INTERNATIONAL **STANDARD**

IEC 60300-3-14

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Dependability management -

Part 3-14: Application guide -Maintenance and maintenance support

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

DEPENDABILITY MANAGEMENT -

Part 3-14: Application guide – Maintenance and maintenance support

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60300-3-14 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 56: Dependability.

This first edition of IEC 60300-3-14 cancels and replaces IEC 60706-4, and provides a more general approach to maintenance and maintenance support.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting	
56/929/FDIS	56/940/RVD	

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2009. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

The provision of maintenance and maintenance support is a key element in ensuring the dependability of items (products, equipment and systems) throughout their life cycle. Proper functionality, capability and dependability performance are achieved by providing the necessary maintenance and maintenance support in conjunction with appropriate design, quality manufacturing, and sound operating practices.

The amount and type of maintenance and maintenance support depends on customer needs, the nature of the item, its condition, required availability and other factors. As these factors change, especially during the operation and maintenance phase, maintenance and maintenance support may need to be adjusted.

A number of different functions, such as maintenance management and asset management, include maintenance and maintenance support. This standard does not preclude their use, but does indicate what should be addressed under these headings.

Inadequate, excessive or incorrect maintenance can cause failures, which may significantly reduce the availability of items and result in greatly increased cost due to loss of performance and possible secondary damage. The reduced availability often produces operational penalties and a consequent loss of revenue, which can be significantly greater than the cost of maintenance or even the cost of the original failure. Safety may also be affected and in some industries this may be the most important consideration.

This standard provides a more general approach to maintenance and maintenance support than used in integrated logistic support (ILS). ILS is a method by which all logistic support services are considered and provided for customers as an integral part of product development. This standard addresses the case for complex systems where maintenance and maintenance support need to be adjusted to specific situations during both the design phase and the operation and maintenance phase.

DEPENDABILITY MANAGEMENT -

Part 3-14: Application guide – Maintenance and maintenance support

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60300 describes a framework for maintenance and maintenance support and the various minimal common practices that should be undertaken. The purpose of this standard is to outline, in a generic manner, management, processes and techniques related to maintenance and maintenance support that are necessary to achieve adequate dependability to meet the operational needs of the customer.

NOTE 1 Maintenance and maintenance support are a major element of dependability as described in IEC 60300-1 and IEC 60300-2.

In some cases, regulatory and other mandatory requirements need to be considered. Maintenance and maintenance support requirements and obligations may therefore need to be specified in a contract, which cites this standard.

This standard is intended for use by a wide range of suppliers, maintenance support organizations and users and can be applied to all items.

This standard is applicable to items, which include all types of products, equipment and systems (hardware and associated software). Most of these require a certain level of maintenance to ensure that their required functionality, dependability, capability, economic, safety and regulatory requirements are achieved.

NOTE 2 For consistency, this standard will use the term "item" as defined in 3.1.5, except where the context requires otherwise.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60300-1:2003, Dependability management – Part 1: Dependability management systems

IEC 60300-2:2004, Dependability management – Part 2: Guidelines for dependability management

IEC 60300-3-2, Dependability management – Part 3: Application guide – Section 2: Collection of dependability data from the field

IEC 60300-3-3, Dependability management – Part 3: Application guide – Section 3: Life cycle costing

IEC 60300-3-10, Dependability management – Part 3-10: Application guide – Maintainability

IEC 60300-3-11, Dependability management – Part 3-11: Application guide – Reliability centred maintenance

IEC 60300-3-12, Dependability management – Part 3-12: Application guide – Integrated logistic support

IEC 60706-3, Guide on maintainability of equipment – Part 3: Sections Six and Seven – Verification and collection, analysis and presentation of data

IEC 60706-5, Guide on maintainability of equipment – Part 5: Section 4: Diagnostic testing

IEC 60812, Analysis techniques for system reliability – Procedure for failure mode and effects analysis (FMEA)

IEC 61025, Fault tree analysis (FTA)

IEC 61649, Goodness-of-fit tests, confidence intervals and lower confidence limits for Weibull distributed data