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Atmospheric icing of structures

Charges sur les structures dues à la glace



ISO 12494:2001(E)

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Contents		Page
Forev	word	iv
Introduction		v
1 1.1 1.2	ScopeGeneralApplication	1
2	Normative references	2
3	Terms and definitions	2
4	Symbols	3
5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	Effects of icing	4 4 4
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Fundamentals of atmospheric icing	6 9
7 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5 7.6	Icing on structures General Ice classes Definition of ice class, IC Glaze Rime Rime on lattice structures	10 11 11 11
8 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4	Wind actions on iced structures General Single members Angle of incidence Lattice structures	19 20 27
9 9.1 9.2	Combination of ice loads and wind actions	29
10	Unbalanced ice load on guys	30
11	Falling ice considerations	31
Anne	ex A (informative) Equations used in this International Standard	32
Anne	ex B (informative) Standard measurements for ice actions	35
Anne	ex C (informative) Theoretical modelling of icing	39
Anne	ex D (informative) Climatic estimation of ice classes based on weather data	48
Anne	ex E (informative) Hints on using this International Standard	51
Biblio	ography	55

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 12494 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 98, Bases for design of structures, Subcommittee SC 3, Loads, forces and other actions.

Annexes A to E of this International Standard are for information only.

Introduction

This International Standard describes ice actions and can be used in the design of certain types of structures.

It should be used in conjunction with ISO 2394, and also in conjunction with relevant CEN standards.

This International Standard differs in some aspects from other International Standards, because the topic is poorly known and available information is inadequate. Therefore, it contains more explanations than usual, as well as supplementary descriptions and recommendations in the annexes.

Designers might find that they have better information on some specific topics than those available from this International Standard. This may be true, especially in the future. They should, however, be very careful not to use only parts of this International Standard partly, but only as a whole.

The main purpose of this International Standard is to encourage designers to think about the possibility of ice accretions on a structure and to act thereafter.

As more information about the nature of atmospheric icing becomes available during the coming years, the need for updating this International Standard is expected to be more urgent than usual.

Guidance is given as a NOTE, after the text for which it is a supplement. It is distinguished from the text by being in smaller typeface. This guidance includes some information and values which might be useful during practical design work, and which represents results that are not certain enough for this International Standard, but may be useful in many cases until better information becomes available in the future.

Designers are therefore welcome to use information from the guidance notes, but they should be aware of the intention of the use and also forthcoming results of new investigations and/or measurements.

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