

This is a preview of "IEC 62453-309 Ed. 1....". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)



Edition 1.0 2009-07

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

---

**Field device tool (FDT) interface specification –  
Part 309: Communication profile integration – IEC 61784 CPF 9**

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

PRICE CODE

U

---

ICS 25.040.40; 35.100.05; 35.110

ISBN 978-2-88910-724-7

## CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	6
1 Scope.....	7
2 Normative references.....	7
3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviated terms and conventions.....	7
3.1 Terms and definitions.....	7
3.2 Abbreviated terms.....	8
3.3 Conventions.....	8
3.3.1 Data type names and references to data types.....	8
3.3.2 Vocabulary for requirements.....	8
3.3.3 Use of UML.....	8
4 Bus category.....	8
5 Access to instance and device data.....	8
5.1 Process Channel objects provided by DTM.....	8
5.2 DTM services to access instance and device data.....	9
6 Protocol specific behavior.....	9
6.1 Overview.....	9
6.2 Burst mode subscription.....	9
7 Protocol specific usage of general data types.....	10
8 Protocol specific common data types.....	11
9 Network management data types.....	11
10 Communication data types.....	11
11 Channel parameter data types.....	15
12 Device identification.....	17
12.1 Protocol specific handling of data type STRING.....	17
12.2 Common device type identification data types.....	17
12.3 Topology scan data types.....	22
12.4 Scan identification data types.....	23
12.5 Device type identification data types – provided by DTM.....	24
Bibliography.....	27
Figure 1 – Part 309 of the IEC 62453 series.....	6
Figure 2 – Burst mode subscription.....	10
Table 1 – Protocol identifiers.....	8
Table 2 – Protocol specific usage of general data types.....	10
Table 3 – Simple communication data types.....	11
Table 4 – Structured communication data types.....	12
Table 5 – Simple channel parameter data types.....	16
Table 6 – Structured channel parameter data types.....	16
Table 7 – Identification data types with protocol specific mapping.....	19
Table 8 – Identification data types without protocol independent semantics.....	21
Table 9 – Simple identification data types with protocol independent semantics.....	22

This is a preview of "IEC 62453-309 Ed. 1....". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)

Table 10 – Structured identification data types with protocol independent semantics .....	22
Table 11 – Structured device type identification data types .....	22
Table 12 – Simple scan identification data types .....	23
Table 13 – Structured scan identification data types .....	23
Table 14 – Structured device type identification data types .....	25

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

---

**FIELD DEVICE TOOL (FDT) INTERFACE SPECIFICATION –**

**Part 309: Communication profile integration –  
IEC 61784 CPF 9**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62453-309 has been prepared by subcommittee 65E: Devices and integration in enterprise systems, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This part, in conjunction with the other parts of the first edition of the IEC 62453 series cancels and replaces IEC/PAS 62453-1, IEC/PAS 62453-2, IEC/PAS 62453-3, IEC/PAS 62453-4 and IEC/PAS 62453-5 published in 2006, and constitutes a technical revision.

Each part of the IEC 62453-3xy series is intended to be read in conjunction with IEC 62453-2.

This is a preview of "IEC 62453-309 Ed. 1....". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65E/130/FDIS	65E/143/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62453 series, under the general title *Field Device Tool (FDT) interface specification*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

## INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 62453 is an interface specification for developers of FDT (Field Device Tool) components for function control and data access within a client/server architecture. The specification is a result of an analysis and design process to develop standard interfaces to facilitate the development of servers and clients by multiple vendors that need to interoperate seamlessly.

With the integration of fieldbuses into control systems, there are a few other tasks which need to be performed. In addition to fieldbus- and device-specific tools, there is a need to integrate these tools into higher-level system-wide planning- or engineering tools. In particular, for use in extensive and heterogeneous control systems, typically in the area of the process industry, the unambiguous definition of engineering interfaces that are easy to use for all those involved is of great importance.

A device-specific software component, called DTM (Device Type Manager), is supplied by the field device manufacturer with its device. The DTM is integrated into engineering tools via the FDT interfaces defined in this specification. The approach to integration is in general open for all kind of fieldbuses and thus meets the requirements for integrating different kinds of devices into heterogeneous control systems.

