First edition 2005-07-01

Biological evaluation of medical devices —

Part 18:

Chemical characterization of materials

Évaluation biologique des dispositifs médicaux — Partie 18: Caractérisation chimique des matériaux



ISO 10993-18:2005(E)

This is a preview of "ISO 10993-18:2005". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

© ISO 2005

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Cont	r ents	ge
Forewo	ord	iv
Introduction		vi
1	Scope	. 1
2	Normative references	. 1
3	Terms and definitions	. 2
4	Symbols and abbreviated terms	. 3
5	General principles	. 3
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 7 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5	Characterization procedure General Step 1 — Qualitative information Step 2 — Material equivalence Step 3 — Quantitative information Step 4 — Quantitative risk assessment Step 5 — Estimated clinical exposure to chemicals present Chemical characterization parameters and methods General Polymers Metals and alloys Ceramics Natural macromolecules	.4.5.5.5.6.6.7.8
8	Reporting of data obtained	
Annex	A (normative) Flowchart summarizing the stepwise generation of chemical characterization data for use in toxicological risk assessment	
Annex	B (informative) Information sources for chemical characterization	13
Annex	C (informative) Principles for judging toxicological equivalency	16
Bibliog	graphy	17

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10993-18 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 194, Biological evaluation of medical devices.

ISO 10993 consists of the following parts, under the general title Biological evaluation of medical devices:

- Part 1: Evaluation and testing
- Part 2: Animal welfare requirements
- Part 3: Tests for genotoxicity, carcinogenicity and reproductive toxicity
- Part 4: Selection of tests for interactions with blood
- Part 5: Tests for in vitro cytotoxicity
- Part 6: Tests for local effects after implantation
- Part 7: Ethylene oxide sterilization residuals
- Part 9: Framework for identification and quantification of potential degradation products
- Part 10: Tests for irritation and delayed-type hypersensitivity
- Part 11: Tests for systemic toxicity
- Part 12: Sample preparation and reference materials
- Part 13: Identification and quantification of degradation products from polymeric medical devices
- Part 14: Identification and quantification of degradation products from ceramics
- Part 15: Identification and quantification of degradation products from metals and alloys
- Part 16: Toxicokinetic study design for degradation products and leachables
- Part 17: Establishment of allowable limits for leachable substances

— Part 18: Chemical characterization of materials

The following parts are under preparation:

- Part 19: Physico-chemical, mechanical and morphological characterization
- Part 20: Principles and methods for immunotoxicology testing of medical devices

Future parts will deal with other relevant aspects of biological testing.

For the purposes of this part of ISO 10993, the CEN annex regarding fulfilment of European Council Directives has been removed.

Introduction

ISO 10993-1 provides a framework for a structured programme of assessment for the evaluation of biological safety. Clause 3 of ISO 10993-1:2003 states that in the selection of materials to be used for device manufacture the first consideration should be fitness for purpose. This should have regard to the characteristics and properties of the material, which include chemical, toxicological, physical, electrical, morphological and mechanical properties. This information is necessary prior to any biological evaluation. Subclause 7.2 of ISO 10993-1:2003 notes that the continuing acceptability of a biological evaluation is an aspect of a quality management system.

Also ISO 14971 points out that a toxicological risk analysis should take account of the chemical nature of the materials.

The requirements specified in this document are intended to yield the following information, which will be of value in predicting the biological response of the materials:

- The chemical composition of the materials used in the manufacturing process including processing additives and residues e.g. trace chemicals, cleaning, disinfection and testing agents, acids and caustic substances.
- The characterization of materials to be used in the production of medical devices, as well as in devices in their final form.
- Identification of the materials of construction of the medical device.
- The potential of medical device materials to release substances or breakdown products due to the manufacturing process.
- Changes in the materials of construction, which result from changes in the manufacturing process or insufficient control of the manufacturing process.

The compositional characteristics of the materials of manufacture are mainly under the control of the suppliers of these materials. However other characteristics are chiefly influenced by the requirements to be met by the finished medical device as well as the processes used by the medical device manufacturer.