

Edition 12.0 2015-07

REDLINE VERSION



Primary batteries – Part 1: General

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 29.220.10 ISBN 978-2-8322-2825-8

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

F	OREWO)RD	5
IN	TRODI	JCTION	2
1	Scor	pe	8
2	Norn	native references	8
3	Tern	ns and definitions	8
4		uirements	
•	4.1	General	
	4.1.1		
	4.1.2	3-3	
	4.1.3	•	
	4.1.4		
	4.1.5	• • •	
	4.1.6	Marking	15
	4.1.7	Interchangeability: battery voltage	16
	4.2	Performance	17
	4.2.1	Discharge performance	17
	4.2.2	2 Dimensional stability	17
	4.2.3	B Leakage	17
	4.2.4	Open-circuit voltage limits	17
	4.2.5		
	4.2.6	,	
5	Perf	ormance – Testing	18
	5.1	General	
	5.2	Discharge testing	
	5.2.1		
	5.2.2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	5.2.3	'	
	5.3	Conformance check to a specified minimum average duration	
	5.4	Calculation method of the specified value of a minimum average duration	
	5.5	OCV testing	
	5.6 5.7	Battery dimensions Leakage and deformation	
6		ormance – Test conditions	
O			
	6.1 6.2	Pre-discharge conditioning Storage and discharge conditions	
	6.3	Commencement of discharge tests after storage Discharge test conditions	
	6.3.1		
	6.3.2		
	6.4	Load resistance	
	6.5	Time periods	
	6.6	Test condition tolerances	
	6.7	Activation of 'P'-system batteries	
	6.8	Measuring equipment	
	6.8.1		
	6.8.2	-	

7 Samplin	g and quality assurance	23
7.1 G	eneral	
7.2 Sa	ı mpling	
7.2.1	Testing by attributes	
7.2.2	Testing by variables	
7.3 Pr	oduct quality indices	
7.3.1 —	- General	
7.3.2	Capability index (e _n)	
	Capability index (c _{pk})	
	Performance index (p _p)	
	Performance index (ppk)	
	packaging	
	rmative) Guidelines Criteria for the standardization of batteries	
	mative informative) Recommendations for equipment design	
	chnical liaison	
	ittery compartment	
B.2.1		
B.2.2		
	oltage cut-off	
Annex C (no	rmative) Designation system (nomenclature)	28
C.1 Ge	eneral	28
C.2 De	esignation system in use up to October 1990	28
C.2.1	General	28
C.2.2	Cells	28
C.2.3	Electrochemical system	30
C.2.4	Batteries	31
C.2.5	Modifiers	31
C.2.6	Examples	31
C.3 De	esignation system in use since October 1990	31
C.3.1	General	31
C.3.2	Round batteries	31
C.3.3	Non-round batteries	35
C.3.4	Ambiguity	38
	ormative) Standard discharge voltage $U_{\mathbf{S}}$ – Definition and method of	40
	efinition	
	etermination	
D.2.1	General considerations: the <i>C/R</i> -plot	
D.2.2	Determination of the standard discharge resistor $R_{\rm S}$	
D.2.3	Determination of the standard discharge capacity $C_{\mathbf{S}}$ and standard	• •
	discharge time $t_{\rm S}$	42
D.3 Ex	perimental conditions to be observed and test results	42
Annex E (inf	ormative) Preparation of standard methods of measuring performance	
•	/erview General	
	rformance characteristics	
	iteria for the development of test methods	44
	ormative) Calculation method for the specified value of minimum average	45

