BS ISO 18436-4:2014



BSI Standards Publication

Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel

Part 4: Field lubricant analysis



...making excellence a habit."

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 18436-4:2014. It supersedes BS ISO 18436-4:2008 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted by Technical Committee GME/21, Mechanical vibration, shock and condition monitoring, to Subcommittee GME/21/7, Mechanical vibration, shock and condition monitoring - Condition monitoring.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2014. Published by BSI Standards Limited 2014

ISBN 978 0 580 78103 2 ICS 03.100.30; 17.160

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 28 February 2014.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date

Text affected

INTERNATIONAL

This is a preview of "BS ISO 18436-4:2014". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

Second edition 2014-02-01

ISU

Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel —

Part 4: Field lubricant analysis

Surveillance et diagnostic d'état des machines — Exigences relatives à la qualification et à l'évaluation du personnel — Partie 4: Analyse de la lubrification sur le terrain



Reference number ISO 18436-4:2014(E)



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2014

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Con	tents	Page
Foreword		iv
Introduction		v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Classification of personnel (field lubricant analysis) 4.1 General 4.2 Category I 4.3 Category II 4.4 Category III	2 2 2 3
5	Eligibility 5.1 General 5.2 Education 5.3 Training 5.4 Experience	4 4 4
6	Examinations 6.1 Examination content 6.2 Conduct of examinations	5
Annex A (normative) Training course requirements and minimum training hours for field lubricant analysis personnel		
Biblio	Bibliography	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 108, *Mechanical vibration, shock and condition monitoring*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machine systems*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 18436-4:2008), which has been technically revised.

ISO 18436 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines* — *Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel*:

- Part 1: Requirements for assessment bodies and the assessment process
- Part 2: Vibration condition monitoring and diagnostics
- Part 3: Requirements for training bodies and the training process
- Part 4: Field lubricant analysis
- Part 5: Lubricant laboratory technician/analyst
- Part 6: Acoustic emission
- Part 7: Thermography
- Part 8: Ultrasound

The following part is under preparation:

— Part 9: Condition monitoring specialists

Introduction

Using lubricant analysis to monitor condition and diagnose faults in machinery is a key activity in predictive maintenance programmes for most industries. Other non-intrusive technologies including thermography, vibration analysis, acoustic emission, and motor current analysis are used as complementary condition analysis tools. Those in the manufacturing industry who have diligently and consistently applied these techniques have experienced a return on investment far exceeding their expectations. However, the effectiveness of these programmes depends on the capabilities of individuals who perform the measurements and analyse the data.

A programme, administered by an assessment body, has been developed to train and assess the competence of personnel whose duties require the appropriate theoretical and practical knowledge of machinery monitoring and diagnostics.

This part of ISO 18436 defines the requirements against which personnel in the non-intrusive machinery condition monitoring and diagnostics technologies associated with field lubricant analysis for machinery condition monitoring are to be qualified and the methods of assessing such personnel.

Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel —

Part 4: Field lubricant analysis

1 Scope

This part of ISO 18436 specifies the requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel who perform machinery condition monitoring and diagnostics using field lubricant analysis.

A certificate or declaration of conformity to this part of ISO 18436 will provide recognition of the qualifications and competence of individuals to perform field lubricant analysis for machinery condition monitoring. This procedure is not applicable to specialized equipment or other specific situations.

This part of ISO 18436 specifies a three-category classification programme that is based on the technical areas delineated herein.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 13372, Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Vocabulary

ISO 18436-1:2012, Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel — Part 1: Requirements for assessment bodies and the assessment process

ISO 18436-3, Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel — Part 3: Requirements for training bodies and the training process

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 13372 and the following apply.

3.1

lubricant

any substance interposed between two surfaces in relative motion for the purpose of modifying the friction and reducing the wear between them

Note 1 to entry: Hydraulic and heat transfer fluids are considered lubricants.

3.2

lubricant analysis

process of monitoring and performing investigative testing of lubricants, with subsequent interpretation, reporting, and response to obtained results