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Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods –

Part 33: Accelerated moisture resistance – Unbiased autoclave

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FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60749-33 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 47: Semiconductor devices.

This standard cancels and replaces IEC/PAS 62172 published in 2000. This first edition constitutes a technical revision.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
47/1737/FDIS	47/1747/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2007. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – MECHANICAL AND CLIMATIC TEST METHODS –

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1 Scope and object

The unbiased autoclave test is performed to evaluate the moisture resistance integrity of nonhermetic packaged solid-state devices using moisture condensing or moisture saturated steam environments. It is a highly accelerated test which employs conditions of pressure, humidity and temperature under condensing conditions to accelerate moisture penetration through the external protective material (encapsulant or seal) or along the interface between the external protective material and the metallic conductors passing through it. This test is used to identify failure mechanisms internal to the package and is destructive.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60749-24, Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods – Part 24: Accelerated moisture resistance – Unbiased HAST