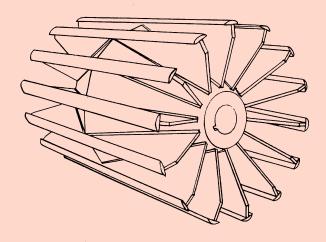


ANSI/CEMA 501.1-2003 (Revision of ANSI/CEMA 501.1-1988)



CEMA Standard 501.1

Specifications for

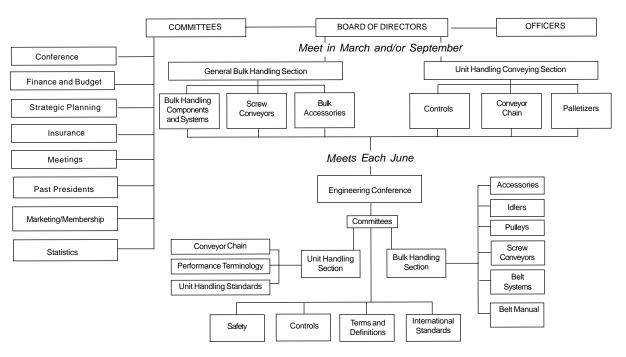
Welded Steel Wing Pulleys



Conveyor Equipment

Manufacturers Association

CEMA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



For Information on Company Membership visit the CEMA Web Site at http://www.cemanet.org

SAFETY NOTICE

The Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers Association has developed Industry Standard Safety Labels for use on the conveying equipment of its member companies.

The purpose of the labels is to identify common and uncommon hazards, conditions, and unsafe practices which can injure, or cause the death of, the unwary or inattentive person who is working at or around conveying equipment.

The labels are available for sale to member companies and non-member companies.

A full description of the labels, their purpose, and guidelines on where to place the labels on typical equipment, has been published in CEMA's *Safety Label Brochure* No. 201. The Brochure is available for purchase by members and non-members of the Association. Safety Labels and Safety Label Placement Guidelines, originally published in the Brochure, are also available free on the CEMA Web Site at http://www.cemanet.org/CEMA_Safety_Pg.htm

PLEASE NOTE: Should any of the safety labels supplied by the equipment manufacturer become unreadable for any reason, the equipment USER is then responsible for replacement and location of these safety labels.

Replacement labels and placement guidelines can be obtained by contacting your equipment supplier or CEMA.

DISCLAIMER

The information provided in this document is advisory only. These recommendations are provided by CEMA in the interest of promoting safety in the work place. recommendations are general in nature and are not intended as a substitute for a thorough safety program. Users should seek the advise, supervision or consultation of qualified engineers or other safety professionals. Any use of this document, the information contained herein, or any other CEMA publication may only be made with the agreement and understanding that the user and the user's company assume full responsibility for the design, safety, specifications, suitability and adequacy of the system component, or mechanical or electrical device designed or manufactured using this information. The user and the user's company understand and agree that CEMA, its member companies, its officers, agents and employees shall not be liable in any manner under any theory of liability for the user or user's reliance on these recommendations. The users and the user's company agree to release, hold harmless and indemnify CEMA, its member companies, successors, assigns, officers, agents and employees from any and all claims of liability, costs, fees (including attorney's fees), or damages arising in any way out of the use of this information. CEMA and its member companies, successors, assigns, officers, agents and employees make no representations or warranties whatsoever, either express or implied, about the information contained in this document, including, but not limited to, representations or warranties that the information and recommendations contained herein conform to any federal, state or local laws, regulations, guidelines or ordinances.

FOREWORD and SUMMARY OF CHANGES

These recommended load ratings should be of benefit to the entire industry and, in particular, establish a basis for economical pulley selection. This standard is not intended in any way to limit the design of any manufacturer.

In 1966, the Wing Pulley Subcommittee of the Mechanical Power Transmission Association (MPTA) was formed to study a recommended standard for pulley load ratings and dimensions. This committee, composed of pulley and conveyor engineers, studied the available information on pulley design and theoretical stress analysis and data from actual tests. All parts of the pulley and shaft assembly were included in this study. This standard was later approved as ANSI/MPTA 501-1977 and was subsequently revised MPTA 501.1-1984.

In November, 1985 the standard was transferred to the Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers Association (CEMA). The Conveyor Pulley Subsection of the Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers Association was assigned the responsibility for maintenance of the standard.

On January 27, 1988 the standard was approved as ANSI/CEMA 501.1-1988.

In 1995 CEMA reviewed the document and determined that no changes were required. It was reaffirmed as an ANSI/CEMA Standard in 1996.