Annex G (normative) Code of practice for packaging, shipment, storage, use and disposal of primary batteries	46
G.1 General	
G.2 Packaging	
G.3 Transport and handling	46
G.4 Storage and stock rotation	46
G.5 Displays at sales points	
G.6 Selection, use and disposal	
G.6.1 Purchase	
G.6.2 Installation	
G.6.3 UseG.6.4 Replacement	
G.6.5 Disposal	
Bibliography	
Figure 1 — Small cell or battery gauge (inner dimensions) Ingestion gauge	11
Figure 2 - Stud	
Figure C.1 – Designation system for round batteries: $d_1 < 100$ mm; height $h_1 < 100$ mm	32
Figure C.2 – Diameter code for non-recommended diameters	33
Figure C.3 – Height code for denoting the hundredths of a millimetre of height	34
Figure C.4 – Designation system for round batteries: $d_1 \ge 100$ mm; height $h_1 \ge 100$ mm	35
Figure C.5 – Designation system for non-round batteries, dimensions < 100 mm	36
Figure C.6 – Designation system for non-round batteries, dimensions ≥ 100 mm	37
Figure C.7 – Height code for discrimination per tenth of a millimetre	
Figure D.1 – Normalized <i>C/R</i> -plot (schematic)	
Figure D.2 – Standard discharge voltage (schematic)	
Table 4. Opening of contests	
Table 1 – Spacing of contacts Table 2 – Snap fastener connectors	
·	
Table 1 – Standardized electrochemical systems Table 2 – Marking requirements	
Table 3 – Conditions for storage before and during discharge testing	
Table 4 – Resistive loads for new tests	
Table 5 – Time periods for new tests	
Table 6 – Test condition tolerances	
Table A.1 – Items necessary to standardize	
Table C.1 – Physical designation and dimensions of round cells and batteries	
Table C.2 – Physical designation and nominal overall dimensions of flat cells	
Table C.3 – Physical designation and dimensions of square cells and batteries	
Table C.4 – Diameter code for recommended diameter	33
Table C.5 – Physical designation and dimensions of round cells and batteries based on	
Clause C.2.	39
Table C.6 – Physical designation and dimensions of non-round batteries based on Clause C.2	39
Table D.1 – Standard discharge voltage by system	

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

PRIMARY BATTERIES -

Part 1: General

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international
 consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all
 interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

DISCLAIMER

This Redline version is not an official IEC Standard and is intended only to provide the user with an indication of what changes have been made to the previous version. Only the current version of the standard is to be considered the official document.

This Redline version provides you with a quick and easy way to compare all the changes between this standard and its previous edition. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions and deletions are displayed in red, with deletions being struck through.

International Standard IEC 60086-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 35: Primary cells and batteries.

This twelfth edition cancels and replaces the eleventh edition (2011) and constitutes a technical revision.

The major technical changes with respect to the previous edition are:

- the order of the Annexes was changed to the order in which they appear in the document and a caption was added to indicate where the Annex information first appears in the document;
- the humidity conditions for non P-system batteries in Table 3 was modified;
- the standard discharge voltage for the Y and W chemistries was determined to be at 3,5 V and 2,8 V respectively;
- details on capacity measurement were moved from Annex E to Subclause 5.1.
- the coin/button cell and battery definition was clarified in order to better address issues with the swallowing of coin cells.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
35/1346/FDIS	35/1349/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60086 series, under the general title *Primary batteries*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed.
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this publication using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

The technical content of this part of IEC 60086 provides fundamental requirements and information on primary cells and batteries. All batteries within the IEC 60086 series are considered dry cell batteries. In this sense, IEC 60086-1 is the main component of the IEC 60086 series and forms the basis for the subsequent parts. For example, this part includes elementary information on definitions, nomenclature, dimensions and marking. While specific requirements are included, the content of this part tends to explain methodology (how) and justification (why).

Over the years, this part has been changed to improve its content and remains under continual scrutiny to ensure that the publication is kept up to date with the advances in both battery and battery-powered device technologies.

NOTE Safety information is available in IEC 60086-4, IEC 60086-5 and IEC 62281.

PRIMARY BATTERIES -

Part 1: General

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60086 is intended to standardize primary batteries with respect to dimensions, nomenclature, terminal configurations, markings, test methods, typical performance, safety and environmental aspects.

As a primary battery classification tool, electrochemical systems are also standardized with respect to system letter, electrodes, electrolyte, nominal and maximum open circuit voltage.

NOTE The requirements justifying the inclusion or the ongoing retention of batteries in the IEC 60086 series are given in Annex A.

