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Acoustics — Noise emitted by machinery and equipment — Determination of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions in an essentially free field over a reflecting plane with negligible environmental corrections

Acoustique — Bruit émis par les machines et équipements — Détermination des niveaux de pression acoustique d'émission au poste de travail et en d'autres positions spécifiées dans des conditions approchant celles du champ libre sur plan réfléchissant avec des corrections



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# Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 11201 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43, Acoustics, Subcommittee SC 1, Noise.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 11201:1995), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 11201:1995/Cor.1:1997.

## Introduction

This International Standard specifies a method for determining the emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other well defined positions, in the vicinity of a machine or piece of equipment, in an essentially free field over a reflecting plane. It is one of a series (ISO 11200<sup>[15]</sup> to ISO 11205<sup>[19]</sup>) which specifies various methods for determining the emission sound pressure level at a work station and at other specified positions of a machine or equipment. ISO 11200<sup>[15]</sup> gives guidance on the choice of the method to be used to determine the emission sound pressure levels of machinery and equipment.

The method specified in this International Standard differs from those in other International Standards in the ISO 11200<sup>[15]</sup> to ISO 11205<sup>[19]</sup> series in not applying any environmental correction. Requirements to be fulfilled by the environment are specified for accuracy grade 1 (precision) and grade 2 (engineering) measurements indoors and outdoors.

Precision measurements with accuracy grade 1 can generally be carried out in hemi-anechoic test rooms or outdoors provided that requirements on environmental conditions are met. With the specifications defined in the following it should be possible in some cases to provide such conditions in industrial ambience on larger plane areas outdoors free from reflecting objects.

ISO 11201:1995 provided results of accuracy grade 2 only. This edition of this International Standard provides a method of accuracy grade 2 that is essentially identical to that given in ISO 11201:1995. It also provides a more precise method of accuracy grade 1. Users and drafters of noise test codes referring to this International Standard should indicate clearly which method (accuracy grade 1 or accuracy grade 2) is used.

In general, the emission sound pressure levels are less than or equal to those that occur when the machinery or equipment is operating in its normal surroundings. This is because the sound pressure levels are determined by excluding the effects of background noise, as well as the effects of reflections other than those from the reflecting plane on which the machine under test is placed. For determination or calculation of the sound pressure level at the operator's position with the machine operating in a room, both sound power level and sound pressure level are required (as well as information on the room properties or reflections and noise from other sound sources or machines). A method of calculating the sound pressure levels in the vicinity of a machine operating alone in a workroom is given in ISO/TR 11690-3<sup>[20]</sup>. Commonly observed differences are 1 dB to 5 dB, but in extreme cases the difference may be even greater.