BS EN IEC 55015:2019

This is a preview of "BS EN IEC 55015:2019". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.



BSI Standards Publication

Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of electrical lighting and similar equipment



National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN IEC 55015:2019. It is identical to CISPR 15:2018. It supersedes BS EN 55015:2013+A1:2015, which will be withdrawn on 30 August 2022.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee GEL/210/11, EMC - Standards Committee.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2019 Published by BSI Standards Limited 2019

ISBN 978 0 580 90143 0

ICS 33.100.10

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 30 September 2019.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date

Text affected

This is a preview of "BS EN IEC 55015:2019". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

August 2019

ICS 33.100.10

Supersedes EN 55015:2013 and all of its amendments and corrigenda (if any)

English Version

Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of electrical lighting and similar equipment (CISPR 15:2018)

Limites et méthodes de mesure des perturbations radioélectriques produites par les appareils électriques d'éclairage et les appareils analogues (CISPR 15:2018) Grenzwerte und Messverfahren für Funkstörungen von elektrischen Beleuchtungseinrichtungen und ähnlichen Elektrogeräten (CISPR 15:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2018-06-19. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

© 2019 CENELEC All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CENELEC Members.

European foreword

The text of document CIS/F/733/FDIS, future edition 9 of CISPR 15, prepared by CISPR SC F "Interference relating to household appliances tools, lighting equipment and similar apparatus" of CISPR "International special committee on radio interference" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 55015:2019.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national (dop) 2020-02-29 level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the (dow) 2022-08-30 document have to be withdrawn

This document supersedes EN 55015:2013 and all of its amendments and corrigenda (if any).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard CISPR 15:2018 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

CISPR/TR 16-4-3:2004	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 55016-4-3 (not modified) ¹
IEC 60155:1993	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60155:1995 (not modified)
IEC 60155:1993/A1:1995	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60155:1995/A1:1995 (not modified)
IEC 60155:1993/A2:2006	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60155:1995/A2:2007 (not modified)
IEC 61000-6-3:2006	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61000-6-3:2007 (not modified)
IEC 61000-6-3:2006/A1:2010	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61000-6-3:2007/A1:2011 (not modified)
IEC 61347-1:2015	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61347-1:2015 (not modified)
IEC 62776:2014	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 62776:2015 (not modified)

¹ To be published. Stage at the time of publication: prEN 55016-4-3:2018

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: <u>www.cenelec.eu</u>.

Publication	Year	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	Year
IEC 60038	-	IEC standard voltages	EN 60038	-
IEC 60050-161	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary. Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility	-	-
IEC 60050-845	1987	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary. Lighting	-	-
IEC 60061-1	-	Lamp caps and holders together with gauges for the control of interchangeability and safety. Part 1: Lamp caps	EN 60061-1	-
IEC 60081	-	Double-capped fluorescent lamps - Performance specifications	EN 60081	-
IEC 60598-1 (mod)	2014	Luminaires - Part 1: General requirements and tests	EN 60598-1	2015
+ A1	2017		+ A1	2018
IEC 60921	-	Ballasts for tubular fluorescent lamps - Performance requirements	EN 60921	-
IEC 61000-4-20	2010	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-20: Testing and measurement techniques - Emission and immunity testing in transverse electromagnetic (TEM) waveguides	EN 61000-4-20	2010
IEC 61195	-	Double-capped fluorescent lamps - Safety specifications	EN 61195	-
IEC 62504	2014	General lighting - Light emitting diode (LED) products and related equipment - Terms and definitions	EN 62504	2014

BS EN IEC 55015:2019 EN IEC 55015:2019 (E)

This is a preview of "BS EN IEC 55015:2019". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

CISPR 16-1-1	2015	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Measuring apparatus	-	-
CISPR 16-1-2	2014	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-2: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Coupling devices for conducted disturbance measurements	EN 55016-1-2	2014
CISPR 16-1-4	2010	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Antennas and test sites for radiated disturbance measurements	EN 55016-1-4	2010
+ A1	2012		+ A1	2012
+ A2	2017		+ A2	2017
CISPR 16-2-1	2014	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 2-1: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity - Conducted disturbance measurements	N 55016-2-1	2014
+ A1	2017	+	· A1	2017
CISPR 16-2-3	2016	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity - Radiated disturbance measurements	EN 55016-2-3	2017
CISPR 16-4-2	2011	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 4-2: Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling - Measurement instrumentation uncertainty	EN 55016-4-2	2011
+ A1	2014		+ A1	2014
CISPR/TR 30-1	2012	Test method on electromagnetic emissions - Part 1: Electronic control gear for single- and double-capped fluorescent lamps	-	-
CISPR 32	2015	Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment - Emission requirements	EN 55032	2015
ISO/IEC 17025	2005	General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories	-	-

