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Additiv fremstilling – Design – Del 3: PBF-EB af metalliske materialer

Additive manufacturing – Design – Part 3:
PBF-EB of metallic materials

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 261, *Additive manufacturing*, in cooperation with ASTM Committee F42, *Additive Manufacturing Technologies*, on the basis of a partnership agreement between ISO and ASTM International with the aim to create a common set of ISO/ASTM standards on additive manufacturing, and in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 438, *Additive manufacturing*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

A list of all parts in the [ISO 52911 series](#) can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Introduction

Powder bed fusion of metals (PBF/M) is an additive manufacturing (AM) process that offers additional manufacturing options alongside other established AM processes. PBF/M has the potential to reduce manufacturing time and costs, and increase part functionality. Practitioners are aware of the strengths and weaknesses of conventional, long-established manufacturing processes, such as cutting, joining and shaping processes (e.g. by machining, welding or injection moulding), and of giving them appropriate consideration at the design stage and when selecting the manufacturing process. In the case of PBF/M and AM in general, design and manufacturing engineers only have a limited pool of experience. Without the limitations associated with conventional processes, the use of PBF/M offers designers and manufacturers a high degree of freedom and this requires an understanding about the possibilities and limitations of the process.

The [ISO 52911 series](#) provides guidance for different powder bed fusion (PBF) technologies. In addition to this document on PBF-EB/M, the series is made up of [ISO 52911-1](#) on laser-based powder bed fusion of metals (PBF-LB/M) and [ISO 52911-2](#) on laser-based powder bed fusion of polymers (PBF-LB/P). Each document in the series shares [Clauses 1](#) to [5](#), where general information including terminology and the PBF process is provided. The subsequent clauses focus on the specific technology.

This document provides support to technology users, such as design and production engineers, when designing parts that need to be manufactured by means of PBF-EB/M. It will help practitioners to explore the benefits of PBF-EB/M and to recognize the process-related limitations when designing parts. It also builds on [ISO/ASTM 52910](#) to extend the requirements, guidelines and recommendations for AM design to include the PBF-EB/M process.

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Additive manufacturing — Design —

Part 3: PBF-EB of metallic materials

1 Scope

This document specifies the features of electron beam powder bed fusion of metals (PBF-EB/M) and provides detailed design recommendations.

Some of the fundamental principles are also applicable to other additive manufacturing (AM) processes, provided that due consideration is given to process-specific features.

This document also provides a state of the art review of design guidelines associated with the use of powder bed fusion (PBF) by bringing together relevant knowledge about this process and by extending the scope of [ISO/ASTM 52910](#).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

[ISO/ASTM 52900](#), *Additive manufacturing — General principles — Fundamentals and vocabulary*