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Information technology - JPEG 2000 image coding system - Part 1: Core coding system

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Where IT all begins

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Part 1: Core coding system

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ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by ITU-T as ITU-T T.800 (06/2019) and drafted in accordance with its editorial rules. It was assigned to Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 29, *Coding of audio, picture, multimedia and hypermedia information*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 15444-1:2016), which has been technically revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 15444 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Information technology – JPEG 2000 image coding system: Core coding system

Summary

This Recommendation | International Standard defines a set of lossless (bit-preserving) and lossy compression methods for coding bi-level, continuous-tone grey-scale, palletized colour, or continuous-tone colour digital still images.

This Recommendation | International Standard:

- specifies decoding processes for converting compressed image data to reconstructed image data;
- specifies a codestream syntax containing information for interpreting the compressed image data;
- specifies a file format;
- provides guidance on encoding processes for converting source image data to compressed image data;
- provides guidance on how to implement these processes in practice.

This edition includes the following changes relative to the previous edition:

- addition of Profile marker segment;
- addition of Extended capabilities marker segment;
- addition of Table A.55 to indicate valid Profile number values;
- clarification of Table A.13 and Table A.19, making it explicit that some MSBs are reserved for future use;
- updating of Table A.10 to indicate that the Profile marker segment is used to indicate the Profile to which the codestream conforms.

NOTE – As this specification was first published as common text only after ISO/IEC JTC1 had approved the first edition in 2000, edition numbers in the ITU and ISO/IEC versions are offset by one. This is the third edition of ITU-T T.800 and the fourth edition of ISO/IEC 15444-1.

History

Edition	Recommendation	Approval	Study Group	Unique ID*
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1.3	ITU-T T.800 (2002) Cor. 2	2007-08-29	16	11.1002/1000/9231
1.4	ITU-T T.800 (2002) Amd. 2	2009-03-16	16	11.1002/1000/9719
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1.7	ITU-T T.800 (2002) Amd. 5	2012-01-13	16	11.1002/1000/11469
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1.10	ITU-T T.800 (2002) Cor.4	2014-10-14	16	11.1002/1000/12302
1.11	ITU-T T.800 (2002) Amd. 7	2014-10-14	16	11.1002/1000/12300
2.0	ITU-T T.800	2015-11-29	16	11.1002/1000/12682
3.0	ITU-T T.800 (V3)	2019-06-13	16	11.1002/1000/13911

* To access the Recommendation, type the URL http://handle.itu.int/ in the address field of your web browser, followed by the Recommendation's unique ID. For example, http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/11830-en.

FOREWORD

The International Telecommunication Union (ITU) is the United Nations specialized agency in the field of telecommunications, information and communication technologies (ICTs). The ITU Telecommunication Standardization Sector (ITU-T) is a permanent organ of ITU. ITU-T is responsible for studying technical, operating and tariff questions and issuing Recommendations on them with a view to standardizing telecommunications on a worldwide basis.

The World Telecommunication Standardization Assembly (WTSA), which meets every four years, establishes the topics for study by the ITU-T study groups which, in turn, produce Recommendations on these topics.

The approval of ITU-T Recommendations is covered by the procedure laid down in WTSA Resolution 1.

In some areas of information technology which fall within ITU-T's purview, the necessary standards are prepared on a collaborative basis with ISO and IEC.

NOTE

In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

Compliance with this Recommendation is voluntary. However, the Recommendation may contain certain mandatory provisions (to ensure, e.g., interoperability or applicability) and compliance with the Recommendation is achieved when all of these mandatory provisions are met. The words "shall" or some other obligatory language such as "must" and the negative equivalents are used to express requirements. The use of such words does not suggest that compliance with the Recommendation is required of any party.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

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As of the date of approval of this Recommendation, ITU had received notice of intellectual property, protected by patents, which may be required to implement this Recommendation. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information and are therefore strongly urged to consult the TSB patent database at http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/ipr/.

Information technology – JPEG 2000 image coding system: Core coding system

1 Scope

This Recommendation | International Standard defines a set of lossless (bit-preserving) and lossy compression methods for coding bi-level, continuous-tone grey-scale, palletized colour, or continuous-tone colour digital still images.

This Recommendation | International Standard:

- specifies decoding processes for converting compressed image data to reconstructed image data;
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2 References

The following Recommendations and International Standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and Standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and Standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The Telecommunication Standardization Bureau of the ITU maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T Recommendations.

2.1 Identical Recommendations | International Standards

- Recommendation ITU-T T.81 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10918-1:1994, *Information technology – Digital compression and coding of continuous-tone still images: Requirements and guidelines*.
- Recommendation ITU-T T.84 (1996) | ISO/IEC 10918-3:1997, *Information technology – Digital compression and coding of continuous-tone still images: Extensions*.
- Recommendation ITU-T T.84 (1996)/Amd.1 (1999) | ISO/IEC 10918-3:1997/Amd.1:1999, *Information technology – Digital compression and coding of continuous-tone still images: Extensions – Amendment 1: Provisions to allow registration of new compression types and versions in the SPIFF header*.
- Recommendation ITU-T T.86 (1998) | ISO/IEC 10918-4:1999, *Information technology – Digital compression and coding of continuous-tone still images: Registration of JPEG Profiles, SPIFF Profiles, SPIFF Tags, SPIFF colour Spaces, APPn Markers, SPIFF Compression types and Registration Authorities (REGAUT)*.
- Recommendation ITU-T T.87 (1998) | ISO/IEC 14495-1:2000, *Lossless and near-lossless compression of continuous-tone still images – Baseline*.
- Recommendation ITU-T T.88 (2000) | ISO/IEC 14492:2001, *Information technology – Lossy/lossless coding of bi-level images*.
- Recommendation ITU-T T.810 (2006) | ISO/IEC 15444-11:2007, *Information technology – JPEG 2000 image coding system: Wireless*.
- ISO/IEC 646:1991, *Information technology – ISO 7-bit coded character set for information interchange*.
- ISO 8859-15:1999, *Information technology – 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets – Part 15: Latin alphabet No. 9*.

2.2 Additional references

- Recommendation ITU-R BT.601-6 (2007), *Studio encoding parameters of digital television for standard 4:3 and wide screen 16:9 aspect ratios*.