The object of this part of IEC 60086 is to benefit primary battery users, device designers and battery manufacturers by ensuring that batteries from different manufacturers are interchangeable according to standard form, fit and function. Furthermore, to ensure compliance with the above, this part specifies standard test methods for testing primary cells and batteries.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60086-2:2011-1, Primary batteries – Part 2: Physical and electrical specifications

IEC 60086-3:2011, Primary batteries – Part 3: Watch batteries

IEC 60086-4:2007 2014, Primary batteries – Part 4: Safety of lithium batteries

IEC 60086-5:2011, Primary batteries – Part 5: Safety of batteries with aqueous electrolyte

IEC 60410, Sampling plans and procedures for inspection by attributes

ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1: Procedures for the technical work

ISO 3951(all parts, as applicable), Sampling procedures

¹ To be published.



Edition 12.0 2015-07

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Primary batteries – Part 1: General



CONTENTS

F	OREWOR	lD	5
ΙN	TRODUC	CTION	7
1	Scope		8
2	Norma	tive references	8
3	Terms	and definitions	8
4		rements	
•	•	General	
	4.1.1	Design	
	4.1.2	Battery dimensions	
	4.1.3	Terminals	
	4.1.4	Classification (electrochemical system)	
	4.1.5	Designation	
	4.1.6	Marking	
	4.1.7	Interchangeability: battery voltage	
	4.2 F	Performance	
	4.2.1	Discharge performance	16
	4.2.2	Dimensional stability	16
	4.2.3	Leakage	16
	4.2.4	Open-circuit voltage limits	16
	4.2.5	Service output	16
	4.2.6	Safety	16
5	Perfor	mance – Testing	17
	5.1	General	17
	5.2 E	Discharge testing	17
	5.2.1	General	
	5.2.2	Application tests	
	5.2.3	Service output tests	
		Conformance check to a specified minimum average duration	
		Calculation method of the specified value of a minimum average duration	
		DCV testing	
		Battery dimensions	
_		Leakage and deformation	
6		mance – Test conditions	
		Storage and discharge conditions	
		Commencement of discharge tests after storage	
		Discharge test conditions	
	6.3.1	General	
	6.3.2	Compliance	
		oad resistance	
		Fine periods	
		Test condition tolerances	
		Measuring equipment	
	6.8.1	Voltage measurement	
	6.8.2	Mechanical measurement	
7		ing and quality assurance	
•	Janiph	434 4354.4	1

8 Battery	packaging	21
Annex A (nor	mative) Criteria for the standardization of batteries	22
Annex B (info	ormative) Recommendations for equipment design	23
B.1 Te	chnical liaison	23
B.2 Ba	ttery compartment	23
B.2.1	General	23
B.2.2	Limiting access by children	24
B.3 Vo	Itage cut-off	
Annex C (nor	mative) Designation system (nomenclature)	25
C.1 Ge	neral	25
	signation system in use up to October 1990	
C.2.1	General	
C.2.2	Cells	
C.2.3	Electrochemical system	
C.2.4	Batteries	
C.2.5	Modifiers	
C.2.6	Examples	
	signation system in use since October 1990	
C.3.1	General	
C.3.2	Round batteries	
C.3.3	Non-round batteries	
C.3.4	Ambiguity	
Annex D (info	ormative) Standard discharge voltage $U_{\mathbf{S}}$ – Definition and method of	
determination)	37
D.1 De	finition	37
D.2 De	termination	37
D.2.1	General considerations: the C/R-plot	37
D.2.2	Determination of the standard discharge resistor R _S	38
D.2.3	Determination of the standard discharge capacity $C_{\rm S}$ and standard discharge time $t_{\rm S}$	39
D.3 Ex	perimental conditions to be observed and test results	
Annex E (info	ormative) Preparation of standard methods of measuring performance	
•	onsumer goods	
	neral	
	rformance characteristics	
	teria for the development of test methods	41
	ormative) Calculation method for the specified value of minimum average	42
		72
	mative) Code of practice for packaging, shipment, storage, use and rimary batteries	43
-	neral	
	ckaging	
	ansport and handling	
	prage and stock rotation	
	splays at sales points	
	lection, use and disposal	
G.6.1	Purchase	
G.6.2	Installation	
G.6.3	Use	
		- • '

