

BSI Standards Publication

Mountaineering equipment - Rock anchors - Safety requirements and test methods



BS EN 959:2018 BRITISH STANDARD

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National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 959:2018. It supersedes BS EN 959:2007, which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee SW/136/5, Sports, Playground and other Recreational Equipment - Mountaineering Equipment.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

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Date Text affected

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English Version

Mountaineering equipment - Rock anchors - Safety requirements and test methods

Équipement d'alpinisme et d'escalade - Amarrages pour rocher - Exigences de sécurité et méthodes d'essai Bergsteigerausrüstung - Bohrhaken -Sicherheitstechnische Anforderungen und Prüfverfahren

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 29 July 2018.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (EN 959:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 136 "Sports, playground and other recreational facilities and equipment", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 959:2007.

Changes made in comparison with EN 959:2007:

- a) definition for "eye" added;
- b) definition for "connector" added;
- c) classes for rock anchors added in 4.1 "materials" and amendments of 4.1;
- d) amendment of 4.2 "Design" and change of the overall thickness of the border of the eye;
- e) amendment of <u>5.3.2</u> "Determination of load-bearing capacity";
- f) amendment of <u>Clause 6</u> "Marking";
- g) amendment of <u>Clause 7</u> "Information supplied by the manufacturer";
- h) inclusion of informative Annex C "Stress corrosion cracking of steel anchors";
- i) Annex C "General guidance for placing rock anchors" changed to Annex D;
- j) editorial amendments;
- k) introduction of a new class of rock anchor designed especially for the top of a route for lowering/rappelling.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

BS EN 959:2018 **EN 959:2018 (E)**

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Introduction

The text of this document is based on the former UIAA Standard P (Union Internationale des Associations d'Alpinisme), which has been prepared with international participation.

This document is one of a package of standards for mountaineering equipment, see Annex A.

1 Scope

This document specifies safety requirements and test methods for rock anchors for use in mountaineering including climbing.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1920-3, Testing of concrete - Part 3: Making and curing test specimens

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

rock anchor

anchoring device intended for repeated use after installation, that is inserted into a drilled hole in the rock and held in place by gluing, or expansion forces, or positive locking, and with an attachment point for a connector

3.2

connector

openable device, which enables a mountaineer to link himself directly or indirectly to an anchor or to link parts of the equipment together

[SOURCE: EN 12275:2013, definition 3.1]

3.3

eye

attachment point for a connector

3.4

body of the rock anchor

part of the rock anchor that will be installed in the rock

3.5

hanger

attachment point capable of being separated from the body of a rock anchor

3.6

installed length

distance from the rock surface to the furthest point of the body in mechanical contact with the rock or bonded to the rock, after installation

3.7

belay rock anchor

rock anchors linked together specifically designed to be placed at the top of a pitch (section) of the climbing route, to enable the climbers to belay, be lowered down, or to lower themselves down