Figure 1 shows how IEC 62453-309 is aligned in the structure of the IEC 62453 series.

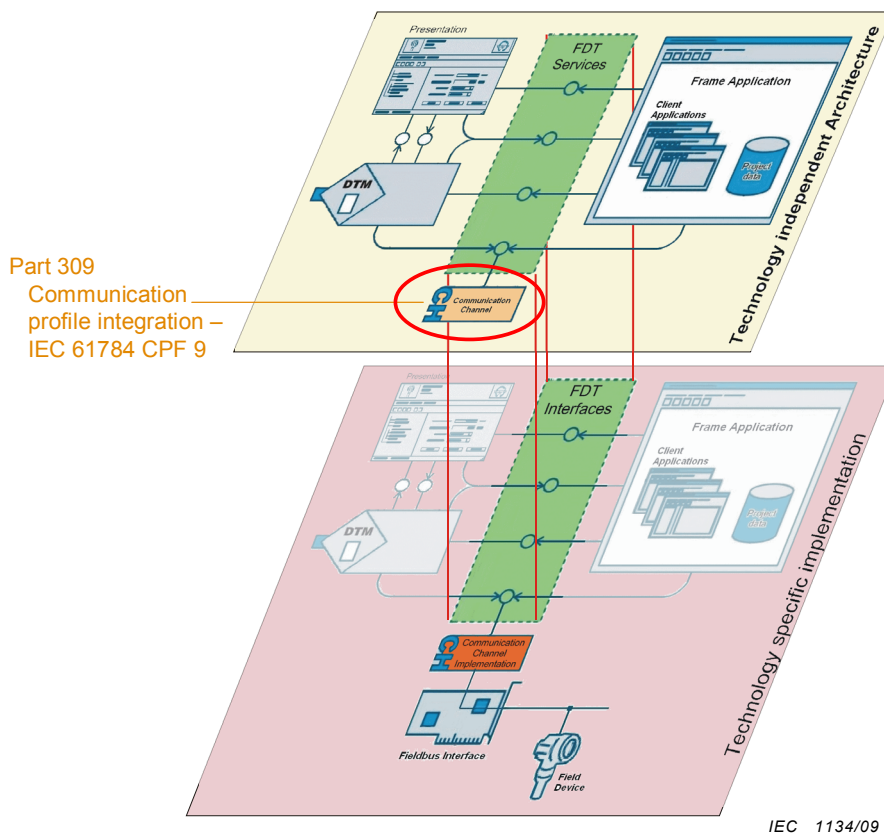


Figure 1 – Part 309 of the IEC 62453 series

## FIELD DEVICE TOOL (FDT) INTERFACE SPECIFICATION –

### Part 309: Communication profile integration – IEC 61784 CPF 9

#### 1 Scope

Communication Profile Family 9 (commonly known as HART®<sup>1</sup>) defines communication profiles based on IEC 61158-5-20 and IEC 61158-6-20. The basic profile CP 9/1 is defined in IEC 61784-1.

This part of IEC 62453 provides information for integrating the HART® technology into the FDT standard (IEC 62453-2).

This part of the IEC 62453 specifies communication and other services.

This standard neither contains the FDT specification nor modifies it.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this specification. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies

IEC 61158-5-20, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-20: Application layer service definition – Type 20 elements*

IEC 61158-6-20, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 6-20: Application layer protocol specification – Type 20 elements*

IEC 61784-1, *Industrial communication networks – Profiles – Part 1: Fieldbus profiles*

IEC 62453-1:2009, *Field Device Tool (FDT) interface specification – Part 1: Overview and guidance*

IEC 62453-2:2009, *Field Device Tool (FDT) interface specification – Part 2: Concepts and detailed description*

#### 3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviated terms and conventions

##### 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62453-1 and IEC 62453-2 and the following apply.

---

<sup>1</sup> HART ® is the trade name of the product supplied by HART Communication Foundation. This information is given for convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the product named. Equivalent products may be used if they can be shown to lead to the same results.