BS EN ISO 28765:2016



BSI Standards Publication

Vitreous and porcelain enamels
— Design of bolted steel tanks
for the storage or treatment of
water or municipal or industrial
effluents and sludges



This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 28765:2016. It supersedes BS EN ISO 28765:2011 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee STI/36, Vitreous enamel coatings.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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English Version

Vitreous and porcelain enamels - Design of bolted steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges (ISO 28765:2016)

Émaux vitrifiés - Conception de réservoirs en acier boulonnés pour le stockage ou le traitement des eaux ou des effluents d'eaux usées urbains ou industriels (ISO 28765:2016) Emails und Emaillierungen - Gestaltung von verschraubten Stahlbehältern für die Speicherung oder Behandlung von Wasser oder kommunalen und industriellen Abwässern und Abwasserschlamm (ISO 28765:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 19 December 2015.

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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 28765:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 262 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2016.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 28765:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 28765:2016 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 28765:2008), which has been technically revised.

Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Design of bolted steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges

1 Scope

This International Standard establishes the requirements for the design and use of vitreous-enamel-coated bolted cylindrical steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges.

It applies to the design of the tank and any associated roof and gives guidance on the requirements for the design of the foundation.

It applies where

- a) the tank is cylindrical and is mounted on a load-bearing base substantially at or above ground level;
- b) the product of the tank diameter in metres and the wall height in metres lies within the range 5 to 500;
- c) the tank diameter does not exceed 100 m and the total wall height does not exceed 50 m;
- d) the stored material has the characteristics of a liquid, exerting a negligible frictional force on the tank wall; the stored material may be undergoing treatment as part of a municipal or industrial effluent treatment process;
- e) the internal pressure in the headspace above the liquid does not exceed 50 kPa and the internal partial vacuum above the liquid does not exceed 10 kPa;
- f) the walls of the tank are vertical;
- g) the floor of the tank is substantially flat at its intersection with the wall; the floor of the tank may have a rise or fall built in to allow complete emptying of the tank contents, the slope of which does not exceed 1:100;
- h) there is negligible inertial and impact load due to tank filling;
- i) the minimum thickness of the tank shell is 1,5 mm;
- j) the material used for the manufacture of the steel sheets is carbon steel (tanks constructed of sheets made from aluminium or stainless steel are outside the scope of this International Standard);
- k) the temperature of the tank wall during operation is within the range -50 °C to +100 °C under all operating conditions.

This International Standard also gives details of procedures to be followed during installation on site and for inspection and maintenance of the installed tank.

It does not apply to chemical-reaction vessels.

It does not cover resistance to fire.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.