CONTENTS

FC	OREWO	PRD	7
1	Scop	e	9
2	Norn	native references	10
3	Term	ns, definitions and abbreviated terms	11
•	3.1	General	
	3.2	General terms and definitions	
	3.3	Terms and definitions related to equipment	
	3.4	Terms and definitions related to interfaces and ports	
	3.5	Abbreviated terms	
4		s	
•	4.1	General	
	4.1	Frequency ranges	
	4.2	Limits and methods for the assessment of wired network ports	
	4.3	•	
	4.3.1	1 11 5	
	4.3.2	······································	
	4.4 4.5	Limits and methods for the assessment of local wired ports	
	4.5 4.5.1	Limits and methods for the assessment of the enclosure port	
	-		
	4.5.2		
F	4.5.3		
5	• •	ication of the limits	
	5.1	General	
	5.2	Identification of the interfaces subject to test	
	5.3	Application of limits to the interfaces	
	5.3.1		
	5.3.2		
	5.3.3		
	5.3.4		
	5.3.5	1 21	
	5.3.6		
6	Prod	uct specific limit application requirements	28
	6.1	General	28
	6.2	Passive EUT	28
	6.3	Rope lights	28
	6.3.1	General	28
	6.3.2	Requirements for rope lights	28
	6.4	Modules	28
	6.4.1	General	28
	6.4.2	Modules having multiple applications	29
	6.4.3	Internal modules	29
	6.4.4	External modules	29
	6.4.5	Single capped self-ballasted lamps	30
	6.4.6		
	6.4.7		

6.4.8	3 Single-capped semi-luminaires	
6.4.9		
6.4.1	0 Replaceable starters for fluorescent lamps	
7 Oper	rating and test conditions of the EUT	31
7.1	General	
7.2	Switching	
7.3	Supply voltage and frequency	
7.4	Rated lamp load and light regulation	
7.5	Operating modes	
7.6	Ambient conditions	
7.7	Lamps	
7.7.1	•	
7.7.2		
7.8	Stabilization times	
7.9	Operation and loading of wired interfaces	
7.9.1	·	
7.9.2		
7.9.3	C C	
7.9.4	-	
	nods of measurement of conducted disturbances	
8.1		
8.2	General Measurement instrumentation and methods	
8.3		
	Electrical power supply interface disturbance measurement Disturbance measurement of wired network interfaces other than power	
8.4	supply	34
8.5	Local wired port disturbance measurement	
8.5.1		
8.5.2		
	nods of measurement of radiated disturbances	
9.1	General	
9.1 9.2	Intentional wireless transmitters	
9.2 9.3	Measurement instrumentation and methods	
9.3 9.3.1		
9.3.1		
9.3.2		
9.3.3 9.3.4	•	
	pliance with this document	
	surement uncertainty	
12 Test	report	
	(normative) Product specific application notes referring to particular nent set-ups or operating conditions	42
A.1	Single-capped self-ballasted lamps	
A.1.1		
A.1.2	-	
A.2	Semi-luminaires	
A.3	Rope lights	
A.3		··· · -
A.3 A.3.1	1 Preparation of the EUT	

A.3.3	Arrangement for radiated disturbance measurements	43
ca	puble-capped lamp adapters, double-capped self-ballasted lamps, double- pped semi-luminaires and double-capped retrofit lamps used in	
	orescent lamp luminaires	
A.4.1	For application in linear luminaires with electromagnetic controlgear	
A.4.2	For application in linear luminaires with electronic controlgear	
A.4.3	For application in other than linear luminaires	
A.4.4	Measurement methods	
A.5 EL	_V lamps	44
A.5.1	Conducted disturbance test	44
A.5.2	Radiated disturbance tests	44
A.6 Ind	dependent igniters	44
Annex B (nor	rmative) Test arrangements for conducted disturbance measurements	50
B.1 Ge	eneral	50
B.2 Ar	rangement of cables connected to interfaces of wired network ports	50
B.2.1	Arrangements of electric power supply cables	50
B.2.2	Arrangement of other than electric power supply cables	50
B.3 Ar	rangement of cables connected to interfaces of local wired ports	
B.3.1	General	51
B.3.2	Cables of local-wired ports indirectly connected to a network	51
B.3.3	Cables of local-wired ports other than the type mentioned in B.3.2	51
B.3.4	Power-supply cables of an ELV lamp	
B.3.5	Arrangement of measurement probes	
B.4 Lo	ading and termination of cables	
	minaires	
B.6 Mo	odules	
	rmative) Test arrangements for radiated disturbance measurements	
· ·	eneral	
	rangements of electric power supply cables	
	rangement of cables other than electric power supply cables	
	rangements of EUT, auxiliary equipment and associated equipment	
C.4.1	General	
C.4.2	EUT arrangements for table-top, wall-mounted or ceiling-mounted applications	
C.4.3	EUT arrangements for floor-standing and pole-mounted applications	
	ading and termination of cables	
	ormative) Examples of application of limits and test methods	
-	eneral	
-	ase 1: Power controlgear with remote battery connection	
D.2 Ca	EUT description	
D.2.1 D.2.2	•	
	Interfaces, ports and limits	
	ase 2: Universal presence and light detector	
D.3.1	EUT description	
D.3.2	Interfaces, ports and limits	
	ase 3: Driver with three load interfaces	
D.4.1	EUT description	
— · · ·		C 4
D.4.2 D.5 Ca	Interfaces, ports and limits ase 4: Ethernet powered OLED	

