BS EN ISO 14270:2016



BSI Standards Publication

Resistance welding — Destructive testing of welds — Specimen dimensions and procedure for mechanized peel testing resistance spot, seam and embossed projection welds



...making excellence a habit."

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 14270:2016. It supersedes BS EN ISO 14270:2001 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee WEE/-/1, Briefing committee for welding.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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English Version

Resistance welding - Destructive testing of welds -Specimen dimensions and procedure for mechanized peel testing resistance spot, seam and embossed projection welds (ISO 14270:2016)

Soudage par résistance - Essais destructifs des soudures - Dimensions des éprouvettes et mode opératoire pour l'essai de pelage mécanisé des soudures par résistance par points, à la molette et par bossages (ISO 14270:2016) Widerstandsschweißen - Zerstörende Prüfung von Schweißverbindungen - Probenmaße und Verfahren für die mechanisierte Schälprüfung an Widerstandspunkt-, Rollennaht- und Buckelschweißungen mit geprägten Buckeln (ISO 14270:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 December 2015.

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 14270:2016) has been prepared by IIW International Institute of Welding in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 121 "Welding and allied processes" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 14270:2001.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 14270:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 14270:2016 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IIW, *International Institute of Welding*, Commission III.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 14270:2000), which has been technically revised.

Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this International Standard should be directed to the ISO Central Secretariat, who will forward them to the IIW Secretariat for an official response.

Introduction

This edition of ISO 14270 no longer includes figures showing failure types and modes for tensile shear and cross tension testing in accordance with ISO 14329.

ISO 14270 has been revised to align it with ISO 17677-1. This edition of ISO 14270 is now applicable to testing of welds made in high strength materials including ultra-high strength materials as well as ordinary strength materials. Some of the figures related to the failure types and modes have been revised in accordance with ISO 17677-1.

ISO 14270-2016(F)

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Resistance welding — Destructive testing of welds — Specimen dimensions and procedure for mechanized peel testing resistance spot, seam and embossed projection welds

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies specimen dimensions and a testing procedure for mechanized peel testing of single spot, seam and embossed projection welds, in overlapping sheets, in any metallic material of thickness 0,5 mm to 3 mm, where the welds have a maximum diameter of $7\sqrt{t}$ (where *t* is the sheet thickness in mm).

For welds of diameter between $5\sqrt{t}$ and $7\sqrt{t}$, the peel strength values obtained may be lower than expected when using the recommended test specimen dimensions because the test specimen width is designed for welds of diameter of $5\sqrt{t}$ or less.

The object of mechanized peel testing is to determine the peel strength that the test specimen can sustain.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7500-1, Metallic materials — Verification of static uniaxial testing machines — Part 1: Tension/compression testing machines — Verification and calibration of the force-measuring system

ISO 17677-1, Resistance welding — Vocabulary — Part 1: Spot, projection and seam welding

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 17677-1 and the following apply.

3.1 mechanized peel strength MPS

maximum peel force obtained from this test

3.2 peel force force applied on test specimen during mechanized peel testing

3.3 minimum seam weld width *W*_{min} minimum width of the seam weld measured at the faying surface

Note 1 to entry: See Figure A.1.

Note 2 to entry: For interface failures, the seam weld width is measured in the plane of the interface in a transverse direction to the longitudinal axis of the linear seam weld.