Second edition 2020-10

Acoustics — Recommended practice for the design of low-noise workplaces containing machinery —

Part 1: **Noise control strategies**

Acoustique — Pratique recommandée pour la conception de lieux de travail à bruit réduit contenant des machines —

Partie 1: Stratégies de maîtrise du bruit



ISO 11690-1:2020(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43, *Acoustics*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Noise*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 211, *Acoustics*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 11690-1:1996), of which it constitutes a minor revision. The changes compared to the previous edition are editorial.

A list of all parts in the ISO 11690 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Several standards specify methods for measurement and/or evaluation of noise. The final objective of the ISO 11690 series is noise reduction.

A number of noise control measures are offered. However, in order to be effective, the most appropriate noise control measure(s) should be chosen for a given situation.

It is important when non-acoustic engineers are involved in noise control practice for these engineers to have a basic knowledge of noise emission and propagation characteristics and to understand the basic principles of noise control.

To assist in the development of noise control in the workplace, it is essential that the information contained in these recommended practices is disseminated through International Standards.

In order to reduce noise as a hazard in the workplace, individual countries have produced national legislation. Generally, such national legislation requires noise control measures to be carried out in order to achieve the lowest reasonable levels of noise emission, noise immission and noise exposure, taking into account:

- known available measures;
- the state of the art regarding technical progress;
- the treatment of noise at source;
- appropriate planning, procurement and installation of machines and equipment.

This part of ISO 11690, together with the two other parts in the series, outlines procedures to be considered when dealing with noise control at workplaces, within workrooms and in the open. These recommended practices give in relatively simple terms the basic information necessary for all parties involved in noise control in workplaces and in the design of low-noise workplaces to promote the understanding of the desired noise control requirements.

The purpose of the ISO 11690 series is to bridge the gap between existing literature on noise control and the practical implementation of noise control measures. In principle, the series applies to all workplaces and its main function is:

- to provide simple, brief information on some aspects of noise control in workplaces;
- to act as a guide to help in the understanding of requirements in standards, directives, text books, manuals, reports and other specialized technical documents;
- to provide assistance in decision making when assessing the various measures available.

The ISO 11690 series should be useful to persons such as plant personnel, health and safety officers, engineers, managers, staff in planning and purchasing departments, architects and suppliers of plants, machines and equipment. However, the above-mentioned parties should keep in mind that adherence to the recommendations of the ISO 11690 series is not all that is necessary to create a safe workplace.

The effects of noise on health, well-being and human activity are many. By giving guidelines for noise control strategies and measures, the ISO 11690 series aims at a reduction of the impact of noise on human beings at workplaces. Assessment of the impact of noise on human beings is dealt with in other documents.