

First edition 2007-06-01

Filters for compressed air — Test methods —

Part 1: Oil aerosols

Filtres pour air comprimé — Méthodes d'essai —

Partie 1: Aérosols d'huile



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Foreword

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The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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ISO 12500-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 118, Compressors and pneumatic tools, machines and equipment, Subcommittee SC 4, Quality of compressed air.

ISO 12500 consists of the following parts, under the general title Filters for compressed air — Test methods:

- Part 1: Oil aerosols
- Part 2: Oil vapours
- Part 3: Particulates

Introduction

Oil aerosols are a typical contaminant found in compressed air streams. Coalescing filters are designed to remove oil aerosols from compressed air.

The most important performance characteristics are the ability of the filter to remove oil aerosols from the air stream and the amount of pressure drop caused by the filter as compressed air flows through it when the filter element is saturated with oil. This part of ISO 12500 provides a means of comparing the performance of filters.

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