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Safety requirements for industrial laundry machinery —

Part 6: Ironing and fusing presses

*Exigences de sécurité pour les machines de blanchisserie industrielle —
Partie 6: Presses à repasser et à thermocoller*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 10472-6 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 72, *Textile machinery and machinery for dry-cleaning and industrial laundering*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Industrial laundry and dry-cleaning machinery*.

ISO 10472 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Safety requirements for industrial laundry machinery*:

- *Part 1: Common requirements*
- *Part 2: Washing machines and washer-extractors*
- *Part 3: Washing tunnel lines including component machines*
- *Part 4: Air dryers*
- *Part 5: Flatwork ironers, feeders and folders*
- *Part 6: Ironing and fusing presses*

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Introduction

This part of ISO 10472 is intended to instruct the designer of industrial laundry machinery in a systematic manner, focusing on his particular type of machine, regarding the relevant essential safety requirements, and to suggest possible state-of-the-art safety solutions.

The extent to which hazards are covered is indicated in the scope of this part of ISO 10472. In addition, machinery should comply as appropriate with ISO/TR 12100-1 and ISO/TR 12100-2 for hazards which are not specifically referred to in this part of ISO 10472.

All examples given in this part of ISO 10472 represent the state of the art. Equivalent solutions are acceptable, provided they attain at least the same safety level.

The designer is presumed to have taken into account all the provisions of ISO 10472-1 before considering this part of ISO 10472.