BS EN ISO 16808:2014



BSI Standards Publication

Metallic materials — Sheet and strip — Determination of biaxial stress-strain curve by means of bulge test with optical measuring systems (ISO 16808:2014)



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This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 16808:2014.

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Metallic materials - Sheet and strip - Determination of biaxial stress-strain curve by means of bulge test with optical measuring systems (ISO 16808:2014)

Matériaux métalliques - Tôles et bandes - Détermination de la courbe contrainte-déformation biaxiale au moyen de l'essai de gonflement hydraulique avec systèmes de mesure optiques (ISO 16808:2014) Metallische Werkstoffe - Bleche und Bänder - Bestimmung der biaxialen Spannung/Dehnung-Kurve durch einen hydraulischen Tiefungsversuch mit optischen Messsystemen (ISO 16808:2014)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 16808:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164 "Mechanical testing of metals" in collaboration with Technical Committee ECISS/TC 101 "Test methods for steel (other than chemical analysis)" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2015.

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Endorsement notice

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Con	tents F	Page
Forev	vord	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Symbols and abbreviated terms	1
3	Principle	2
4	Test equipment	2
5	Optical measurement system	6
6	Test piece 6.1 General 6.2 Application of grid	6 6
7	Procedure	7
8	Evaluation methods for the determination of the curvature and strains at the pole	7
9	Calculation of biaxial stress-strain curves	8
10	Test report	9
Anne	x A (informative) International comparison of symbols used in the determination of the bulge test flow curve	11
Anne	x B (normative) Test procedure for a quality check of the optical measurement system	13
Anne	x C (informative) Computation of the curvature on the basis of a response surface	16
Anne	x D (informative) Determination of the equi-biaxial stress point of the yield locus and the hardening curve	18
Biblic	ography	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 164, *Mechanical testing of metals*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Ductility testing*.

Metallic materials — Sheet and strip — Determination of biaxial stress-strain curve by means of bulge test with optical measuring systems

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for determination of the biaxial stress-strain curve of metallic sheets having a thickness below 3 mm in pure stretch forming without significant friction influence. In comparison with tensile test results, higher strain values can be achieved.

NOTE In this document, the term "biaxial stress-strain curve" is used for simplification. In principle, in the test the "biaxial true stress-true strain curve" is determined.

2 Symbols and abbreviated terms

The symbols and designations used are given in <u>Table 1</u>.

Symbol	Designation	Unit
d _{die}	Diameter of the die (inner)	mm
$d_{\rm BH}$	Diameter of the blank holder (inner)	mm
<i>R</i> ₁	Radius of the die (inner)	mm
h	Height of the drawn blank (outer surface)	mm
t_0	Initial thickness of the sheet (blank)	mm
t	Actual thickness of the sheet	mm
р	Pressure in the chamber	МРа
rms	Standard deviation (root mean square)	-
ρ	Radius of curvature	mm
<i>r</i> ₁	Surface radius for determining curvature	mm
r2	Surface radius for determining strain	mm
r _{1_100}	Surface radius to determine curvature with a die diameter of 100 mm	mm
a _i , b _i	Coefficients for response surface	-
$\sigma_{ m B}$	Biaxial stress	MPa
е	Engineering strain	-
ε1	Major true strain	-
ε2	Minor true strain	-
εз	True thickness strain	-
ε _E	Equivalent true strain	-
ls	Coordinate and length of a section	mm
dz	Displacement in the z-direction	mm
dz _{mv}	Displacement after movement correction	mm

Table 1