BS EN 900:2014



# **BSI Standards Publication**

# Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption — Calcium hypochlorite



BS EN 900:2014 BRITISH STANDARD

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This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 900:2014. It supersedes BS EN 900:2007 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee CII/59, Chemicals for drinking water treatment.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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### **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

July 2014

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#### **English Version**

# Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Calcium hypochlorite

Produits chimiques utilisés pour le traitement de l'eau destinée à la consommation humaine - Hypochlorite de calcium

Produkte zur Aufbereitung von Wasser für den menschlichen Gebrauch - Calciumhypochlorit

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 May 2014.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Cont	ents	Page
Forewo	ord	4
Introdu	uction	5
1	Scope	6
2	Normative references	6
3 3.1 3.1.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4	Description	6 6 6
3.1.5 3.1.6 3.1.7	CAS Registry Number )	7
3.1.7 3.2 3.3 3.3.1 3.3.2 3.3.3 3.3.4	Commercial form	7 7 7 7
3.3.5 3.3.6 3.3.7 3.3.8 3.3.9 3.3.10 3.3.11	Boiling point at 100 kPa )  Melting point	7 7 8 8
4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Purity criteria  General  Composition of commercial product  Impurities and main by-products  Chemical parameters	8 9
5 5.1 5.2 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3 5.2.4	Test methods	9 10 10 12
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Labelling - Transportation - Storage	16 17 17

6.5.1	General	18
6.5.2 6.5.3	Long term stabilityStorage incompatibilities	
Annex	A (informative) General information on calcium hypochlorite	20
<b>A</b> .1	Origin	20
A.1.1	Raw materials	20
A.1.2	Manufacturing process	20
<b>A.2</b>	Use	20
A.2.1	Function	20
A.2.2	Form in which it is used	20
A.2.3	Treatment dose	20
A.2.4	Means of application	20
A.2.5	Secondary effects	20
A.2.6	Removal of excess product	21
Annex	B (normative) General rules relating to safety	22
B.1	Rules for safe handling and use	22
B.2	Emergency procedures	22
B.2.1	First aid	22
B.2.2	Spillage	22
B.2.3	Fire	22
Annex C (normative) Determination of arsenic, antimony and selenium (atomic absorption spectrometry hydride technique)		23
C.1	General principle	23
C.2	Interferences	23
C.3	Reagents	23
C.4	Apparatus	25
C.4.1	General	25
C.5	Procedure	27
C.5.1	Preparation of the apparatus	27
C.5.2	Preparation of calibration solutions	27
C.5.3	Preparation of test solutions and standard solutions	27
C.5.4	Determination of arsenic with sodium borohydride	27
C.5.5	Determination of selenium with sodium borohydride	28
C.5.6	Determination of antimony with sodium borohydride	28
C.6	Calculation	28
C.7	Repeatability limit	28
Annex D (informative) Environmental, health and safety precautions within chemical laboratory2		
Bibliography3		

#### **Foreword**

This document (EN 900:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 164 "Water supply", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 900:2007.

Significant technical differences between this edition and EN 900:2007 are as follows:

- a) deletion of the maximum sodium chloride content and of its relevant method of determination;
- b) replacement of warning and safety precautions notes by labelling according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

BS EN 900:2014 **EN 900:2014 (E)** 

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#### Introduction

With respect to potential adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption caused by the product covered by this European Standard:

- a) this European Standard provides no information as to whether the product may be used without restriction in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA;
- b) it should be noted that, while awaiting the adoption of verifiable European criteria, existing national regulations concerning the use and/or the characteristics of this product remain in force.

NOTE 1 Conformity with this European Standard does not confer or imply acceptance or approval of the products in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA. The use of the products covered by this European Standard is subject to regulation or control by National Authorities.

NOTE 2 This product is a biocide and needs to comply with the relevant legislation in force. In the European Union, at the time of publication, this legislation is Directive 98/8/EC [1]).

#### 1 Scope

This European Standard is applicable to calcium hypochlorite used for the treatment of water intended for human consumption. It describes the characteristics of calcium hypochlorite and specifies the requirements and the corresponding test methods for calcium hypochlorite. It provides information on its use in water treatment. It also determines the rules relating to safe handling and use of calcium hypochlorite (see Annex B).

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use - Specification and test methods (ISO 3696)

EN ISO 12846:2012, Water quality - Determination of mercury - Method using atomic absorption spectrometry (AAS) with and without enrichment (ISO 12846:2012)

ISO 3165, Sampling of chemical products for industrial use — Safety in sampling

ISO 6206, Chemical products for industrial use — Sampling — Vocabulary

ISO 8213, Chemical products for industrial use — Sampling techniques — Solid chemical products in the form of particles varying from powders to coarse lumps

ISO 8288, Water quality — Determination of cobalt, nickel, copper, zinc, cadmium and lead — Flame atomic absorption spectrometric methods

ISO 9174, Water quality — Determination of chromium — Atomic absorption spectrometric methods

#### 3 Description

#### 3.1 Identification

#### 3.1.1 Chemical name

Calcium hypochlorite.

#### 3.1.2 Synonym or common name

None.

#### 3.1.3 Relative molecular mass

142.99.

#### 3.1.4 Empirical formula

Ca(CIO)<sub>2</sub>.