the test methods are further specified in EN 295-2 and EN 295-3, respectively.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 295-1:2013, Vitrified clay pipe systems for drains and sewers — Part 1: Requirements for pipes, fittings and joints

EN 295-2:2013, Vitrified clay pipe systems for drains and sewers — Part 2: Evaluation of conformity and sampling

EN 295-3:2012, Vitrified clay pipe systems for drains and sewers — Part 3: Test methods

EN 312, Particleboards — Specifications

EN 681-1, Elastomeric seals — Materials requirements for pipe joint seals used in water and drainage applications — Part 1: Vulcanized rubber

EN 681-4, Elastomeric seals — Materials requirements for pipe joint seals used in water and drainage applications — Part 4: Cast polyurethane sealing elements

EN 10088-2:2005, Stainless steels — Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for sheet/plate and strip of corrosion resisting steels for general purposes

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 295-1:2013 and the following apply.

3.1

jacking strength

declared capacity of the pipe to carry axial load without taking site conditions into account

3 2

maximum working jacking load

calculated allowable axial load on the pipe during construction, taking site conditions into account

4 Requirements for pipes for pipe jacking

4.1 Materials, manufacture, water absorption and appearance

For material, manufacture, water absorption and appearance, jacking pipes shall comply with EN 295-1:2013, 5.1.