INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



First edition 2004-05

Electricity metering (a.c.) – Tariff and load control –

Part 21: Particular requirements for time switches

© IEC 2004 — Copyright - all rights reserved

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Electrotechnical Commission, 3, rue de Varembé, PO Box 131, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Telephone: +41 22 919 02 11 Telefax: +41 22 919 03 00 E-mail: inmail@iec.ch Web: www.iec.ch



Commission Electrotechnique Internationale International Electrotechnical Commission Международная Электротехническая Комиссия



For price, see current catalogue

Ρ

CONTENTS

FO	REWO)RD	.3		
INT	INTRODUCTION				
	0		~		
1	Scope				
2	Normative references6				
3	Terms and definitions6				
4	Standard electrical values7				
5	Mech	lechanical requirements and tests			
	5.1	Dials	.7		
	5.2	Digital display	.7		
6	Climatic conditions, requirements and tests				
7	Electrical requirements and tests				
	7.1	Supply voltage	.7		
	7.2	Heating	.8		
	7.3	Insulation	.8		
	7.4	Output elements	.9		
	7.5	Functional requirements and tests – accuracy	.9		
	7.6	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	12		
	7.7	Radio interference suppression	15		
8	Test conditions and type test				
Anr	nex A	(informative) Acceptance tests	16		

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTRICITY METERING (AC) – TARIFF AND LOAD CONTROL –

Part 21: Particular requirements for time switches

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62054-21 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 13: Equipment for electrical energy measurement and load control.

This standard, in conjunction with IEC 62052-21, cancels and replaces IEC 61038:1990, *Electricity metering – Tariff and load control – Particular requirements for time switches* and all amendments.

This standard is to be used in conjunction with IEC 62052-21 and the relevant parts of the IEC 62059 series.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
13/1308/FDIS	13/1317/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

- IEC 62054 consists of the following parts, under the general title: *Electricity metering (a.c.) Tariff and load control*:
- IEC 62054-11: Particular requirements for electronic ripple control receivers

(Replaces the particular requirements of IEC 61037.)

IEC 62054-21: Particular requirements for time switches

(Replaces the particular requirements of IEC 61038.)

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2013. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this standard may be issued at a later date.

INTRODUCTION

This standard distinguishes between protective class I and protective class II equipment

The test levels are regarded as minimum values to guarantee the proper functioning of the equipment under normal working conditions. For special application, other test levels might be necessary and should be agreed on between the user and the manufacturer.

For information, the relevant parts of IEC 62052, IEC 62054 and IEC 62059 are listed below.

IEC 62052-21 Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 21: Tariff and load control equipment

(Replaces the general requirements of IEC 61037 and IEC 61038.)

IEC 62054-11 Electricity metering (a.c.) – Tariff and load control – Part 11: Particular requirements for electronic ripple control receivers

(Replaces the particular requirements of IEC 61037.)

IEC 62054-21 Electricity metering (a.c.) – Tariff and load control – Part 21: Particular requirements for time switches

(Replaces the particular requirements of IEC 61038.)

- IEC 62059-11 Electricity metering equipment Dependability Part 11: General concepts
- IEC 62059-21 Electricity metering equipment Dependability Part 21: Collection of meter dependability data from the field
- IEC 62059-41 Electricity metering equipment Dependability Part 41: Reliability prediction¹

¹ To be published.

ELECTRICITY METERING (AC)-TARIFF AND LOAD CONTROL -

Part 21: Particular requirements for time switches

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62054 specifies particular requirements for the type test of newly manufactured indoor time switches with operation reserve that are used to control electrical loads, multi-tariff registers and maximum demand devices of electricity metering equipment.

The time switch keeps the real time, it may keep the date, it may be capable of handling leap years, it may support daylight saving, i.e. it modifies the deviation of local time to GMT according to the relevant regulations. The time switch may have a synchronization capability. The time switch also holds a schedule of switching actions, which may be specified in terms of time, day of the week, date within a month or a year. The time switch controls the output elements depending on the time and the schedule of switching actions stored.

This standard gives no requirements for constructional details internal to the time switch.

In the case where time switch functionality is integrated into multifunction electricity metering equipment, the relevant parts of this standard apply.

This standard covers time switches with analogue mechanical dials or electronic digital displays that are

- synchronous; or
- crystal-controlled.

This standard does not cover the acceptance tests and the conformity tests. Nevertheless, an example of what could be an acceptance test is given in Annex A.

The dependability aspect is covered by the documents of the IEC 62059 series.

When using this standard in conjunction with IEC 62052-21, the requirements of this standard take precedence over those of IEC 62052-21 with regard to any item already covered in it.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 62052-21:200X Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 21: Tariff and load control equipment ²

² To be published.