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Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Acceptance and reverification tests for coordinate measuring systems (CMS) —

Part 12: Articulated arm coordinate measurement machines (CMM)

*Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) — Essais de
réception et de vérification périodique des systèmes de mesure
tridimensionnels (SMT) —*

*Partie 12: Machines à mesurer tridimensionnelles à bras articulés
(MMT)*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 213, *Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification*.

ISO 10360 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Geometrical Product specifications (GPS) — Acceptance and reverification tests for coordinate measuring systems (CMS)*:

- *Part 1: Vocabulary*
- *Part 2: CMMs used for measuring linear dimensions*
- *Part 3: CMMs with the axis of a rotary table as the fourth axis*
- *Part 4: CMMs used in scanning measuring mode*
- *Part 5: CMMs using single and multiple stylus contacting probing system*
- *Part 6: Estimation of errors in computing of Gaussian associated features*
- *Part 7: CMMs equipped with imaging probing systems*
- *Part 8: CMMs with optical distance sensors*
- *Part 9: CMMs with multiple probing systems*
- *Part 10: Laser trackers for measuring point-to-point distances*
- *Part 12: Articulated arm coordinate measuring machines (CMM)*

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Introduction

This part of ISO 10360 is a general GPS standard (see ISO 14638). For more detailed information about the relation of this part of ISO 10360 to other standards and the GPS matrix model, see [Annex I](#).

This part of ISO 10360 is included in the ISO/GPS Masterplan given in ISO 14638, which gives an overview of the ISO/GPS system. The fundamental rules of ISO/GPS given in ISO 8015 apply to this part of ISO 10360 and the default decision rules given in ISO 14253-1 apply to specifications made in accordance with this part of ISO 10360, unless otherwise indicated.

The objective of this part of ISO 10360 is to provide a well-defined testing procedure to

- enable manufacturers of articulated arm CMMs to provide specification MPEs, and
- enable users to test articulated arm CMMs to manufacturer specifications using calibrated traceable reference artefacts.

The benefits of these tests are that the measured result has a direct traceability to the unit length, the metre, and that they give information on how the articulated arm CMM will perform on similar length measurements.