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International Standard



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION•МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ•ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Railway rolling stock material — Part 8: Solid wheels for tractive and trailing stock -Dimensional and balancing requirements

Matériel roulant de chemin de fer — Partie 8 : Roues monoblocs pour matériel moteur et matériel remorqué — Prescriptions dimensionnelles et d'équilibrage

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

International Standard ISO 1005/8 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, Steel.

Users should note that all International Standards undergo revision from time to time and that any reference made herein to any other International Standard implies its latest edition, unless otherwise stated.

Railway rolling stock material — Part 8: Solid wheels for tractive and trailing stock — Dimensional and balancing requirements

1 Scope and field of application

1.1 This part of ISO 1005 specifies

- a) the dimensional requirements 1) shown in table 3 and table 4 (see also 5.1);
- b) the surface roughness (see 5.2); and
- c) the residual unbalance (see 5.3)

of forged, rolled or cast solid wheels with curved or straight webs in various degrees of finish.

NOTE — The compilation of an International Standard for material, testing and dimensional requirements of wheelset components and assembled wheelsets is difficult because of the different ways in which railways have developed, in both the commercial and the operating sense, in various parts of the world. These different forms of development are characterized, for example, by railway systems in which freight services are integrated with intensive and perhaps high-speed passenger services and by systems largely dedicated to the haulage of freight. The infrastructures of these two systems are normally different and this and commercial policy can determine the practice adopted in wheelset design in terms of both materials and physical characteristics.

The relevant parts of ISO 1005 acknowledge, or will in a future revision acknowledge, these differences by providing in the relevant clauses two categories of material and related quality testing requirements designated as testing categories A and B and two tolerance categories for dimensional requirements designated as Y and Z.

Category A corresponds to the material and quality testing requirements given in the present editions of ISO 1005/3 and ISO 1005/6. Category B will be considered in the revisions of ISO 1005/3 and 1005/6.

The most obvious difference between these categories A and B is that the mechanical properties are specified

- in the case of category A on the basis of tensile and impact tests;
- in the case of category B on the basis of hardness tests.

The differences between the values of the tolerance categories \boldsymbol{Y} and \boldsymbol{Z} are given

- for solid wheels in this part of ISO 1005 (see especially table 4);
- for wheelsets in ISO 1005/7.

Until now, within ISO/TC 17/SC 13, it was impossible to clarify in detail the conditions under which the one or the other testing and tolerance category is preferable. As a general guide, it shall, however, be noted

- that the combination of testing category A with tolerance category Y is principally applied on railway systems where frequent or high-speed passenger operation is predominant or where freight and passenger services are intensively integrated;
- that the combination of testing category B and tolerance category Z is principally applied on railway systems where freight operation is predominant and where freight and passenger services are less integrated;
- that the final combination of the categories shall be left to the discretion of the purchaser.
- **1.2** The quality requirements for solid wheels are given in ISO 1005/6.
- **1.3** In addition to the requirements of this part of ISO 1005, the general technical delivery requirements of ISO 404 apply.

2 References

ISO 404, Steel and steel products — General technical delivery requirements.

ISO 468, Surface roughness — Parameters, their values and general rules for specifying requirements.

ISO 1005, Railway rolling stock material

- Part 6: Solid wheels for tractive and trailing stock —
 Quality requirements.
- Part 7: Wheelsets for tractive and trailing stock —
 Quality requirements.
- ISO 1101, Technical drawings Geometrical tolerancing Tolerancing of form, orientation, location and run-out Generalities, definitions, symbols, indications on drawings.

3 Information to be supplied by the purchaser

The purchaser shall, as partly indicated in ISO 1005/6, supply the following information regarding dimensional, roughness and unbalance requirements in his enquiry and order:

¹⁾ The term "dimensional requirements" covers machining allowances, dimensional tolerances and tolerances of form and position.