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BS EN 12699:2015



# **BSI Standards Publication**

# Execution of special geotechnical work — Displacement piles



BS EN 12699:2015 BRITISH STANDARD

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This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 12699:2015. It supersedes BS EN 12699:2001 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee B/526, Geotechnics.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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# **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

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#### **English Version**

# Execution of special geotechnical works - Displacement piles

Exécution des travaux géotechniques spéciaux - Pieux avec refoulement du sol

Ausführung von Arbeiten im Spezialtiefbau -Verdrängungspfähle

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 12 March 2015.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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## **Foreword**

This document (EN 12699:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 288 "Execution of special geotechnical works", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 12699:2000.

The technical changes in comparison to EN 12699:2000 are:

- driven piles independent of dimension are included;
- sections describing concrete and testing have been minimised.

The document has been prepared to stand alongside EN 1997 (all parts), *Eurocode 7: Geotechnical design*. Clause 7 covers design aspects of piles.

Annex A and Annex B are informative.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

BS EN 12699:2015 EN 12699:2015 (E)

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## 1 Scope

**1.1** This European Standard establishes general principles for the execution of displacement piles, that means piles which are installed in the ground without excavation or removal of material from the ground except for limiting heave and/or limiting vibration as well as removal of obstructions or to assist penetration.

Piles are driven into the ground using impact, vibration, pressing, screwing or a combination of these methods

	Toda.		
1.2	The material of displacement piles covered by this European Standard can be:		
_	steel;		
_	cast iron;		
_	concrete, mortar;		
_	timber;		
_	grout;		
_	combination of above.		
<b>1.3</b> disp	This European Standard covers prefabricated, cast <i>in situ</i> , or a combination of these methods to form lacement piles of regular shape.		
Examples are given in Figure A.2 and Figure A.3.			
<b>1.4</b> imp	Displacement piles may be installed in soils enhanced by ground improvement techniques. The ground rovement can be executed before, at the same time or after installation of the piles.		
<b>1.5</b> rega	Other than practical considerations there are for the purpose of this European Standard no limitations arding cross section dimensions, shaft or base enlargements, length or rake.		
1.6	The provisions of this European Standard apply to:		
_	single piles;		
_	pile groups;		
_	concrete sheet piles.		

### 2 Normative references

EN 14199.

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

**1.7** Columns constructed by ground improvement techniques (such as mixed *in situ* columns, jet grouting, compaction grouting, vibro flotation, stone columns) are not covered by this European Standard. Bored piles are covered in EN 1536. Steel and timber sheet pile walls are covered in EN 12063. Micropiles are covered in

EN 206:2013, Concrete - Specification, performance, production and conformity