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INCITS/ISO/IEC 18033-4:2011[2012]

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*Information technology - Security techniques -
Encryption algorithms - Part 4: Stream ciphers*

Developed by



Where IT all begins



INCITS/ISO/IEC 18033-4:2011[2012]

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Part 4: Stream ciphers

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

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This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 18033-4:2005), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO/IEC 18033-4:2005/Amd.1:2009.

ISO/IEC 18033 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Security techniques — Encryption algorithms*:

- *Part 1: General*
- *Part 2: Asymmetric ciphers*
- *Part 3: Block ciphers*
- *Part 4: Stream ciphers*

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Introduction

This part of ISO/IEC 18033 includes stream cipher algorithms. A stream cipher is an encryption mechanism that uses a keystream to encrypt a plaintext in a bitwise or a block-wise manner. There are two types of stream ciphers: a synchronous stream cipher, in which the keystream is generated from only the secret key (and an initialization vector) and a self-synchronizing stream cipher, in which the keystream is generated from the secret key and some past ciphertexts (and an initialization vector). This part of ISO/IEC 18033 describes both pseudorandom number generators for producing keystream and output functions to combine a keystream with plaintext.

This part of ISO/IEC 18033 includes two output functions:

- Binary-additive output function; and
- MULTI-S01 output function.

This part of ISO/IEC 18033 includes five dedicated keystream generators:

- MUGI keystream generator;
- SNOW 2.0 keystream generator;
- Rabbit keystream generator;
- Decim^{v2} keystream generator; and
- KCipher-2 (K2) keystream generator.