This is a previe	ew of "BS EN IEC 55015:2019". Click here to purchase the full version from	
D.5	.2 Interfaces, ports and limits	66
D.6	Case 5: Stand-alone occupancy-daylight sensor	
D.6	1 EUT description	66
D.6	2 Interfaces, ports and limits	67
Annex E	(informative) Statistical considerations in the determination of EMC	
compliar	nce of mass-produced products	
E.1	General	
E.2	Test method based on a general margin to the limit	
E.3	Test method based on the non-central t-distribution	69
E.3.		
E.3.	1 5 6	
E.3.	3 3 3	
E.4	Test method based on the binomial distribution	
E.5	Application of larger sample size	
Bibliogra	ıphy	73
Figure 1	– EMC-ports of an EUT	18
	 Generic depiction of the definitions of test-, ancillary-, auxiliary- and 	
	ed equipment w.r.t. EUT and the test/measurement environment (definitions	00
•	CISPR 16-2-3)	
-	 EUT and its physical interfaces 	
	- Decision process on the application of limits to the EUT	
Figure 5	 Example of a host system with different types of modules 	41
ballasted	.1 – Reference luminaire for double-capped lamp adapter, double-capped self- l lamp, double-capped semi-luminaire and double-capped retrofit lamp used in orescent lamp luminaires (see A.4.1)	45
Figure A	.2 – Conical metal housing for single capped lamps (see A.1.1)	46
	.3 – Arrangements for conducted disturbance measurements from non- d ELV lamps (see A.5.1)	47
Figure A	.4 – Arrangements for conducted disturbance measurements from restricted ps (see A.5.1)	
Figure A	.5 – Hose-clamp reference luminaire for self-ballasted lamps with a anyonet cap (see A.1.1)	
	.6 – Support plate for arranging long cables and rope lights	
	.2, Clauses A.3 and B.3)	49
Figure B	.1 – Circuit for measuring conducted disturbances from a luminaire	
(Figure E	3.1a), an internal/mounted/replaceable module (Figure B.1b) and a single self-ballasted or independent non-gas-discharge lamp Figure B.1c)	54
Figure B	.2 – Circuit for measuring conducted disturbances from an external module	55
Figure B	.3 – Measuring arrangements for conducted disturbances (see Clause B.5)	56
	.1 – EUT arrangement of ceiling-, wall-mounted and table-top applications re radiated (OATS, SAC or FAR) disturbance measurement	58
Figure C	.2 – EUT arrangement of floor-standing and pole-mounted applications during ited (OATS, SAC or FAR) disturbance measurement	
Figure C	.3 – Example of arrangement of a luminaire during the radiated (OATS, SAC disturbance measurement	
,	.4 – Example of arrangement of an internal module during the radiated	
	SAC or FAR) disturbance measurement	60

Figure 0.5. Example of any second of an external we dule during the redicted	
Figure C.5 – Example of arrangement of an external module during the radiated (OATS, SAC or FAR) disturbance measurement	60
Figure D.1 – Case 1 EUT	61
Figure D.2 – Case 2 EUT	63
Figure D.3 – Case 3 EUT	65
Figure D.4 – Case 4 EUT	66
Figure D.5 – Case 5 EUT	67
Figure E.1 – Illustration of difficulties in case the maximum value of the disturbance is at the boundary of a sub-range	71
Table 1 – Disturbance voltage limits at the electric power supply interface	21
Table 2 – Disturbance voltage limits at wired network interfaces other than power supply	21
Table 3 – Disturbance current limits at wired network interfaces other than power supply	22
Table 4 – Disturbance voltage limits of local wired ports: electrical power supply interface of non-restricted ELV lamps	22
Table 5 – Disturbance voltage limits at local wired ports: local wired ports other than electrical power supply interface of ELV lamp	23
Table 6 – Disturbance current limits at local wired ports: local wired ports other than electrical power supply interface of ELV lamp	23
Table 7 – Maximum EUT dimension that can be used for testing using LLAS with different diameters	24
Table 8 – LLAS radiated disturbance limits in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz	24
Table 9 – Loop antenna radiated disturbance limits in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz for equipment with a dimension > 1,6 m	24
Table 10 – Radiated disturbance limits and associated measurement methods in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz	
Table 11 – Overview of standardized conducted disturbance measurement methods	
Table 12 – Overview of standardized radiated disturbance measurement methods	
Table D.1 – Case 1: Summary of interfaces, applicable ports and limits	62
Table D.2 – Case 2 – Application 1: Summary of interfaces, applicable ports and limits	
Table D.3 – Case 2 – Application 2: Summary of interfaces, applicable ports and limits	
Table D.4 – Case 3: Summary of interfaces, applicable ports and limits	
Table D.5 – Case 4: Summary of interfaces, applicable ports and limits	
Table D.6 – Case 5: Summary of interfaces, applicable ports and limits	
Table E.1 – General margin to the limit for statistical evaluation	
Table E.2 – Sample size and corresponding <i>k</i> factor in a non-central t-distribution	
Table E.3 – Application of the binomial distribution	

