

INCITS/ISO/IEC 19794-6:2011 [2013]
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American National Standard

*Information technology — Biometric data
interchange formats — Part 6: Iris image data*

Developed by



Where IT all begins



INCITS/ISO/IEC 19794-6:2011 [2013]

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Information technology — Biometric data interchange formats —

Part 6: Iris image data

*Technologies de l'information — Formats d'échange de données
biométriques —*

Partie 6: Données d'image de l'iris

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 19794-6 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 37, *Biometrics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 19794-6:2005), which has been technically revised.

ISO/IEC 19794 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Biometric data interchange formats*:

- *Part 1: Framework*
- *Part 2: Finger minutiae data*
- *Part 3: Finger pattern spectral data*
- *Part 4: Finger image data*
- *Part 5: Face image data*
- *Part 6: Iris image data*
- *Part 7: Signature/sign time series data*
- *Part 8: Finger pattern skeletal data*
- *Part 9: Vascular image data*
- *Part 10: Hand geometry silhouette data*
- *Part 11: Signature/sign processed dynamic data*
- *Part 13: Voice data*
- *Part 14: DNA data*

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Introduction

The purpose of this part of ISO/IEC 19794 is to define a standard for exchange of iris image information. This part of ISO/IEC 19794 contains a specific definition of attributes, a data record format for storing and transmitting the iris image and certain attributes, and conformance criteria.

Currently, exchange of iris information between equipment from different vendors can be done using images of the eye. While some applications can successfully operate with full size uncompressed rectilinear images, there are others for which this is expensive with respect to storage and bandwidth. To provide interoperability among vendors, this part of ISO/IEC 19794 also defines compact representations of the human iris.

This part of ISO/IEC 19794 revises ISO/IEC 19794-6:2005 for interoperable iris data formats. The revision has focused mainly on three sets of issues: (1) compact image data formats; (2) acceptable compression targets and algorithms; and (3) specification of data to be included in records and record headers in coordination with harmonization efforts across all the parts of ISO/IEC 19794, replacing the former header structures.

Before this revision, the standard iris image format was a 307 kB image array (640 x 480), with optional JPEG compression (ISO/IEC 10918), but the recommended maximum compression factor was set arbitrarily at 6:1 (ISO/IEC 19794-6:2005, A.1.6). Meanwhile, academic papers appeared [5] showing that the 307 kB image size could be reduced by about a factor of 150:1, to around 2 kB, with minimal impairment, provided that JPEG2000 (ISO/IEC 15444) was the compression algorithm used, not JPEG (ISO/IEC 10918), and also that cropping and region-of-interest masking was used. Small payload storage devices (e.g. ISO/IEC 7816 smartcard), and limited bandwidth transmission protocols, mandated that iris *images* be reduced to a few kB. ISO/IEC 19794-6:2005 had attempted to provide for this by polar sampling of iris pixels, but vulnerabilities and defects in polar methods were pointed out and so in January 2008, WG3 voted to remove the old polar formats. NIST offered to undertake an extensive, independent, empirical investigation of various proposals and compressibility claims, producing in late 2009 the *Interoperable Iris Exchange ("IREX-1")* Report [8]. The new image data formats in this part of ISO/IEC 19794 are based empirically on the IREX-1 conclusions. In addition to the two new compact formats, iris images are also amenable to lossless compression. The lossless PNG standard, ISO/IEC 15948, may be applied to preserve completely the iris texture while affording iris image sizes in the range of 20 kB to 70 kB, well below those achievable for uncompressed images.

In addition, Annex A, when published as Amendment 1 of this part of ISO/IEC 19794, will include normative assertions for testing conformance of iris image records. Annex B of this part of ISO/IEC 19794 gives recommendations on iris image capture.

While the data structure advanced here is syntactically incompatible with the previous version, software implementations can differentiate the records by inspecting the version number in the second four bytes of the record.