G.6.4 Replacement	15
G.6.4 Replacement	
Bibliography	
bibliography	40
Figure 1 – Ingestion gauge	11
Figure C.1 – Designation system for round batteries: $d_1 < 100$ mm; height $h_1 < 100$ mm	29
Figure C.2 – Diameter code for non-recommended diameters	
Figure C.3 – Height code for denoting the hundredths of a millimetre of height	31
Figure C.4 – Designation system for round batteries: $d_1 \ge 100$ mm; height $h_1 \ge 100$ mm	32
Figure C.5 – Designation system for non-round batteries, dimensions < 100 mm	33
Figure C.6 – Designation system for non-round batteries, dimensions ≥ 100 mm	34
Figure C.7 – Height code for discrimination per tenth of a millimetre	35
Figure D.1 – Normalized C/R-plot (schematic)	38
Figure D.2 – Standard discharge voltage (schematic)	39
Table 1 – Standardized electrochemical systems	13
Table 2 – Marking requirements	15
Table 3 – Conditions for storage before and during discharge testing	19
Table 4 – Resistive loads for new tests	20
Table 5 – Time periods for new tests	20
Table 6 – Test condition tolerances	21
Table A.1 – Items necessary to standardize	22
Table C.1 – Physical designation and dimensions of round cells and batteries	26
Table C.2 – Physical designation and nominal overall dimensions of flat cells	27
Table C.3 – Physical designation and dimensions of square cells and batteries	27
Table C.4 – Diameter code for recommended diameter	30
Table C.5 – Physical designation and dimensions of round cells and batteries based on Clause C.2	36
Table C.6 – Physical designation and dimensions of non-round batteries based on	55
Clause C.2	36
Table D.1 – Standard discharge voltage by system	40

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

PRIMARY BATTERIES -

Part 1: General

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60086-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 35: Primary cells and batteries.

This twelfth edition cancels and replaces the eleventh edition (2011) and constitutes a technical revision.

The major technical changes with respect to the previous edition are:

- the order of the Annexes was changed to the order in which they appear in the document and a caption was added to indicate where the Annex information first appears in the document;
- the humidity conditions for non P-system batteries in Table 3 was modified;
- the standard discharge voltage for the Y and W chemistries was determined to be at 3,5 V and 2,8 V respectively;
- details on capacity measurement were moved from Annex E to Subclause 5.1.

 the coin/button cell and battery definition was clarified in order to better address issues with the swallowing of coin cells.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
35/1346/FDIS	35/1349/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60086 series, under the general title *Primary batteries*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- · withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

INTRODUCTION

The technical content of this part of IEC 60086 provides fundamental requirements and information on primary cells and batteries. All batteries within the IEC 60086 series are considered dry cell batteries. In this sense, IEC 60086-1 is the main component of the IEC 60086 series and forms the basis for the subsequent parts. For example, this part includes elementary information on definitions, nomenclature, dimensions and marking. While specific requirements are included, the content of this part tends to explain methodology (how) and justification (why).

Over the years, this part has been changed to improve its content and remains under continual scrutiny to ensure that the publication is kept up to date with the advances in both battery and battery-powered device technologies.

NOTE Safety information is available in IEC 60086-4, IEC 60086-5 and IEC 62281.

PRIMARY BATTERIES -

Part 1: General

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60086 is intended to standardize primary batteries with respect to dimensions, nomenclature, terminal configurations, markings, test methods, typical performance, safety and environmental aspects.

As a primary battery classification tool, electrochemical systems are also standardized with respect to system letter, electrodes, electrolyte, nominal and maximum open circuit voltage.

NOTE The requirements justifying the inclusion or the ongoing retention of batteries in the IEC 60086 series are given in Annex A.

The object of this part of IEC 60086 is to benefit primary battery users, device designers and battery manufacturers by ensuring that batteries from different manufacturers are interchangeable according to standard form, fit and function. Furthermore, to ensure compliance with the above, this part specifies standard test methods for testing primary cells and batteries.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60086-2:-1, Primary batteries – Part 2: Physical and electrical specifications

IEC 60086-3:2011, Primary batteries – Part 3: Watch batteries

IEC 60086-4:2014, Primary batteries – Part 4: Safety of lithium batteries

IEC 60086-5:2011, Primary batteries – Part 5: Safety of batteries with aqueous electrolyte

¹ To be published.