First edition 2001-03-01

Test conditions for machining centres —

Part 2:

Geometric tests for machines with vertical spindle or universal heads with vertical primary rotary axis (vertical Z-axis)

Conditions d'essai des centres d'usinage ----

Partie 2: Essais géométriques des machines à broche verticale ou à têtes universelles à axe principal de rotation vertical (axe Z vertical)



Reference number ISO 10791-2:2001(E)

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

© ISO 2001

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.ch Web www.iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

Contents

Forewo	ord	.iv
Introduction		v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3 3.1 3.2	Preliminary remarks Measuring units Reference to ISO 230-1	2 2
3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	Testing sequence Tests to be performed Measuring instruments Diagrams	2 2
3.7 3.8	Pallets Software compensation	2 3
3.9 3.10 3.11	Machine configurations Designation Minimum tolerance	3
4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5	Geometric tests Straightness of linear motions Angular deviations of linear motions Squareness between linear motions Spindle Table or pallet	6 9 12 15
4.6	Supplementary axis (W-axis) parallel to the Z-axis A (normative) Optional horizontal spindles	24
Annex	B (normative) Rotary heads	32
	C (normative) Swivel heads raphy	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 10791 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 10791-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 39, *Machine tools*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Test conditions for metal cutting machine tools*.

ISO 10791 consists of the following parts, under the general title Test conditions for machining centres:

- Part 1: Geometric tests for machines with horizontal spindle and with accessory heads (horizontal Z-axis)
- Part 2: Geometric tests for machines with vertical spindle or universal heads with vertical primary rotary axis (vertical Z-axis)
- Part 3: Geometric tests for machines with integral indexable or continuous universal heads (vertical Z-axis)
- Part 4: Accuracy and repeatability of positioning of linear and rotary axes
- Part 5: Accuracy and repeatability of positioning of work-holding pallets
- Part 6: Accuracy of feeds, speeds and interpolations
- Part 7: Accuracy of a finished test piece
- Part 8: Evaluation of the contouring performance in the three coordinate planes
- Part 9: Evaluation of the operating times of tool change and pallet change
- Part 10: Evaluation of the thermal distortions
- Part 11: Evaluation of the noise emission

Annexes A, B and C form a normative part of this part of ISO 10791.

Introduction

A machining centre is a numerically controlled machine tool capable of performing multiple machining operations, including milling, boring, drilling and tapping, as well as automatic tool changing from a magazine or similar storage unit in accordance with a machining programme.

The purpose of ISO 10791 is to supply information as wide and comprehensive as possible on tests and checks which can be carried out for comparison, acceptance, maintenance or any other purpose.

ISO 10791 specifies, by reference to the relevant parts of ISO 230, *Test code for machine tools*, several families of tests for machining centres with horizontal or vertical spindle or with universal heads of different types, standing alone or integrated in flexible manufacturing systems. ISO 10791 also establishes the tolerances or maximum acceptable values for the test results corresponding to general purpose and normal accuracy machining centres.

ISO 10791 is also applicable, totally or partially, to numerically controlled milling and boring machines, when their configuration, components and movements are compatible with the tests described herein.