BS ISO 18096:2013



BSI Standards Publication

Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of maximum service temperature for preformed pipe insulation

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Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of maximum service temperature for preformed pipe insulation

Produits isolants thermiques pour l'équipement du bâtiment et les installations industrielles — Détermination de la température maximale de service des coquilles isolantes préformées



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received. www.iso.org/patents

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 163, *Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Test and measurement methods*.

ISO 18096 includes the original EN 14707 prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 88, *Thermal insulating materials and products*. However

- subclause <u>6.3</u> "Conditioning of test specimens",
- subclause <u>7.1</u> "Test conditions",
- <u>Clause 10</u> "Test report" and
- C.2 "Conditioning of test specimens"

have been modified to reflect conditions for tropical countries.

Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series of International Standards which specify test methods for determining dimensions and properties of thermal insulating materials and products. The original EN 14707 supports a series of product standards for thermal insulating materials and products which derive from the Council Directive of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to construction products (Directive 89/106/ EEC) through the consideration of the essential requirements.

This International Standard has been prepared for products used to insulate building equipment and industrial installations, but it may also be applied to products used in other areas.

A similar International Standard, ISO 18097, is available for testing of flat products.

This International Standard is one of a series of existing European Standards on test methods for products used to insulate building equipment and industrial installations which comprises the following group of International Standards:

ISO standard	Title	Respective EN standard
ISO 12623	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installa- tions — Determination of short-term water absorption by partial immer- sion of preformed pipe insulation	EN 13472
ISO 12624	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial instal- lations — Determination of trace quantities of water soluble chloride, fluoride, silicate, sodium ions and pH	EN 13468
ISO 12628	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installa- tions — Determination of dimensions, squareness and linearity of pre- formed pipe insulation	EN 13467
ISO 12629	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial instal- lations — Determination of water vapour transmission properties of pre- formed pipe insulation	EN 13469
ISO 18096	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial instal- lations — Determination of maximum service temperature for preformed pipe insulation	EN 14707
ISO 18097	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installa- tions — Determination of maximum service temperature	EN 14706
ISO 18098	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installa- tions — Determination of the apparent density of preformed pipe insulation	
ISO 18099	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installa- tions — Determination of the coefficient of thermal expansion	EN 13471

A further series of existing European Standards on test methods was adopted by ISO. This "package" of standards comprises the following group of interrelated standards:

ISO standard	Title	Respective EN standard
ISO 12344	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of bending behaviour	EN 12089

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ISO standard	Title	Respective EN standard			
ISO 12968	Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the pull-off resistance of external thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS) (foam block test)	EN 13495			
ISO 29465	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of length and width	EN 822			
ISO 29466	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness	EN 823			
ISO 29467	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of squareness	EN 824			
ISO 29468	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of flatness	EN 825			
ISO 29469	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compression behaviour	EN 826			
ISO 29470	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of the apparent density	EN 1602			
ISO 29471	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimensional stability under constant normal laboratory conditions (23 degrees C/50 % relative humidity)	EN 1603			
ISO 29472	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimensional stability under specified temperature and humidity conditions				
ISO 29764	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of deformation under specified compressive load and temperature conditions	EN 1605			
ISO 29765	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength perpendicular to faces	EN 1607			
ISO 29766	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength parallel to faces	EN 1608			
ISO 29767	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of short-term water absorption by partial immersion	EN 1609			
ISO 29768	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of linear dimensions of test specimens	EN 12085			
ISO 29769	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of behaviour under point load	EN 12430			
ISO 29770	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness for floating-floor insulating products	EN 12431			
ISO 29771	Thermal insulating materials for building applications — Determination of organic content	F EN 13820			
ISO 29803	Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the resistance to impact of external thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS)	EN 13497			

ISO standard	Title	Respective EN standard		
ISO 29804	Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the tensile bond strength of the adhesive and of the base coat to the thermal insulation material			
ISO 29805	Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the mechanical properties of glass fibre meshes	EN 13496		
ISO 16534	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compressive creep	EN 1606		
ISO 16535	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long-term water absorption by immersion	EN 12087		
ISO 16536	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long-term water absorption by diffusion	EN 12088		
ISO 16537	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of shear behaviour	EN 12090		
ISO 16544	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Conditioning to moisture equilibrium under specified temperature and humidity conditions	EN 12429		
ISO 16545	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of behaviour under cyclic loading	EN 13793		
ISO 16546	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of freeze-thaw resistance	EN 12091		
The Application of Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienne Agreement)				

The Application of Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement), Modes 1, 2, 4 and 5, was not approved by CEN/TC 88 and the necessity not seen by its stakeholders.

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Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of maximum service temperature for preformed pipe insulation

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the equipment and procedures for determining the maximum service temperature for preformed pipe insulation. It is applicable to thermal insulating products.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9229, Thermal insulation — Vocabulary

ISO 16544, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Conditioning to moisture equilibrium under specified temperature and humidity conditions

ISO 12628, Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of dimensions, squareness and linearity of preformed pipe insulation

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

maximum service temperature

highest temperature at which the insulation product, when installed at the recommended thickness in a given application, continues to function within specified limits of performance

[ISO 9229:2007, definition 2.6.9.1]

Note 1 to entry: The required performance may be in the areas of dimensional stability, thermal properties, and mechanical properties, as well as changes in appearance and resistance against creation of hazards such as internal self-heating (see annexes and requirements in the relevant product standard).

Note 2 to entry: In the present test procedure, which is used as a reference, the test specimen is exposed to a temperature difference going from ambient to the maximum service temperature. This may not reflect the actual application conditions when products are exposed to different temperatures on the two main faces, e.g. in multi-layer systems or for faced products where the facing may limit the maximum service temperature.

4 **Principle**

Measure thickness and length after one sided heat treatment for a specified time period, at the maximum service temperature, achieved using a specified rate of temperature increase. The thickness of the test specimen is measured during heat treatment and the length only after cooling to ambient temperature.

NOTE The procedure may be an iterative process.

Additional requirements for assessing the maximum service temperature of specific materials are described in the annexes to this International Standard or the relevant product standard or any other international technical specification.