In 2002, the Conveyor Pulley Subsection reviewed the standard and:

- 1) Revised the Scope to clarify that the standard is not applicable to cone clamping keyless locking devices
- 2) Added Section 2.6 Shaft Runout
- 3) Added information to section 3.2, and a footnote to Table 3, describing the origin of the Load Ratings
- 4) Made Section 3 consistent with CEMA Standard B105.1 Specifications for Welded Steel Conveyor Pulleys with Compression Type Hubs.

The Conveyor Pulley Subsection of the Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers Association has the responsibility for maintenance of this standard.

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Specifications for Welded Steel Wing Pulleys

1. SCOPE

1.1 This Standard applies to a series of straight face and crown face welded steel wing pulleys which have a number of steel wing plates that extend radially from the longitudinal axis of two compression type hub assemblies and are equally spaced about the pulley circumference. The purpose of the compression type hubs is to provide a clamp fit on the shaft. The wings are supported or joined by welded steel plates so arranged as to form the shape of two frustums of cones or regular pyramids being joined at their bases. A bar of sufficient radius is attached to the outer longitudinal edge of each wing to provide more contact area with the belt.

This standard is restricted to pulleys which do not transmit torque. This standard is not applicable to pulleys with continuous (uninterrupted) rims, or cast pulleys. This standard applies to pulleys using compression type hubs. It does not cover pulleys welded to the shaft or high pressure keyless locking assemblies.

This standard establishes load ratings, allowable variation from nominal dimensions, permissible crown dimensions and such overall dimensions as are normally necessary to establish clearances for location of adjacent parts.

The pulley diameters, face widths and shaft sizes shown are those that are nominally used in current belt conveyor and elevator practice. These only are covered by this standard; all other sizes and capacities are not covered by this standard.

1.2 Welded steel wing pulleys covered by this standard should not be used with steel cable and other high modulus belts because such belts create stress concentrations and demand manufacturing tolerances beyond the capacities of these pulleys.

2. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES

- **2.1 DIAMETERS:** Standard welded steel wing pulley diameters are 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 24, 30 and 36 inches. All other sizes are considered special. These nominal diameters apply to straight and crown-face pulleys and are for bare pulleys only. They do not include any increase brought about by lagging.
- **2.2 DIAMETER VARIATIONS:** Permissible variations from nominal diameter are based on face width as follows:

FACE WIDTH (inches)	OVER NOMINAL DIAMETER (inches)	UNDER NOMINAL DIAMETER (inches)
8 thru 26	1/8	3/8
over 26 thru 66	5 1/8	3/4

These limitations apply equally to straight face and crown face pulleys.

The nominal diameter is measured at the midpoint of the face width.

The diameter is defined as the bare diameter exclusive of any lagging.

The permissible diameter variations listed are not to be construed as runout tolerance on diameter. The listed variation in nominal diameter may occur from one pulley to another. Runout tolerance on diameter shall not exceed 3/16" total indicator reading for all pulley diameters.

- **2.3 FACE WIDTHS:** Standard welded steel wing pulley face widths are 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 26, 32, 38, 44, 51, 57, 63, and 66 inches. All other sizes are considered special.
- **2.4 FACE WIDTH VARIATIONS:** Permissible face width variation from nominal face width is \pm 1/4" for all sizes. Face width is defined as the length of the wing or contact bar along the shaft axis.

The permissible face width variation is not to be construed as an edge runout tolerance. The listed variation in face width may occur from one pulley to another. Edge runout tolerance shall not exceed 1/4" total indicator reading for all pulley face widths.

- **2.5 CROWN:** Crown is defined as the amount (expressed in inches) per foot of total face width by which the diameter at the center of the face exceeds the diameter at the edge. The amount of crown may be from 1/16 to 1/8 inch per foot of total face width.
- **2.6 SHAFT RUNOUT:** The shaft extension runout is measured from the bearing journals after the shaft is installed in the pulley. Radial shaft extension total indicator reading (TIR) shall not exceed 0.002 inches per inch of shaft extension beyond the bearing center. Typically bearings will introduce an additional runout, which is not included in this limit.

3. PULLEY SELECTION – GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- **3.1 PULLEY DIAMETER AND FACE WIDTH:** The following selection procedures assume the pulley diameter and face width have been established consistent with belting and conveyor design requirements.
- **3.2 RATINGS:** The tabulated ratings for pulley and shaft combinations are based on using non-journalled shafting thru the pulley hubs, with pulleys centrally located between two bearings. Ratings are based on SAE 1018 shaft material using either a maximum shaft bending stress of 6000 psi or a maximum free shaft deflection slope at the hub of 0.0023 inches per inch (tan of 8 min.), whichever governs. (See Appendix II for shaft deflection formula.)