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

INTERNATIONAL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RADIO INTERFERENCE

LIMITS AND METHODS OF MEASUREMENT OF RADIO DISTURBANCE CHARACTERISTICS OF ELECTRICAL LIGHTING AND SIMILAR EQUIPMENT

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard CISPR 15 has been prepared by subcommittee CIS/F: Interference relating to household appliances tools, lighting equipment and similar apparatus, of IEC technical committee CISPR: International special committee on radio interference.

This ninth edition cancels and replaces the eighth edition published in 2013 and its Amendment 1:2015. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) full editorial revision and restructuring;
- b) the restriction to mains and battery operation is deleted in the scope;
- c) radiated disturbance limits in the frequency range 300 MHz to 1 GHz have been introduced;

- d) the load terminals limits and the CDNE (alternative to radiated emissions) limits have changed;
- e) deletion of the insertion-loss requirements and the associated Annex A;
- f) introduction of three basic ports: wired network ports, local wired ports and the enclosure port;
- g) introduction of a more technology-independent approach;
- h) replacement of Annex B (CDNE) by appropriate references to CISPR 16-series of standards;
- i) modified requirements for the metal holes of the conical housing;
- j) new conducted disturbance measurement method for GU10 self-ballasted lamp;
- k) addition of current probe measurement method and limits for various types of ports (in addition to voltage limits and measurement methods);
- introduction of the term 'module' (instead of independent auxiliary) and requirements for measurement of modules using a host (reference) system;
- m) modified specifications for stabilization times of EUTs;
- n) for large EUT (> 1,6 m), addition of the magnetic field measurement method using a 60 cm loop antenna at 3 m distance (method from CISPR 14-1) as an alternative to the 3 m and 4 m LAS.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
CIS/F/733/FDIS	CIS/F/736/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

LIMITS AND METHODS OF MEASUREMENT OF RADIO DISTURBANCE CHARACTERISTICS OF ELECTRICAL LIGHTING AND SIMILAR EQUIPMENT

1 Scope

This document applies to the emission (radiated and conducted) of radiofrequency disturbances from:

- lighting equipment (3.3.16);
- the lighting part of multi-function equipment where this lighting part is a primary function;
- NOTE 1 Examples are lighting equipment with visible-light communication, entertainment lighting.
- UV and IR radiation equipment for residential and non-industrial applications;
- advertising signs;

NOTE 2 Examples are neon tube advertising signs.

- decorative lighting;
- emergency signs.

Excluded from the scope of this document are:

 components or modules intended to be built into lighting equipment and which are not user-replaceable;

NOTE 3 See CISPR 30 (all parts) for built-in controlgear.

- lighting equipment operating in the ISM frequency bands (as defined in Resolution 63 (1979) of the ITU Radio Regulation);
- lighting equipment for aircraft and airfield facilities (runways, service facilities, platforms);
- video signs;
- installations;
- equipment for which the electromagnetic compatibility requirements in the radio-frequency range are explicitly formulated in other CISPR standards, even if they incorporate a builtin lighting function.

NOTE 4 Examples of exclusions are:

- equipment with built-in lighting devices for display back lighting, scale illumination and signaling;
- SSL-displays;
- range hoods, refrigerators, freezers;
- photocopiers, projectors;
- lighting equipment for road vehicles (in scope of CISPR 12).

The frequency range covered is 9 kHz to 400 GHz. No measurements need to be performed at frequencies where no limits are specified in this document.

Multi-function equipment which is subjected simultaneously to different clauses of this document and/or other standards need to meet the provisions of each clause/standard with the relevant functions in operation.

For equipment outside the scope of this document and which includes lighting as a secondary function, there is no need to separately assess the lighting function against this document, provided that the lighting function was operative during the assessment in accordance with the applicable standard.