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Tractors, machinery for agriculture and forestry, powered lawn and garden equipment — Safety signs and hazard pictorials — General principles

Tracteurs et matériels agricoles et forestiers, matériels à moteur pour jardins et pelouses— Signaux de sécurité et de danger — Principes généraux

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Foreword

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Tractors, machinery for agriculture and forestry, powered lawn and garden equipment — Safety signs and hazard pictorials — General principles

1 Scope

This International Standard establishes general principles for the design and application of safety signs and hazard pictorials permanently affixed to tractors, machinery for agriculture and forestry, and powered lawn and garden equipment as defined in ISO 3339–0 and ISO 5395. This International Standard outlines safety sign objectives, describes the basic safety sign formats and colours, and provides guidance on developing the various panels that together constitute a safety sign.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 3339–0:1986, Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry — Part 0: Classification system and classification

ISO 5395:1990, Power lawn-mowers, lawn tractors, lawn and garden tractors, professional mowers, and lawn and garden tractors with mowing attachments — Definitions, safety requirements, and test procedures

3 Risk reduction through design

- **3.1** Safety should be integrated into machine design, manufacture, operation, instruction, and supervision. Risks should be reduced or eliminated so far as possible without unreasonable impairment of product function by
- eliminating or reducing hazards by suitable choice of design features and construction materials;
- limiting exposure of persons to hazards by reducing the need for operator intervention in hazardous areas;
- providing guards or other safety devices to protect persons from the hazards which cannot reasonably be eliminated or sufficiently limited by design.
- **3.2** Even when appropriate design features and safety devices are incorporated into machinery, some residual risks may remain. Safety signs warn operators or other exposed persons about such residual risks.