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Optics and photonics — Guidance for the selection of environmental tests

Optiques et photonique — Directives relatives au choix des essais environnementaux



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 172, *Optics and photonics*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Fundamental standards*.

This document cancels and replaces ISO 10109-1:2005, ISO 10109-6:2005, ISO 10109-7:2001, ISO 10109-8:2005, ISO 10109-11:2001 and ISO 10109-12:2004 which have been technically revised and consolidated into the present standard.

Introduction

Optical and photonic instruments including additional assemblies from other fields (e.g. mechanical, chemical and electronic devices) are affected during their use by a number of different environmental and handling parameters which they are required to resist without significant reduction in performance and to remain within defined specifications. This is what the manufacturer attempts to ensure and the user expects to receive.

This expectation can be assessed by exposure of the instrument to a range of simulated environmental parameters under controlled laboratory conditions. The cumulative combination, degree of severity and sequence of these conditions can be selected to obtain meaningful results in a relatively short period of time.

Technical requirements as given in the tables of this International Standard are abbreviated and the reader has to consult the referenced standards (i.e. the relevant ISO 9022 part) for the full specification of the technical requirement.

For the purposes of ISO 10109, nominal values for properties or performance characteristics are understood to be the manufacturer's internal technical data and do not directly reflect manufacturer's product specifications.