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Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications –

Part 7: Symmetrical pair cables with transmission characteristics up to 1 200 MHz – Sectional specification for digital and analog communication cables

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61156-7 has been prepared by subcommittee 46C: Wires and symmetric cables, of IEC technical committee 46: Cables, wires, waveguides, r.f. connectors, r.f. and microwave passive components and accessories.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
46C/573/FDIS	46C/591/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This standard is to be read in conjunction with IEC 61156-1.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2008. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

The contents of the corrigendum of September 2003 have been included in this copy.

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1 General

1.1 Scope

This sectional specification relates to IEC 61156-1.

The cables described herein may be used for various communication systems as well as for analog systems, such as video, that exist or are under development and which may use as many as four pairs simultaneously. In this sense, this sectional specification provides the cable characteristics required by system developers to evaluate new systems as well as to enhance present systems.

It covers a cable having four individually screened (STP) pairs. The cable may be provided with a common screen over the cable core.

The transmission characteristics are specified up to a frequency of 1 200 MHz and at a temperature of 20 °C.

The cables covered by this sectional specification are intended to operate with voltages and currents normally encountered in communication systems. These cables are not intended to be used in conjunction with low impedance sources, for example, the electric power supply of public utility mains.

1.2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60189-1:1986, *Low-frequency cables and wires with PVC insulation and PVC sheath – Part 1: General test and measuring methods*

IEC 60304, *Standard colours for insulation for low-frequency cables and wires*

IEC 61156-1:2002, *Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications – Part 1: Generic specification*

IEC 61156-7-1, *Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications – Part 7-1: Symmetrical pair cables with transmission characteristics up to 1 200 MHz – Blank detail specification for digital and analog communication cables* [1]

IEC 62153-4-2, *Metallic telecommunication cable test methods – Part 4-2: Screening and coupling attenuation – Injection clamp method*