

This is a preview of "BS EN ISO 6506-1:2014...". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

BS EN ISO 6506-1:2014



BSI Standards Publication

Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test

Part 1: Test method

bsi.

...making excellence a habit.™

This is a preview of "BS EN ISO 6506-1:201...". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 6506-1:2014. It supersedes BS EN ISO 6506-1:2005 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee ISE/101/5, Indentation hardness testing.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2014.
Published by BSI Standards Limited 2014

ISBN 978 0 580 79049 2

ICS 77.040.10

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 30 September 2014.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date	Text affected
------	---------------

This is a preview of "BS EN ISO 6506-1:201...". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

September 2014

ICS 77.040.10

Supersedes EN ISO 6506-1:2005

English Version

Metallic materials - Brinell hardness test - Part 1: Test method (ISO 6506-1:2014)

Matériaux métalliques - Essai de dureté Brinell - Partie 1:
Méthode d'essai (ISO 6506-1:2014)

Metallische Werkstoffe - Härteprüfung nach Brinell - Teil 1:
Prüfverfahren (ISO 6506-1:2014)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 30 August 2014.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

This is a preview of "BS EN ISO 6506-1:201...". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 6506-1:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164 "Mechanical testing of metals" in collaboration with Technical Committee ECISS/TC 101 "Test methods for steel (other than chemical analysis)" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 6506-1:2005.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 6506-1:2014 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 6506-1:2014 without any modification.

This is a preview of "BS EN ISO 6506-1:2014...". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

Contents

	Page
Foreword	iv
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Principle	1
4 Symbols and abbreviated terms	1
5 Apparatus	3
6 Test piece	3
7 Procedure	4
8 Uncertainty of the results	6
9 Test report	6
Annex A (normative) Procedure for periodic checking of the testing machine by the user	8
Annex B (normative) Minimum thickness of the test piece in relation to the mean diameter of indentation	9
Annex C (informative) Uncertainty of the measured hardness values	11
Bibliography	16

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 164, *Mechanical testing of metals*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Hardness testing*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 6506-1:2005), which has been technically revised.

ISO 6506 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test*:

- *Part 1: Test method*
- *Part 2: Verification and calibration of testing machines*
- *Part 3: Calibration of reference blocks*
- *Part 4: Table of hardness values*

This is a preview of "BS EN ISO 6506-1:201...". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test —

Part 1: Test method

1 Scope

This part of ISO 6506 specifies the method for the Brinell hardness test for metallic materials. It is applicable to both fixed location and portable hardness testing machines.

For some specific materials and/or products, particular International Standards exist (e.g. ISO 4498) and make reference to this International Standard.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4498, *Sintered metal materials, excluding hardmetals — Determination of apparent hardness and microhardness*

ISO 6506-2:2014, *Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 2: Verification and calibration of testing machines*

ISO 6506-3:2014, *Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 3: Calibration of reference blocks*

ISO 6506-4, *Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 4: Table of hardness values*

3 Principle

An indenter (tungsten carbide composite ball with diameter, D) is forced into the surface of a test piece and, after removal of the force, F , the diameter of the indentation, d , left in the surface is measured.

The Brinell hardness is proportional to the quotient obtained by dividing the test force by the curved surface area of the indentation. The indentation is assumed to take the shape of the unloaded ball indenter, and its surface area is calculated from the mean indentation diameter and the ball diameter, using the formula given in [Table 1](#).

4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

4.1 See [Figure 1](#) and [Table 1](#).