



BSI Standards Publication

## Soil quality – Leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and soil-like material

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Part 2: Batch test using a liquid to solid ratio of 10 l/  
kg dry matter (ISO 21628-2:2019)

This is a preview of "BS EN ISO 21268-2:20...". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)

## National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 21268-2:2019.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee EH/4, Soil quality.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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Published by BSI Standards Limited 2019

ISBN 978 0 580 99415 9

ICS 13.080.05

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This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 October 2019.

### Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date	Text affected
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## EUROPÄISCHE NORM

October 2019

ICS 13.080.05

Supersedes CEN ISO/TS 21268-2:2009

English Version

# Soil quality — Leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and soil-like material — Part 2: Batch test using a liquid to solid ratio of 10 l/kg dry matter (ISO 21268-2:2019)

Qualité du sol — Modes opératoires de lixiviation en vue d'essais chimiques et écotoxicologiques ultérieurs des sols et matériaux du sol — Partie 2: Essai en bûchée avec un rapport liquide/solide de 10 l/kg de matière sèche (ISO 21268-2:2019)

Bodenbeschaffenheit — Elutionsverfahren für die anschließende chemische und ökotoxikologische Untersuchung von Boden und von Bodenmaterialien — Teil 2: Schüttelverfahren mit einem Flüssigkeits/Feststoffverhältnis von 10 l/kg Trockenmasse (ISO 21268-2:2019)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1 September 2019.

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## European foreword

This document (EN ISO 21268-2:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190 "Soil quality" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 444 "Test methods for environmental characterization of solid matrices" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes CEN ISO/TS 21268-2:2009.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

### Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 21268-2:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 21268-2:2019 without any modification.

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190, *Soil quality*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Impact assessment*.

This first edition of ISO 21268-2:2019 cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/TS 21268-2:2007), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the maximum grain size has been changed to <2 mm as usual for soil;
- the demineralized water has been added as possible leachant;
- [7.1](#) and [7.2](#) have been renumbered and renamed to read [7.1](#) "Particle size" and [7.2](#) "Sample preparation";
- [12.1](#) "General" and [12.2](#) "Validation results obtained for DIN 19529" have been added;
- [A.3.6](#) "Special requirements for tests considering semi-volatile substances" has been added;
- a new informative [Annex C](#) "Calculation of centrifugation duration depending on centrifugation speed and rotor dimensions" has been added;
- references in [Clause 2](#) and the Bibliography have been updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 21268 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

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## Introduction

In various countries, tests have been developed to characterize and assess the substances which can be released from materials. The release of soluble substances upon contact with water is regarded as a main mechanism of release, which results in a potential risk to the environment during the use or disposal of materials. The intent of these tests is to identify the leaching properties of materials. The complexity of the leaching process makes simplifications necessary<sup>[1]</sup>.

Not all of the relevant aspects of leaching behaviour can be addressed in one standard (see description of influencing factors in [Annex A](#)).

Tests to characterize the behaviour of materials can generally be divided into three categories addressed in ISO 18772<sup>[2]</sup> and EN 12920<sup>[3]</sup>. The relationships between these tests are summarized below.

- a) "Basic characterization" tests are used to obtain information on the short- and long-term leaching behaviour and characteristic properties of materials. Liquid/solid ratios (L/S), leachant composition, factors controlling leachability, such as pH, redox potential, complexing capacity, role of dissolved organic carbon (DOC), ageing of material and physical parameters, are addressed in these defined tests.
- b) "Compliance" tests are used to determine whether the material complies with a specific behaviour or with specific reference values. These tests focus on key variables and leaching behaviour previously identified by basic characterization tests.
- c) "On-site verification" tests are used as a rapid check to confirm that the material is the same as that which has been subjected to the compliance test(s). On-site verification tests are not necessarily leaching tests.

The test procedure described in this method belongs to category b): compliance tests.

This document was originally elaborated on the basis of EN 12457-2:2004<sup>[4]</sup>. Especially, modifications considering requirements on subsequent ecotoxicological testing and analysis of organic substances have been included. Validation results have been adopted from DIN 19529<sup>[5]</sup>.

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# Soil quality – Leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and soil-like material —

Part 2:

## Batch test using a liquid to solid ratio of 10 l/kg dry matter (ISO 21268-2:2019)

### 1 Scope

This document specifies a test providing information on leaching of soil and soil materials under the experimental conditions specified hereafter, and particularly at a liquid to solid ratio of 10 l/kg dry matter.

The document has been developed to measure the release of inorganic and organic substances from soil and soil-like material as well as to produce eluates for subsequent ecotoxicological testing. For ecotoxicological testing, see ISO 15799<sup>[6]</sup> and ISO 17616<sup>[7]</sup>.

NOTE 1 Volatile organic substances include the low-molecular-weight substances in mixtures such as mineral oil.

NOTE 2 It is not always possible to optimize test conditions simultaneously for inorganic and organic substances and optimum test conditions can also vary between different groups of organic substances. Test requirements for organic substances are generally more stringent than those for inorganic substances. The test conditions suitable for measuring the release of organic substances will generally also be applicable to inorganic substances.

NOTE 3 Within the category of organic substances, a significant difference in behaviour exists between the more polar, relatively water-soluble compounds and apolar, hydrophobic organic substances (HOCs). In the latter case, mechanisms of release (e.g. particle-bound or dissolved organic carbon-bound) can be more crucial as well as sorption losses of soluble HOCs on different materials with which they come in contact (e.g. bottles, filters). The test and the results should be used for leaching of organic substances only with thorough consideration of the specific properties of the substances in question and the associated potential problems.

NOTE 4 For ecotoxicological testing, eluates representing the release of both inorganic and organic substances are needed. In this document, ecotoxicological testing is also meant to include genotoxicological testing.

This test method produces eluates, which can subsequently be characterized by physical, chemical and ecotoxicological methods in accordance with existing standard methods. The test is not suitable for substances that are volatile under ambient conditions.

This procedure is not applicable to materials with a dry-matter-content ratio lower than 33 %.

This test is mainly aimed at being used for routine and control purposes, and it cannot be used alone to describe all leaching properties of a soil. Additional leaching tests are needed for that extended goal. This document does not address issues related to health and safety. It only determines the leaching properties as outlined in [Clause 4](#).

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.