BSI Standards Publication

Prefilled syringes

Part 7: Packaging systems for sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling

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National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 11040-7:2024. It supersedes BS ISO 11040-7:2015, which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee CH/212, IVDs.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its committee manager.

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ISO 11040-7

Prefilled syringes —

Part 7: Packaging systems for sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling

Seringues préremplies —

Partie 7: Systèmes d'emballage pour les seringues pré-assemblées stérilisées préremplissables

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 76, *Transfusion, infusion and injection, and blood processing equipment for medical and pharmaceutical use*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 11040-7:2015), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

— Clause 3 was updated;

— former Annex B was removed because this specific method for determination of nest deflection was not commonly adopted by the industry;

— former Annex F was removed because the specific measurement method of determining the distance between the edge of the protective bag to rear end of the tub is not commonly adopted by the industry;

— a new Annex E was added to support automated processing;

— in Annex A, Annex B, the existing market ranges and tolerances have been revised and updated because fully automated and/or high-speed processes require smaller variations of certain tolerances;

— Table D.1 for bag sizes was revised. Bags and header bags are combined, and two main groups of bag sizes have been defined based on market experience and future expectations. They were entered into Table D.1 as column “recommended dimensions for 3” and 4” tub and “recommended dimensions for 4” tub”.

A list of all parts in the ISO 11040 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user’s national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

At the start of prefilled syringe processing by the pharmaceutical industry, syringes made of tubing glass were delivered to the pharmaceutical companies in the form of a so called non-sterile “bulkware” only. The process steps such as washing, drying, inner lubrication, sealing the syringe with a closure system, sterilization, as well as filling, and closing were then performed by the pharmaceutical companies. Since their introduction to the market and with the emergence of specialized process equipment, sterilized subassembled syringes have more and more replaced the non-sterile “bulkware” to become the preferred approach for pre-filled syringe filling operations.

In the case of sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling, responsibility for the aforementioned process steps relevant to the injectable product lies within the manufacturer of the subassembled syringes. Following the assembly of the needle shield on syringes with a staked needle or tip caps for the Luer cone version, the subassembled syringes are placed into so called nests. The nests, in turn, are placed into a plastic tub. The syringes in the nest are protected by means of an insert liner and the tub itself is sealed by a sealing lid (which is currently, and so far, primarily achieved using a porous material). Thus, the tub properly sealed with the sealing lid represents the “sterile barrier system”. The sealed tub is then wrapped into a sealable bag and, thus, ready for sterilization, which is currently, and so far, primarily performed using ethylene oxide.

In this form, the sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling are delivered to the pharmaceutical companies in a sterile condition where they are processed on suitable machines.

The packaging design and material maintain sterility and should be compatible with the process of the customer. The packaging characteristics, material, thickness, shape, and resistance to deformations among others are such that they maintain, up to the point of use, the integrity of the product and a validated barrier against particulate and bacterial contamination.

The objective is to support the development of standardized equipment with automatic debagging process steps for aseptic processing.

Prefilled syringes —

Part 7:
Packaging systems for sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling

1 Scope

This document specifies a packaging system that is used to deliver sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling in tubs and nests.

Downstream processes (processes after filling such as in house/outside transport, reprocessing) can result in specific requirements on the packaging system used to deliver sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling. However, these requirements are not within the scope of this document.

NOTE 1 Glass barrels and sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling, plunger stoppers, and plastic barrels for injectables are specified in ISO 11040-4, ISO 11040-5 and ISO 11040-6.

NOTE 2 ISO 11607-2 addresses validation requirements of sealing and packaging processes for medical devices.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 11040-1, *Prefilled syringes — Part 1: Glass cylinders for dental local anaesthetic cartridges*

ISO 11040-2, *Prefilled syringes — Part 2: Plunger stoppers for dental local anaesthetic cartridges*

ISO 11040-3, *Prefilled syringes — Part 3: Seals for dental local anaesthetic cartridges*

ISO 11040-4, *Prefilled syringes — Part 4: Glass barrels for injectables and sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling*

ISO 11040-5, *Prefilled syringes — Part 5: Plunger stoppers for injectables*

ISO 11040-6, *Prefilled syringes — Part 6: Plastic barrels for injectables and sterilized subassembled syringes ready for filling*

ISO 11040-8, *Prefilled syringes — Part 8: Requirements and test methods for finished prefilled syringes*

ISO 11138-1, *Sterilization of health care products — Biological indicators — Part 1: General requirements*

ISO 11138-2, *Sterilization of health care products — Biological indicators — Part 2: Biological indicators for ethylene oxide sterilization processes*

ISO 11138-3, *Sterilization of health care products — Biological indicators — Part 3: Biological indicators for moist heat sterilization processes*

ISO 11138-4, *Sterilization of health care products — Biological indicators — Part 4: Biological indicators for dry heat sterilization processes*